

ARMY



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The War Program

COAST GUARD AVIATION

It was in 1926 that Coast Guard Aviation made its real start, although small beginnings were made as early as 1915. Congress, in 1926, appropriated an initial sum of \$152,000. One air station was definitely established at Gloucester, Mass., as was another one at Cape May, N. J., and five small planes were purchased.

Later, between 1932 and the outbreak of the World War II nine of the air stations, authorized by legislation passed in 1915, were built and put in operation at Biloxi, Miss.; Brooklyn, N. Y.; Elizabeth City, N. C.; Miami, Fla.; Port Angeles, Wash.; St. Petersburg, Fla.; Salem, Mass.; San Diego, Calif., and San Francisco, Calif.

The original five planes of 1926 were increased to fifty by 1941, each especially adapted to Coast Guard needs.

There were ninety-two pilots in 1941 who were all graduates of the Naval Air Station at Pensacola.

On 1 Nov. 1941 the Coast Guard was moved from under the Treasury to the War Department. This shift and the outbreak of war on 7 Dec. 1941 placed entirely new demands upon the Coast Guard aviation. No longer were the inspection of aids to navigation, the routine police patrol operations and the flying ambulance and rescue flights the first concern. The Coast Guard as a whole had to shift from its former role of a maritime policeman mainly concerned with the preservation of life and property upon the seas to that of an active participant with the Navy in the struggle against the Axis powers. It made this shift smoothly and efficiently. Its larger cutters now help escort convoys directly to the shores of our allies while the smaller ones are engaged in coast wise convoy operations and anti-submarine patrol. A number of patrol transports and auxiliaries are completely Coast Guard manned and, often, the landing barges will have a Coast Guardman at the tiller.

The mission of the Coast Guard Aviation is likewise to assist the Navy in every possible way in the coverage of convoys and antisubmarine patrols.

Perhaps the best evidence of the adaptability of Coast Guard Aviation to the war effort would be an analysis of its recent activities. In the period between the start of hostilities on 7 Dec. 1941 and 30 June 1942, Coast Guard aviators flew 23,442 hours during which time 17,842,231 square miles were searched and patrolled while 12,367,357 miles were cruised. The normal routine of these patrols is exacting and tiring. In this same period there were 1,652 patrol flights during which 63,233 surface vessels and 12,951 planes were identified. When these figures are compared with a total strength of about 100 planes and 107 pilots, it is realized what a colossal job the Coast Guard has been doing.

In general it might be said that the Coast Guard's activities fall into three classifications—those of patrol, search and convoy coverage. Before the outbreak of war the main function of Coast Guard aviation was only that of patrol in the inland waters of safety at sea and law enforcement. (Please turn to Page 667)



Lieutenant General Jacob L. Devers, chief of Armored Force (left) and his party, photographed at Cairo. Other members of the party are, from left, Maj. Gen. Edward H. Brooks, commanding general of the 11th Armored Division, Camp Polk, La.; Brig. Gen. G. M. Barnes, Ordnance Department; Brig. Gen. Williston B. Palmer, Armored Force Artillery Officer; Col. W. T. Sexton, assistant secretary, War Department General Staff; and Lt. Col. Earle L. Hormell, of General Devers' personal staff.

Bachelor Rental Allowances

The Senate Naval Affairs Committee this week voted to report favorably on administration sponsored legislation designed to assure rental allowances to officers without dependents who are on field duty.

Technically the bill, proposed by the Navy Department, permits the Secretaries of the War and Navy Departments to determine what constitutes field duty for the purpose of paying rental allowances. Such allowances are now being paid, but under decisions of the Comptroller General it is clear that after 1 March 1943 he will not allow such payments to officers without dependents when they are serving with troops with or without the United States.

While the Senate committee voted to report the measure, Representative May, chairman of the House Military Affairs Committee, introduced it in that body (HR 1779) and it is likely that early action may be expected there. Although the letter requesting the legislation was from the Navy Department, the Speaker referred it to the Military Committee, as the senior committee having jurisdiction over joint-service legislation.

Under the bill, certification by the Secretary of War or Navy would be final as to the adequacy of the quarters furnished.

Take Out Insurance

Lt. Gen. Lesley J. McNair, Commanding General of Army Ground Forces, this week urged all military personnel to take out the maximum amount of National Service or United States Government Insurance they can afford, and ordered all organization commanders to stress to their men the advantages of insurance protection before going overseas.

Promotion of Army Officers

Two changes to the Army temporary promotion circular, No. 161 of 1942, have been issued by the War Department.

Paragraph 1d, section I, has been amended to read as follows:

1d. All recommendations for promotion of officers to grade of colonel from units and activities under the control of the Commanding General, Army Ground Forces, will be forwarded through headquarters, Army Ground Forces. All recommendations for promotion of Air Corps officers will be forwarded through the Commanding General, Army Air Forces. Recommendations for promotion of other officers may be forwarded direct to The Adjutant General by the authorities listed in e above.

Paragraph 5, section III, has been amended to read as follows:

5. Each recommendation for promotion to the grades of colonel and lieutenant colonel will be handled as separate communications as indicated in paragraph 9a(3), section I, Circular No. 161, War Department, 1942. Recommendations for promotion to all other grades may be handled, where appropriate, as groups by component as indicated in paragraph 9a(1) and (2), section I, Circular No. 161, War Department, 1942. In addition to the information required by paragraph 9b, section I, Circular No. 161, War Department, 1942, the following statement will be included in each basic recommendation for promotion to major, lieutenant colonel, and colonel and in the first forwarding indorsement only, both of which will be signed by the appropriate commander:

The relative rank of this officer has been considered, and to the best of my knowledge and belief he is the best fitted officer available in this command for the grade and position for which promotion is recommended.

The second and succeeding indorsements on recommendations for promotion to the grade of major, lieutenant colonel, and colonel will indicate the approval or disapproval of the commander concerned, with any additional reasons therefor, but may be signed by an appropriate staff officer.

President Nominates 64 General Officers

The President this week nominated Lt. Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower to the rank of full general and 63 other Army officers for promotion to various general officer grades in the Army of the United States.

General Eisenhower's nomination was confirmed immediately.

Two of the officers were named to be temporary lieutenant generals, 12 to be temporary major generals and 49 to be temporary brigadier generals.

Lt. Gen. Walter Krueger, nominated to be a temporary lieutenant general, is now a lieutenant general by virtue of his command of the Third Army. "His nomination is made so that he may be given another important command without loss of rank," the War Department stated.

Maj. Gen. Millard F. Harmon, (Col., AC), who is commanding Army units throughout the South Pacific Area, the other officer nominated to be a lieutenant general, was recommended for promotion by Admiral Halsey because of his outstanding military ability and the wholehearted support he has given in making the Army and Navy cooperative effort in that area outstandingly successful.

Brig. Gen. Harry H. Johnson, (Lt. Col., CAV, NGUS), nominated for the temporary grade of major general, is an outstanding National Guard officer from Texas, who has had long service in the Cavalry.

Brig. Gen. Idwal H. Edwards, (Lt. Col., AC), also nominated for major general, is the Assistant Chief of Staff for training in the War Department and has been responsible for the organization and training matters for the entire Army.

Brig. Gen. Nathan F. Twining, (Lt. Col., AC), nominated to be a temporary major general to command an Air Force in the South Pacific, was rescued from the sea near the Solomons last week.

Brig. Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, 3d, (Col. CE), nominated for major general, is Chief of the Protective Branch, Office of Civilian Defense, and is responsible for the Facilities Security Program of the OCD throughout the nation.

Brig. Gen. Alfred M. Gruenther, (Lt. Col., FA), nominated for major general, formerly Chief of Staff of the Third Army, is on overseas duty.

Further clarification of the overall command of Allied operations in the European and African theaters came 11 Feb., with Prime Minister Churchill's announcement that General Eisenhower has been named commander in chief of the Allied forces in Africa.

On 5 Feb. came an announcement, also from London, that Lt. Gen. Frank M. Andrews had been appointed as Commander of American forces in the European Theater. He was succeeded as commander of United States forces in the Middle East by Maj. Gen. Louis H. Brereton.

General Eisenhower becomes the fourth general now in service in the U. S. Army. The others are General of the Armies Pershing, Chief of Staff Marshall and General MacArthur. General Eisenhower holds the permanent rank of lieutenant colonel of Infantry.

Commenting on the selection of Gen. (Please turn to Back Page)

Press Takes Both Sides of Patterson-Jeffers Controversy on Rubber

THE current battle over rubber allocation between such authoritative protagonists as Rubber Administrator Jeffers and Under Secretary of War Patterson finds the press in considerable agreement with Mr. Jeffers in his fight to insure a supply of rubber for necessary civilian purposes, but points out that the emergency nature of the U. S. rubber supply has not noticeably been alleviated during the five month period in which Jeffers has been the nation's rubber "czar."

Says the Washington Post: "Mr. Jeffers was supplied with an illustration that the War Department is seeking to run the civilian economy on the very day that he made the charge. Speaking through Under Secretary Patterson the department came out with a recipe for handling Mr. Jeffers' own office as rubber director. . . . Aside from their officiousness, the proposals are interesting only as they show the utter impracticality of the War Department in dealing with civilian problems."

"It is regrettable," according to the New York Times, "that the representatives of the Army, the Navy and the rubber program should be forced to air their differences in public. The spectacle of the Under Secretary of War and the Rubber Director contradicting each other before a Congressional committee does not increase the confidence of the country in the management of the war. . . . We come back once more to the question of over-all war organization and the question of personnel, from which that of organization can never be separated. In spite of the criticisms that have been made, our war organization is still loose, over-complicated, over-manned, overlapping, uncertain and unintelligible."

"Mr. Patterson revealed just how extreme has been the position of the Army and Navy concerning civilian needs, and though he obviously did not intend it that way, he has landed us definitely on Mr. Jeffers' side. There apparently has been little appreciation on the part of the military of how serious a matter it would be to 'take

America off wheels'—little appreciation of the fact that there is a morale problem among the producers as well as among the fighters," according to the Portland Oregonian.

"These proposals (by Under Secretary Patterson) seem to be more of a threat than a promise," interprets the Philadelphia Bulletin. "They serve to emphasize, however, that the rubber crisis is real, and its solution still far away."

"A rough idea," says the St. Louis Globe Democrat, "of what the rubber conservation program for the home front would be like if the Army had its way was revealed in the testimony of Under Secretary of War Robert P. Patterson before a House committee. . . . This drastic program adds substance to Mr. Jeffers' blunt statements to the committee that 'the job of the Army and Navy is to fight and not to run business and direct the civilian economy.' The Army's proposals ignore entirely the disastrous effect they would have on civilian economy and upon war production."

The Norfolk, Va., Pilot, states: "It is fairly plain that Mr. Jeffers made a poor selection of words in his Baltimore speech, however well meant may have been his criticism."

Under the head "Jeffers Gets Rough," the Duluth News-Tribune wrote, "Jeffers not only opened the door to congressional investigation but kicked it wide open and seemed to invite a probe. . . . When the investigation occurs it will probably be worth hearing, especially when Jeffers gives his testimony."

"The Army and the Navy," writes the Hartford Courant, "desperately need rubber, but they think that they need other things so much more that they grab off the priorities needed by Mr. Jeffers to get his part of the program underway. . . . Let the Army and Navy officials ask themselves where the enterprises they are directing would be except for the agencies of transportation, all of which must somehow be kept going if we are to get the production needed."

Mobilize Civilian Manpower

Weeks of conferences by committees in Congress and months of public expression on the subject of manpower and womanpower in support of the war effort took concrete form this week in the introduction in Congress of S. 666 by Senator Austin, Vt., and H. R. 1742 by Representative Wadsworth, N. Y.

Exceptions provide for deferments and exemptions, but, aside from these, men and women are to be allocated, after proper training, to fields and employments most in need of their services. Such service will be kept on a voluntary basis as long as possible but when there are not enough volunteers the Selective Service System will be invoked to secure the needed workers for "any war industry, agriculture, other occupations, activities or employments essential to the effective prosecution of the war." The Chairman of the Manpower Commission is to administer the Act.

At the same time bills to set up a permanent peace-time draft system so that "the reserves of trained military manpower built up at such enormous expense of blood and treasure during the present war" shall "be maintained in full vigor" were introduced in the House and Senate this week by Representative Wadsworth, of N. Y., and Senator Gurney, of S. Dak., both Republicans.

The bills, S. 701 and H. R. 1806, are not War Department measures, but they embody in general the principles toward which a planning committee of that department has been working for many years, and undoubtedly will receive the endorsement of the department.

The bills were urged by the American Legion at its recent Kansas City convention.

Under the bills, every male upon reaching the age of 18, would be liable for one year of military training.

Army's 2 New Corps

Militarization of the Army's dietitians and physical therapy aides has been begun with the appointment to relative rank of major of director's for each of the corps.

Director of Physical Therapy Aides is Maj. Emma E. Vogel, who was senior aide under civil service. The Director of Dietitians is Maj. Helen C. Burns, who also was the senior dietitian under civil service.

Both women are wearing the blue uniform which has long been worn by physical therapists and dietitians while on duty.

The nurses' pay act which authorized the two new corps authorizes appointment of women as captains, first lieutenants and second lieutenants. Primary objective in militarization of the two corps is to protect the status of members in the event they become prisoners of war in combat zones. However, as members of the Army of the United States, the women

will be liable to transfer to any point to meet needs of the service.

All civil service aides and dietitians who can meet the physical examination and who desire appointments will be appointed. Additional appointments will be made as necessary, but these appointments will be made gradually since as civilian units, increases in the number of aides and dietitians have been made as the Army expanded.

Appointments other than those of the two chiefs will not be made, however, until organizational plans are approved by the General Staff.

Third Army Maneuvers

Mobile Headquarters, Third Army. Somewhere in Louisiana—A smashing attack by a strong Red force was driving into the center of Blue lines Monday morning, as the second week of 1943 maneuvers of Lt. Gen. Walter Krueger's Third Army began just before dawn.

The Red commander, Maj. Gen. R. B. Woodruff, was also seeking to press back one of the Blue flanks in a turning movement started by a surprise night attack. Maj. Gen. Henry Terrell's Blue forces expended their energies in fighting a fierce, close-knit defensive battle from organized positions.

Hostilities in the maneuvers ceased abruptly the preceding Wednesday for a short "break" during which Maj. Gen. Daniel I. Sultan, director, called in senior commanders for a brief conference.

General Sultan said that he was well pleased "with the fine physical condition of the men, and the spirit and enthusiasm with which they are entering the maneuvers." He pointed out that they had undergone strenuous training up until the day they left for maneuvers.

"The months which the divisions spent in their home camps were well spent," he said, "and the troops are ready for the rigorous, practical training which maneuvers will give them."

Criticizing road discipline, security, faulty communications, and lack of aggressiveness, General Sultan stressed to the commanders assembled in the high school auditorium of a small town the necessity for complete understanding of maneuver problems by all ranks. He ordered that after each problem every officer and enlisted man have an opportunity to participate in a critical discussion of the problem, learning why they did certain things and how well they did them. "The men are intelligent enough to appreciate the problems, and they have a right to know what they are doing out here," the General explained.

For "outstanding aggressive action in outflanking their opponents and capturing a number of prisoners," General Sultan heartily commended Lt. John F. Walls, Red platoon commander, and Tech. Sgt. G. F. Schneider, platoon sergeant.

Instead of holding a formal critique at the conclusion of each maneuver phase,

General Sultan has instituted the brief commanders' conferences, and will conduct a full-length critique only at the conclusion of a maneuver period, usually lasting several weeks.

Disabled Naval Personnel

A plan to facilitate the employment of officers and men of the United States Navy who may be discharged from the service for physical disabilities incurred in the line of duty has been adopted by the Bureau of Naval Personnel following negotiations with various manufacturing and industrial employers, and the United States Employment Service.

Under the plan, responsibility for finding jobs for disabled naval personnel will be assumed by the Veterans' Employment Representatives of the United States Employment Service. Whenever possible disabled naval personnel are afforded the opportunity of continuing in the service on shore duty where the duty will not aggravate their disability. However, the Navy will release disabled individuals for employment in private industry if the individual desires to terminate his naval service.

Ninth Service Command

Senator Albert B. Chandler, of Kentucky, chairman of the special committee appointed to investigate military establishments reports that the inspection of the 9th Service Command, comprising the States included in the Ninth Corps Area, has been completed.

He stated that the objectives of this Service Command are to induct, train, equip and ship troops with the necessary equipment to Australia, the South Pacific, Alaska and the Canal Zone.

The Senator says "I am happy to report that the fathers and mothers of this country can be assured that military and naval forces are doing a magnificent job in the first three objectives in the 9th Service and Alaska Commands. The boys are being well cared for—the morale is excellent; they are being trained by able leaders; they are the best fed, best clothed, and, with few exceptions, the best housed, and on the whole the healthiest of any army in the history of this country." "The real serious situations affecting the campaign in the Pacific Theatre of operations deal with subjects other than these troops." He reports that the exceptions to the good housing conditions are being corrected.

Amend Red Cross Act

Senator Reynolds, N. C., has introduced S. 676 which provides that when the American National Red Cross is used in aid of the land and naval forces in time of actual or threatened war, personnel entering upon specified duty shall "while proceeding to their place of duty, while serving thereat, and while returning therefrom, be transported and subsisted

at the cost of the United States as civilian employees employed with the said forces, and no passport fee shall be charged or collected for any passport issued to such personnel."

Red Cross supplies that may be tendered as a gift and accepted for use by the land and naval forces would be transported at the expense of the United States.

Defend 11,000,000-Man Army

Critics of an armed strength of 11 million men were answered this week at a meeting of a House Appropriations subcommittee.

Maj. Gen. W. D. Styer, chief of staff to Lt. Gen. B. B. Somervell, chief of the Army's Services of Supply, told the committee that the Army's manpower requirements are determined on the basis of present and expected shipping and other transport facilities. It is said that secret figures backed this assertion. He told the committee that in the United States the services of 13 persons are required to keep one man fighting; in Great Britain 10 are required; in Germany 8 are needed; in Japan the ratio is even lower.

At the same time, before an executive session of the Senate Military Affairs committee, War Production Chief Donald Nelson maintained that the country can support a force of 11 million men without crippling industry or agriculture.

General George C. Marshall, chief of staff, made a convincing witness 10 Feb. before a joint meeting of the House and Senate Military Affairs committees. Chairman May, of the House Military Affairs Committee, who had previously urged a smaller army told reporters that the Chief of Staff had "unquestionably" justified the Army's need for increased manpower.

Senator Chandler said it would be a tragic mistake not to give General Marshall all of the men he needs to do the job." Senator Nye declared he did not regard the 11,000,000 figure unalterable.

Tax Liability of Casualties

To provide for relief from Federal taxation a portion of the estates of personnel of the armed forces who die between 5 Dec. 1941 and the time of the official announcement of the termination of the present war, Representative Dingell, Mich., has introduced H. R. 1750.

This bill will make unnecessary the payment of Federal taxes, on pay and allowances given for services as a member of the armed forces, the proceeds of government and national service life insurance and gifts, for "the taxable year in which falls the date of the death."

The bill does not concede deductions from income received from other sources. The purpose of the bill is to relieve from temporary financial embarrassment the next of kin of personnel who lose their lives in the present war.

The War Program

(Continued from First Page)

And peace-time patrol, or even neutrality patrol, was a great deal less arduous than wartime patrol alone. The problems of search for a particular enemy submarine or a lifeboat of survivors from a torpedoed merchantman or the furnishing of an aerial umbrella for a convoy have made much greater demands. In addition Coast Guard Aviation is still performing its former peacetime duties. For instance, the Coast Guard Air Patrol on the Great Lakes with its Grumman amphibian V-192 was active in reporting conditions of the Great Lakes to assist the ore carriers in the delivery of their strategic raw materials. Ice packs and storms are unaffected by Nazi aggression and, accordingly, Coast Guard Aviation has continued this responsibility. And there are still planes attached to some of the larger cruising cutters.

Coast Guard Aviation is always active. In peacetime its less than a hundred pilots earned among them five Distinguished Flying Crosses. And now, in this War, it is fully a part of the Coast Guard in the vastly increased tempo, whereby the Service is expanding so rapidly that as many men are now being enlisted in a month as were in the whole Coast Guard a little over a year ago. And Coast Guard Aviation shares the feelings of the rest of the Service when its Commandant, Vice Adm. R. R. Waesche said, "We are proud to be part of the Navy in this War and eager to do well the tasks assigned us." Finally, Coast Guard Aviation is chalking up a good record. How good cannot be disclosed until the war is won.

Army Regulations Changes

Among recent changes to Army Regulations are:

Change No. 2 to AR 350-110, "General and Special Service Schools," provides for the reassignment to units of enlisted men who are deemed unfit to continue course at such schools.

Change No. 2 to AR 600-20, "Command," provides that the limitations upon exercise of command by certain officers shall not be construed to prohibit a port commander from designating an officer of his command, assigned to duty with the Transportation Corps, as a transport commander.

Change No. 1 to AR 35-1640, "Pay of Officers, Rates," and Change No. 1 to AR 35-1699, "Pay of Commissioned Officers, Seniority Pay," merely incorporate in these two regulations the provisions of the Pay Act Amendment of 2 Dec. 1942.

Change No. 3 to AR 345-470, "Discharge Certificates," makes it clear that no entries will be made on discharge certificates except those required by the printed form, and that stamps or endorsements will not be placed thereon. Change No. 1 to AR 345-500, "Certificates of Service," makes it clear that in cases where personnel are entitled to the honorable discharge certificate (W.D., AGO Form No. 10) they shall not be issued the Certificate of service (WD, AGO Form No. 20).

Change No. 7 to AR 260-10, "Flags," permits the commanding general, SOS, to authorize distinguishing flags for replacement and school commands under SOS. These composite strength is equivalent to

a brigade or larger.

A new edition of AR 210-50, "Unit and Similar Funds," has been issued to supersede the edition of 1 Nov. 1938 and subsequent changes.

Post-War Horizons

In a plea for an American Charter for American business, Col. David Sarnoff, Sig.-Res., President of the Radio Corporation of America, speaking 4 Feb. at a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York, said that the great hope for American prosperity and security in the post-war period, depends upon Government cooperation with industry, labor and agriculture.

"While I realize the important place which Government must have in the picture of American industry," said Colonel Sarnoff, "I plead for an American Charter for American business. If big business is a crime, business men are entitled to know it. What is declared lawful at one time should not at another be upset by the caprice of bureaucracy. Laws should be changed by legislation, not by bureaucratic fiat."

Discussing post war possibilities, Colonel Sarnoff said:

"Today, and for the first time in history, we have total war. Tomorrow our hope will be for total peace, wrought, for the first time in history, by the victorious forces of freedom."

The Promises of Industrial Science

But there is no magic formula for the future. If global prosperity is our aim, it can be achieved only if global war is followed by global peace.

Our hope for a future world economy of abundance is founded upon much more than pre-war standards of prosperity. It is based upon the promises of industrial science, which in many instances the war has already brought to rapid fulfillment.

The old frontiers of the world were frontiers of geography. The new frontiers are those of science. The covered wagon of the present day is the research laboratory.

Translated in terms of supplying human needs—for food, clothing and housing, for better transportation on the ground, overseas and through the air, for communication of sound and sight, for services of health, education and recreation, for better heating, lighting and refrigeration—the present advances of industrial science promise that the arsenal of total peace will be even more vast than the arsenal of total war.

By the end of this year, for example, the United States will be producing seven times as much aluminum as in 1939. Of magnesium we shall be producing 100 times our 1939 output. Yet steel will not be outdone by the lighter metals. New steel alloys are being developed of such tremendous tensile strength that they will suffer no handicap from either bulk or weight.

The United States will soon possess facilities for producing plastics, high-octane gasoline, synthetic rubber and textiles, and hundreds of other products on a scale undreamed of before the war. Mass production of magnesium out of sea water; clothing out of wood; dyes, medicines and chemicals out of coal; fertilizer out of thin air! Many of these achievements were only laboratory experiments a few years back. Production was in "token" quantities. By contrast, today's output is on a basis of overwhelming abundance.

Progress in the field of radio and electronics has advanced on the same broad front with progress in other fields of science and industry.

It is radio which has made possible a war of speed and mobility on land, at sea and in the air. Bombers fly to their targets and return to their bases with the aid of new radio devices. Radio-electronic sentinels stand watch on shipboard and along the coast. Infantry, artillery and tank units coordinate their movements by radio. The United States now has fighting forces stationed at more than sixty strategic locations on the world map. Its Navy operates on the Seven Seas. Without instant, reliable radio communication it would be impossible for these widespread forces to function as a unified war machine.

Decorate Gen. Patton

Maj. Gen. George S. Patton, Jr., has been awarded the "Grand Cross of Ouisan Alaonte" by the Sultan of Morocco. Accompanying the decoration was a citation which, translated into English, means "The lions in their dens tremble at his approach."

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U. S. War Communiques

NAVY DEPARTMENT

No. 272, 5 February

South Pacific: (All dates are East Longitude).

1. During the morning of 4 Feb., a force of Dauntless Dive bombers (Douglas) bombed Japanese positions at Munda, on New Georgia Island.

2. U. S. ground forces on Guadalcanal Island advanced along the north coast to a position one-half mile northwest of Tassafaronga.

3. Sporadic encounters between U. S. and Japanese air and surface forces in the Solomon Islands Area continue.

No. 273, 6 February

1. On 4 Feb.: (a) A U. S. plane destroyed a Japanese plane during a reconnaissance mission.

(b) During the afternoon, five enemy float-type planes bombed U. S. positions in the western Aleutians. No damage was suffered.

(c) During the night of 4-5 Feb., Liberator heavy bombers (Consolidated B-24) and Mitchell medium bombers (North American B-25), with fighter escort, bombed Japanese positions at Kiska. Three of the five float-type Zeros which intercepted were shot down. All U. S. planes returned.

South Pacific:

2. On 3 Feb. (a) U. S. planes raided Japanese positions at Munda, on New Georgia Island, during the morning and again during the evening. Results were not reported.

(b) During the morning, Dauntless dive bombers (Douglas), with fighter escort, bombed enemy positions on Kolombangara Island in the New Georgia Group.

(c) During the night of 3-4 Feb., U. S. positions on Guadalcanal were bombed twice by single enemy planes.

3. On 4 Feb.: (a) A Flying Fortress on a search mission was attacked by three Zeros. One Zero was shot down and the damaged Fortress returned to its base.

(b) U. S. troops on Guadalcanal Island continued to advance along the northwest coast of the island. Enemy resistance was weak and some of our patrols reached points one and one-half miles past Tassafaronga near the Umasani River.

Note: Munda is 180 nautical miles NW of Guadalcanal Island. Kolombangara Island is 190 nautical miles NW of Guadalcanal Island. The Umasani River is 10 miles SE of Cape Esperance on the northwest coast of Guadalcanal.

No. 274, 7 February

South Pacific:

1. On 6 Feb.: (a) During the morning, small groups of U. S. planes bombed enemy positions on Kolombangara Island in the New Georgia Group.

(b) During the evening, Dauntless dive bombers (Douglas) with Wildcat (Grumman F4F) escort bombed Munda on New Georgia Island. All U. S. planes returned.

2. U. S. forces have established a strong position at Titi, one-half mile west of Marovovo on the northwest coast of Guadalcanal Island. Patrol operations are progressing satisfactorily.

Note: Marovovo is five miles west of Cape Esperance and 25 miles by air from Guadalcanal Island. Marovovo is described in the "Sailing Directions" of 1938 as a station of the Melanesian Mission, situated on high ground, three miles northward of Lavoro. A church, a hospital, and several bungalows are conspicuous from the northeastward.

No. 275, 9 February

South Pacific—1. On 7-8 Feb. U. S. ground forces on Guadalcanal Island lengthened the forward line along the Umasani River. Consolidation of our recently established position at Titi was completed. Thirty-four Japanese were killed and one prisoner was taken during these operations.

2. On 8 Feb., U. S. air forces bombed Japanese positions at Munda on New Georgia Island.

No. 276, 10 February

North Pacific—1. On 8 Feb., Liberator heavy bombers (Consolidated B-24) and Mitchell medium bombers (North American B-25) dropped bombs on the enemy camp area at Kiska and on installations at North Head. Seven float-type Zeros were observed on the water but no attempt to intercept was made. All U. S. planes returned.

South Pacific—2. On 9 Feb.:

(a) Alcobra fighters (Bell P-39) strafed and sank an enemy barge off Hooper Bay in the northern Russell Islands. A number of floating drums of fuel oil were destroyed in the same vicinity.

(b) During the evening, a force of Marauder medium bombers (Martin B-26), with Alcobra and Lightning (Lockheed P-38) escort, bombed Japanese positions on Kolombangara Island in the New Georgia Group. Results were not reported.

(c) During the evening, Dauntless dive bombers (Douglas), with Lightning and Wildcat (Grumman F4F) escort, attacked Japanese positions at Munda on New Georgia Island. A large fire was started.

(d) U. S. ground forces on Guadalcanal Island advanced to positions one-half mile west of the Segilau River in the vicinity of Doma Cove. On the northwest coast of the Island

U. S. troops advanced to the northeast as far as Visale. No opposition was encountered. A large amount of enemy equipment was captured.

Notes: The Russell Islands are 60 miles N. W. of Guadalcanal Island. Kolombangara Island is 190 nautical miles N. W. of Guadalcanal Island. Munda is 180 nautical miles N. W. of Guadalcanal Island. The Segilau River is eight miles S. E. of Cape Esperance. Visale is one mile west of Cape Esperance.

No. 277, 11 February

North Pacific: 1. On 10 Feb.:

(a) During the morning, U. S. heavy and medium bombers, with fighter escort, bombed Japanese positions at Kiska. Many hits on enemy installations were observed.

(b) A single enemy float-type plane attacked U. S. surface units in the Western Aleutians. No damage was suffered.

South Pacific: 2. Japanese forces on Guadalcanal Island have ceased all organized resistance. Patrol operations against isolated enemy groups continue.

3. During the night of 9-10 Feb., a Catalina patrol bomber (Consolidated PBY) attacked enemy positions at Munda.

4. On 10 Feb.: (a) U. S. planes attacked enemy positions at Munda. Results were not reported.

(b) A reconnaissance plane from Guadalcanal shot down a twin engine Japanese bomber over Chosel Island.

Note: (1) Chosel Island, 78 miles long and about 15 miles wide, is 35 miles north of the New Georgia Group in the central Solomon Islands. (2) Munda is 180 nautical miles northwest of Guadalcanal Island.

MAJ. GEN. BRERETON'S HQ., CAIRO

4 February

During the hours of daylight yesterday B-24 Liberator heavy bombers of the Ninth United States Air Force attacked shipping and harbor installations at Palermo and Messina, in Sicily.

Results of the bombing of Palermo could not be observed because of heavy cloud cover.

At Messina bombs were seen to burst in the drydock workshop area and in the vicinity of the rail ferry terminal and the port power station.

Other bombs were seen to burst in the vicinity of oil storage tanks, resulting in large clouds of black smoke.

One aircraft made an individual attack, scoring hits near a large motor vessel.

From the above operations all aircraft returned.

8 February

B-24 heavy bombers of the Bomber Command of the Ninth United States Air Force attacked shipping and harbor installations at Naples during daylight hours yesterday.

The formation attacked in two waves six minutes apart, scoring direct hits on three merchant vessels, on the Vittorio Emanuele and Massaniello and Bansa moles, on Torda di Massa and Aosta quays and all along the waterfront.

Great fires the length of the harbor area sent up a pall of heavy black smoke high above Naples harbor. Heavy anti-aircraft and a large formation of fighters were encountered directly over the target area, but failed to interfere with bombing operations.

At least two Messerschmitt-109s were destroyed and one of our aircraft was shot down.

GENERAL MACARTHUR'S HQ., AUSTRALIA

4 February

Northwestern Sector

Aroo Islands: Our medium bombers attacked Dobo shortly after dawn. Barracks were bombed, demolishing a row of buildings and setting fire to many others. A large enemy lugger in the harbor was strafed, an intercepting enemy float plane shot down in combat and another probably destroyed on the water.

Northeastern Sector

Solomons: Buin—One of our medium units in a night raid bombed the airdrome, starting large fires in the taxiway and dispersal areas.

(Please turn to Page 689)

Two Weeks' Notice for Changes of Address

In order to prevent delay in the receipt of your copy of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, please notify us two weeks in advance of change of address. Such notice should include the old as well as the new address, and if possible, the imprint from the wrapper.

Because of the great number of changes of station during the current emergency, please allow us two weeks in which to change your subscription address.

Thanks,
ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

Did You Read—

the following important service stories last week:

Senate committee votes to put WAACs in Army; House may oppose?

Extra pay for Army divers voted by Senate Military Committee?

Large number of Coast Guard promotions ordered?

Army to use nurses' aides?

Army circular clarifies procedure in making award?

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Place WAACs in Army

Filing its formal report on legislation which would place the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps in the Army of the United States, with all rights which are granted to soldiers, the Senate Military Affairs Committee this week stated that it believed "the services of the women in the corps will be more effectively utilized if that organization is placed upon a military status."

Meanwhile, it was announced by the War Department this week that the WAACs were abandoning for the most part the Aircraft Warning Service, the original No. 1 job of the corps.

Abandonment came because it was found that paid WAACs and volunteer women could not well be used in the same filter centers, a point which was raised by Representative Nichols, of Okla., a member of the House Rules Committee, when the original WAAC bill was before that group.

Mr. Nichols, who was high in his praise for the work of the volunteers, stated that to put WAACs beside them would be highly disruptive.

As originally contemplated, the warning service was to be the principal job of the WAACs, for 9,700 of them were to be placed in that duty and only 2,500 in other jobs.

WAACs will continue to be used in the warning service, the Army stated, "where, because of insufficient or scattered population, the civilian volunteers are not obtainable in sufficient numbers for the manning of entire units."

The objectives of the new WAAC bill which the Senate Military Committee ordered reported last week were detailed on the first page of the 6 Feb. ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

In its formal report, filed this week, the committee said that it believed "the personnel of the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps should be afforded all the rights,

benefits, privileges, and protection authorized for the officers and enlisted men whom they are replacing."

The corps, stated the committee, is replacing male soldiers at a ratio of better than one for one. It pointed out that WAACs cannot draw flying pay, draw the additional overseas pay, take out national service life insurance, receive allowances or death gratuities provided for dependents, or send mail free. All of these prerequisites would be granted by the bill reported, S. 495.

Strong opposition to the bill is expected in the House, and possibly in the Senate as well.

Army Nurse Head Retires

Col. Julia O. Flikke, Superintendent of the Army Nurse Corps, has gone on terminal leave prior to retirement for physical disability.

Acting head of the far-flung Army nurse organization is Lt. Col. Florence A. Blanchfield, Assistant Superintendent.

Miss Flikke is not ill, but a physical checkup at Walter Reed General Hospital indicated that her relief from the strenuous job of directing 17,000 nurses in all quarters of the globe was advisable.

Designation of a successor is expected shortly.

Miss Flikke's retirement climaxes a colorful and lengthy career of service to the Army in all parts of the world.

Born in Viroqua, Wis., on 16 March 1879, Miss Flikke graduated in nursing at the Augustana Hospital, Chicago, and was appointed an Army Nurse on 11 March 1918. On 13 April of that year she was appointed chief nurse and assigned to Base Hospital No. 9 at Lakewood, N. J. Shortly afterwards she was transferred to Base Hospital No. 11, and went to France with that unit on 7 Aug. 1918. In France she also served Evacuation Hospital No. 28 and with Hospital Train No. 55.

Upon her return to the United States, Chief Nurse Flikke served at Camp Upton Base Hospital, then successively at the Army and Navy General Hospital at Hot Springs, Ark., and in the Philippines and China. After a tour of duty at Letterman General Hospital, she went to Walter Reed General Hospital in 1922, remaining there until 1934. On 13 Sept. 1927 she was appointed assistant superintendent with relative rank of captain.

Leaving Walter Reed, Captain Flikke served at Ft. Sam Houston, then in the Office of the Surgeon General, and on 1 June 1937 was appointed Superintendent of the Army Nurse Corps with rank of major. On 1 March 1942, she was made colonel in the Army of the United States.

10,364 Civilians Commissioned

A total of 10,364 civilians without previous military experience were commissioned in the Army of the United States between 1 Dec. 1942 and 31 Jan. 1943, the War Department reported to Congress this week, filing the bi-monthly report required by the Pay Readjustment Act.

Of those appointed 38 were in grade of lieutenant colonel, 285 in grade of major, 1,718 captains, 3,383 first lieutenants and 4,939 second lieutenants. One man, Mr. Raymond M. Hicks, vice president and treasurer of United States Lines was appointed a colonel for assignment in the Military Personnel Division, SOS.

A breakdown of appointments by branches shows 5,279 going into the Medical Department; 3,857 into the Services of Supply; 642 into the AAF; 467 into the Chaplains Corps; 5 into the AGF, and 114 into miscellaneous organizations.

Honor Gen. Wainwright

Mrs. Jonathan M. Wainwright, 4th, on 10 Feb. was presented, on behalf of her husband, with the Oak Leaf Cluster to the Distinguished Service Medal. Presentation at Governors Island, N. Y., was made by Lt. Gen. Hugh A. Drum, commanding general of the Eastern Command and the First Army.

In making the presentation, General

Drum paid tribute to the "heroic and the gruelling task" undertaken by Lieutenant General Wainwright, who won the Distinguished Service Medal in World War I. General Wainwright followed General Douglas MacArthur as commander of the U. S. Forces in the Philippines and now is a prisoner of war in Formosa.

Finance Dept. Decentralizes

As a means both of relieving congestion in Washington and of expediting auditing of accounts, the accounting and examining facilities of the Office Chief of Finance will be decentralized to four regional offices which will receive, examine and process the accounts of disbursing officers.

When the decentralization is complete there will be left in Washington only skeleton force to coordinate the reports of the regional offices.

First of the regional offices will be established in Chicago, Ill., on 1 March, under direction of Col. Charles Lewis, until recently finance officer of the Service Command. All accounts for the month of March and thereafter will be handled by this office instead of Washington for the following finance facilities.

All finance officers of tactical organizations in continental United States.

All finance officers within the geographical limits of the 5th, 6th and 7th Service Commands.

All finance officers of the Alaska and Northwest Defense commands.

Date of establishment of the other three regional offices has not yet been set. It is planned to place one of these offices in New York, one in California and one in the South.



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THE UNITED STATES NAVY and MARINE CORPS

Marine Women's Reserve

Departing from the precedents set by her sister organization, the WAVES, the U. S. Marine Corps Women's Reserve begins recruiting today with the announcement that women may work their way up through its enlisted ranks and into commissioned grades, but specifies that, instead of being known by some euphonic alphabetical delineation, members of the Women's Reserve shall simply be called "Marines."

Setting age limits of 20 to 50 for officer candidates and 20 to 36 for enlisted personnel, enrollment of Reserve members will be immediately begun under the direction of Mrs. Ruth Cheney Streeter, who will hold the rank of major in the Marine Corps Reserve.

Major Streeter is a commercial air pilot and former State Defense Council member of the New Jersey Commission of Inter-State Cooperation. She is joint donor with her mother, Mrs. W. H. Schofield, of the "Cheney Award" given annually to some member of the Army Air Corps for "acts of valor or extreme fortitude or self sacrifice." A native of Brookline, Mass., Major Streeter is married, and has four children.

The Women's Reserves who, under the law, may not serve outside the continental United States, are to be trained in schools already established for Navy WAVES at major women's colleges throughout the country. Later, they will be assigned to Marine Corps training centers, posts and stations, in such capacities as office work-

ers, laundry workers, mechanics, passenger car and light truck drivers, radio operators and repairmen, etc. Ranks and pay will be the same as those for the men in the Corps.

In a statement released jointly with the announcement of recruiting, Marine Corps Commandant, Lt. Gen. Thomas Holcomb said: "There are essential duties that must be performed by Americans in uniform here within the United States. Many of these duties the women of America can fulfill. The tasks are not simple—industry, ingenuity and vigor are needed to do them with traditional Marine efficiency. But the inspiring part played by women in the nation's war effort to date leaves no doubt as to their ability and determination to achieve whatever must be done."

Applicants for officer commissions must have a college degree or two years of college and at least two years of business experience, or special qualifications in a particular field.

Enlisted personnel must have either two years of high school or business school education, or special qualifications in a particular field. Both married and unmarried women are eligible for service, except that married women with children under 18 years of age may not serve, and no woman whose husband is in the Marine Corps may join the Reserves.

Uniforms will be of the same material as uniforms of the men of the Corps.

The uniform for the Marine Corps Women's Reserve will be forest or "marine" green. The jacket, single breasted and with three buttons, has two breast pockets, and a pocket over each hip. The skirt will be six-gored and slightly flared. A brown purse will be worn from a shoulder strap. Oxford shoes will be standard for daytime wear, and pumps for evening. The type of hose will be up to the individual. The hat, which will be visored, will be of marine green, with a red strap extending from ear to ear, and will carry the Marine Corps insignia. The overcoat is designed on the same order as that of the marine men. A red muffler will complete the outfit.

Advance Marine 1st Sergeants

Advancement of first sergeants of the Marine Corps from the second to the first pay grade was approved this week by Secretary of the Navy Knox.

The advancements became effective 10 Feb., and as a result, the increased pay will be reflected in the pay of first sergeants the end of this month. Base pay of the second grade is \$114 and of the first grade \$138.

The advancement applies to first sergeants only and not to other Marines now in the second pay grade. It does not apply to retired first sergeants.

Marine Corps headquarters stated this week that a change in insignia was not contemplated at this time.

The Army made a similar statement when it announced advancement of its first sergeants on 1 Sept. 1942, but later added a third arc to the first sergeant's chevrons. However, the Marine Corps feels that a definite distinction should be made between the insignia of sergeants major and first sergeants.

That the Marine Corps was considering advancement of its first sergeants was announced last September by the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, but it was not until last week that the corps was able to tell Representative John J. Sparkman, of Ala., that the advancement had been recommended to Secretary Knox.

Mr. Sparkman, a member of the House Military Affairs Committee, was a leader in the movement to have first sergeants advanced in rating.

Navy Captains Promoted

The President has nominated four Navy captains, Richard L. Conolly, Frank J. Lowry, Ralph W. Christie and George L. Weyler, to be temporary rear admirals. Captain Lowry is No. 284 on the list of captains according to the 1 July 1941 Navy Register, Captain Conolly is No. 418, and Captain Christie is No. 494, fifth from the end of the captain's list. He is

a qualified submarine commander. Captain Weyler, is No. 268 on the captain's list.

Navy Chaplains School

"It is the old ghost of pessimism speaking again when we hear the words: 'You can't change human nature—there have always been wars and there always will be.'"

"Lay low that old ghost and his ancient, dismal creed," said Capt. Albert E. Stone (ChC), USN, addressing "R" Class graduates of the Chaplains' School, Naval Operating Base, Norfolk.

"By spreading the faith that such a New World as we long for CAN be built," he said, "chaplains will do a great deal toward making that hope come true." Captain Stone is chaplain of the Norfolk Navy Yard.

In the exercises held Sunday, 7 Feb., at Frazier Hall in the Chaplains' School, 41 commissioned chaplains and two enlisted welfare specialists received diplomas following an eight-week course of naval indoctrination. A class is graduated every two weeks.

A second guest was the Rev. James Albert, pastor of St. Joseph's Catholic Church, Norfolk, who spoke briefly on "Spiritual Ammunition."

The "R" Class chaplain graduates, all lieutenants except where (*) indicates junior grade, are as follows:

R. A. Anderson	J. J. Keenan
H. L. Andress	H. E. Le Nay
J. B. Briggs	N. D. Lindner
*W. E. Brooks, jr.	A. T. Lundquist
F. R. Brown	E. P. Manhard
L. J. Brown	*J. R. McClain
J. J. Coffee	J. H. McConnell
*B. V. Cunningham	H. McH. Miller
O. L. Daley	C. B. Morrison
F. J. Doblas	*E. J. Murphy
*G. L. Evans	E. F. Nauss
E. N. Faye, jr.	*F. M. Norstad
M. Fergus	*J. G. Pelphrey
L. W. Fowler	*C. T. Russ
*F. H. Glazebrook, jr.	F. X. Ryan
*J. B. Hamilton	W. H. Stark
*B. C. Hanna	R. deV. Thompson
S. C. Haskins	B. E. Wall
*O. Ingvaldstad, jr.	J. H. Westbrook
*K. B. Justus	*F. H. Wickham
D. R. Kabele	

The enlisted Specialists (Welfare) graduated as chaplain's helpers are Clarence W. Helmsing and Clifford H. Herzer.

USS Dashiell Launched

The USS Dashiell, Destroyer 659, was launched 6 Feb. at the shipyards of the Federal Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Co., Kearney, N. J. The ship was sponsored by Mrs. Robert Brooke Dashiell of Annapolis, Md., whose late husband was an eminent Naval constructor and an authority on dock building. He also contributed numerous inventions to the field of ordnance and the Dashiell breech mechanism bears his name.

Mrs. Dashiell is the mother-in-law of Capt. Thomas L. Gatch, USN, who was wounded in the battle off Santa Cruz Island, 26 Oct. 1942, while in command of a United States battleship. His vessel, attacked by 84 Japanese dive-bombers in three waves, shot down 32 of them and repulsed the assault.

Captain Gatch, who is in this country recovering from his wounds, was unable to attend the launching, but Mrs. Gatch and their 17-year-old son, Thomas, jr., were present. Their daughter, Mrs. Eleanor Dashiell Armstrong, of New York City, acted as matron of honor and was escorted by her husband, Lt. John P. Armstrong, USNR, who returned recently from action in the Pacific.

A sister of Mrs. Gatch, Mrs. Julian S. Hatcher, wife of Brig. Gen. J. S. Hatcher, USA, also attended.

Change WAVES Uniform

Because the reserve blue color now used for winter work shirts and officers' sleeve stripes on WAVES uniforms has been found unsatisfactory for an entire suit, the summer work uniform for both officers and enlisted women in the WAVES will be a navy blue cotton gabardine suit.

A short sleeve thin cotton white shirt will be worn with the navy blue suit, which will follow the design of the

woolen winter uniform. The work uniform will retail for \$11. Under new uniform regulations, the summer white dress uniform, a compulsory article for officers, will be optional for enlisted women.

Sea Travel Pay

In a decision covering "Sea Travel" reimbursement for Marine Corps officers, the General Accounting Office this week held that a Marine Corps officer who performs travel under orders on a Government-owned vessel in the Philippine and Hawaiian Archipelagos, the home waters of the United States, or between the United States and Alaska, is barred from reimbursement on an actual expense basis by the specific provisions of the act of 12 June 1906, which also specifically provides that reimbursement for travel in these waters shall be on the same basis as "for land travel within the boundaries of the United States," that is, on a mileage basis for travel under competent orders without troops, and no reimbursement for travel with troops.

Weather Expert

For the second time, Lt. Comdr. DeWitt W. Knoll, of Washington, D. C., has been commended by the Navy Department for service with the Weather Bureau. He has now been commended for his "skill, accuracy and industry" in supplying weather information for the operational forces that landed on the North African coast in November of last year. Commander Knoll had been commended previously for service at Cavite in the Philippines during the Japanese attack.

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"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and Navy Journal will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interest will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments."—From Vol. 1, No. 1, of the Army and Navy Journal, published August 29, 1933.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1943

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Victory.
2. Assurance now that personnel and equipment for our land, sea, and air forces will be maintained after the present war at such strengths as the responsible heads of those Services determine necessary to assure this nation against future aggressors.
3. Protection of Service personnel, active and retired, against undue reductions in their pay through imposition of the Victory tax and income taxes.
4. Institution of studies looking toward the protection and development of just post-war systems of promotion for personnel of the permanent establishments.
5. Strengthening of the post war status of the National Guard and Reserves to assure their efficiency and permanency with continuance of full training facilities after the war.
6. Upward revision of pension scales to assure Service widows a living income.
7. Compensation for service personnel who use privately owned automobiles on government business.

GUADALCANAL has joined Buna and Gona as proof of the fighting prowess of American youth and the great power of our coordinated fighting arms working side by side under unified leadership. Strategically, the undisputed possession of this airfield in the Solomon Islands prevents the enemy from flanking our supply lines to the South and Southwest Pacific and puts us a step nearer to the Jap centers of strength. Equally important, our victory has meant loss of face to Japan, and loss of face is of serious moment in the Far East. There better than at home it is realized that the vainglorious and ruthless warriors of Hirohito have suffered a humiliating defeat by American troops who were transported, equipped, and fed over a 4,000-mile supply line. Those troops drove them from the jungles where past experience led them to believe they were supreme. What beat them were fortitude and valor and return to the tactics of our forefathers in the French and Indian Wars. The stalking, scouting, and patrolling methods learned by the colonists from the Indians are, as was demonstrated on Guadalcanal, as effective today as they were two centuries ago—and today's American is just as apt at learning them. Furthermore the self-reliance and individual initiative of the American youth far outweighs in effectiveness the fanaticism and savagery of the Japs. The well trained and indoctrinated Nip soldier operates with mechanical precision in groups and in conventional situations, but alone, or faced by unorthodox methods, he is at a disadvantage. The American public is proud of the fine forces under Admiral Halsey—the First Marine Division, which seized the Islands and held them for those perilous early months, the 164th Infantry, a former National Guard unit which has been there since 13 Oct., the Americal Division composed of Army units from New Caledonia, the 25th Division, the Army, Navy, and Marine air units, the Coast Guardsmen, and the Navy, which assured our line of supplies and denied the enemy theirs. The fine example of efficiency and unity furnished by this operation, is a lesson which Secretary Knox, General MacArthur, General Vandegrift and others are advising our services to regard carefully. We are confident they will do it.

MODERN names for today's war—global war, total war, all-out war—have not changed the basic fact that ultimate victory depends upon the armed forces of one side meeting and vanquishing the armed forces of the other. As important as are home production, weapons, and equipment, they are helpless hunks of iron and steel unless they are in the hands of a sufficiently large force of trained fighting men. Somehow or other these fundamental facts have been buried beneath such slogans as "Production will win the war," whereas we should recall the saying of Theodore Roosevelt that "Men fight, not ships." The clamor in certain circles to limit the fighting forces to figures less than those deemed necessary by the responsible military and naval leaders is dangerous. It leads to thoughts and action inimical to victory. Fighting men will win the war and the judgment as to their numbers and disposition should be the responsibility of the military and naval leaders who are in full possession of the facts as to the military situation. General Marshall, Chief of Staff, knows better than any layman or legislator the strength, disposition, and purpose of the land forces of our enemies and what must be done to overcome them. His frank statement to a large group of the Senate and House brought forth their approval of his plans and estimates. The Navy command is aware of the strength of the enemy's forces afloat, of the range and effectiveness of his aircraft and of the menace of his undersea raiders. It knows, too, how large a material force we are building and the number of trained men it will take to operate it. Who other than our leaders can speak authoritatively of our requirements? The "little army" men bemoan the shortage of factory and farm labor. To overcome that problem the civilian agencies of the government, the experienced industrialists and labor authorities must devote their American ingenuity. More efficient operation of plants, longer hours for labor, which the President has decreed, improvements in methods—these are things the American people must do. We may be sure that in Axis nations the needs of the fronts determine the size of fighting forces, not the requirements of home agencies. We can beat those nations, but it will take ample men behind the guns, ships, and planes, which we are building with such marvelous rapidity.

Service Humor

'TIS WAR!

The Council of War in session sat
With faces grave and stern,
And each, with solemn mien and air,
Nodded his "yea," in turn.
The deed is done, and a courier, then,
In answer unto their call,
Grasps the Edict from out their hand,
And speeds thru the marbled hall.
Along the wires the message sings,
Marked "secret" and "expedite."
To the Posts, the Camps, and the Stations,
It travels throughout the night.
To the hands of the troop Commander—
What thrill is his to feel,
As there in the early morning,
He breaks its ponderous seal;
And what are the words of greeting
That meet his grizzled eye?
"By the terms of the statute of nineteen-
one,
Your bivouac must go 'dry'."
Nuff Sed.

The Way To Do It

The sergeant was in despair. He grabbed a recruit's rifle after a hopeless exhibition of marksmanship. Hastily he took aim, fired, and missed the target completely.

"Now that," he said coolly, "is how you, Robbins, do it."

Taking aim again, he pressed the trigger and missed a second time.

"And that," he exclaimed, trying hard to preserve his temper, "is how you, Hardaker, and you, Phillips, do it."

Frantically he fired a third time, and managed to score a bull's eye.

"There you are," he shouted in triumph. "That's how I do it. Now, you careless good-for-nothings, remember what I've shown you, and in the future do it my way."

—5th Service Command News.

Why Bother?

An American soldier in London, depressed by the rainy English summer, gazed up morosely at the barrage balloons. "Say," he cried suddenly to a passing Britisher, "why don't you cut those wires and let the whole place sink?"
—Magazine Digest.

Once Wasn't Enough

Private—"I feel like punching that sergeant in the nose again."

Pfc—"Again?"

Private—"Yes, I felt like it yesterday, too."

—La Jolla Range Finder.

And None Removed

Heard in the Post Hospital—"Aren't there some new books around here on anatomy? These are at least ten years old."

A voice from the corner—"There have been very few new bones added to the human body in the last ten years."

—Torrey.

Discriminating

The good townsman was concluding his address: "Friends, I have lived here all my life. In this town there are fifty taverns, and I am proud to say I have never been in one of them."

From the back of the hall came the question, "And which one is that?"

—Pointer.

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given in this column as soon as possible after receipt.

R. T. G.—In reference to the questions contained in the first two paragraphs of your letter, each case of promotion of a man who held World War rank is decided on its own merits. If you will be eligible for retirement with advanced rank under the Act of 7 May 1932, you are probably eligible for temporary promotion now and should take this matter up with your CO. The eligible list for temporary promotion under Alnav 115 was published in the 15 Jan. issue of the Navy Department Bulletin.

A. T. B.—You cite the case of an enlisted man who feels that he cannot make the grade in his new officer status, and wonders what disposition will be made of him. If he is a Regular Army man, he has right to his old enlisted grade whether he voluntarily gives up his commission or is reclassified. If he is a member of the Army of the U. S. or NGUS, he should make his request in writing to the AGO through channels for an administrative decision.

In The Journal

10 Years Ago

The JOURNAL salutes General Douglas MacArthur, Chief of Staff, for his twofold opposition to the destructive flash-slashing amendment proposed on the Army supply bill.

20 Years Ago

The first of the troops from the A.E.F. in Germany were landed at Savannah, Ga., 7 Feb., after a somewhat rough voyage from Antwerp, and were given a splendid welcome. The troops were composed mainly of the 8th U. S. Infantry, in command of Col. Walter T. Bates.

30 Years Ago

Orders have been issued putting into effect the reorganization of the United States Army, creating three infantry divisions and one cavalry division within the limits of the United States. Each infantry division consists of two or three brigades with a proper proportion of divisional artillery, cavalry, engineers and other auxiliary troops. The cavalry division will have two cavalry brigades and in addition a third detached cavalry brigade. The order also creates a brigade of infantry at Hawaii.

50 Years Ago

We greatly regret to say that the last ray of hope for increase in the pay of non-commissioned officers of the line has disappeared. The Senate conferees were forced to back down from the amendment, the House stating that it would never consent to increase of pay in anyone's favor.

75 Years Ago

The Universal Peace Society has hatched its egg. For years it has been incubating on the great moral question how to quarrel without fighting. It has discovered and announced that "peace" can best be preserved by giving women the right to vote."

War Department Navy Department

OFFICIAL ORDERS

(Publication suspended for duration of War)

Marine Corps Coast Guard

WAR DEPARTMENT

Secretary of War
Henry L. Stimson
Under Secretary of War
Robert F. Patterson
Assistant Secretary of War
John J. McCloy
Assistant Secretary of War (Air)
Robert A. Lovett
Chief of Staff
General George C. Marshall
Deputy Chief of Staff
Lieutenant General Joseph T. McNarney
Commanding General, Army Ground Forces
Lieutenant General Lesley J. McNair
Commanding General, Services of Supply
Lieutenant General Breton B. Somervell
Commanding General, Army Air Forces
Lieutenant General Henry H. Arnold

Army Casualties

The War Department announces that the following enlisted men, who were listed in the announcement of 11 Jan. as being killed in action in Africa, are now reported as missing in action:

1st Lt. J. P. Barnes
Pvt. Anthony E. Gorlick
Pvt. Thomas E. Gunderson
The War Department also announced that Tech. 5th Grade Lawrence W. Caldwell, who was listed on 11 Jan. as killed in action in Africa, is now missing in action in Africa.

Prisoners of War

The War Department made public on 1 Feb. the names of 1,036 American soldiers who are held as prisoners of war by the Japanese in the Philippine Islands. The list includes 166 officers (including 45 warrant officers, and 825 enlisted men. The list follows:

Commissioned Officers
1st Lt. B. F. Marshall
1st Lt. B. H. O'Neal
1st Lt. R. A. Sellers
1st Lt. J. S. Smith
1st Lt. W. G. Ma-
1st Lt. C. H. Smith
1st Lt. W. J. Howard
1st Lt. J. I. Moore
1st Lt. C. D. Quinn
1st Lt. P. E. Ramsey
1st Lt. W. S. Gordon
1st Lt. B. R. John-
1st Lt. T. R. Ken-
1st Lt. K. A. Lebart
1st Lt. J. D. Liebert
1st Lt. W. I. Malette
1st Lt. W. L. Mele
1st Lt. W. H. Mont-
1st Lt. J. S. Muir
1st Lt. L. S. Schoen-
1st Lt. H. V. Sherman
1st Lt. E. B. Shevlin
1st Lt. F. G. Smith
1st Lt. W. Troutman
1st Lt. R. W. Whip-
1st Lt. D. S. Winkler
1st Lt. J. H. Winkler
1st Lt. J. E. Mullen
1st Lt. C. A. Sheeley
1st Lt. E. P. Konik
1st Lt. J. J. Lynch
1st Lt. P. Monico
1st Lt. A. M. Ulrich
1st Lt. I. R. Sutphin
1st Lt. O. Lancaster
1st Lt. W. D. Young-
1st Lt. J. A. Phillips
1st Lt. F. L. Siler
1st Lt. J. R. Ken-
1st Lt. M. S. Mac-
1st Lt. R. R. Mann
1st Lt. J. Mattioli
1st Lt. J. V. Merri-
1st Lt. H. H. Mitten-
1st Lt. R. L. Moore
1st Lt. B. R. Morin
1st Lt. W. R. Parks
1st Lt. E. Stevens
1st Lt. E. Walcher
1st Lt. E. M. Garen
1st Lt. A. T. Sutt-
2nd Lt. E. M. Grimes
2nd Lt. J. W. Kelsey
2nd Lt. M. W. Mc-
2nd Lt. B. M. Navallo
2nd Lt. C. H. O'Neil
2nd Lt. L. A. Ose
2nd Lt. E. McKenney
2nd Lt. L. J. Pear-
2nd Lt. E. R. Preston
2nd Lt. A. B. Rue
2nd Lt. E. B. Smith
2nd Lt. H. R. Mc-
2nd Lt. C. H. Preble
2nd Lt. B. R. Richard
2nd Lt. E. M. Ulanow-
2nd Lt. J. A. Davis
2nd Lt. W. F. Eng-
2nd Lt. F. E. Leclear
2nd Lt. C. M. Guin
2nd Lt. C. B. Kopeike
2nd Lt. R. L. Swear-
2nd Lt. W. E. Weden
2nd Lt. W. J. Duncan
2nd Lt. F. T. Hardt
2nd Lt. A. B. Knach-
2nd Lt. R. L. Obourn
2nd Lt. G. R. Pfaff
2nd Lt. J. MacA. You-
1st Lt. D. H. Craft
1st Lt. J. L. Ellis
2nd Lt. G. A. Lee
2nd Lt. D. C. Limpert
2nd Lt. J. A. Oden, jr.
2nd Lt. J. R. Rado-
2nd Lt. J. F. Richards
2nd Lt. L. W. Rogers, jr.
2nd Lt. C. V. Safford
2nd Lt. L. B. Stiles
2nd Lt. A. F. Wheeler
2nd Lt. A. H. Chest-
2nd Lt. J. D. Lynch
2nd Lt. S. H. Mendel-
2nd Lt. V. J. Mick
2nd Lt. F. J. Roth
2nd Lt. C. W. Rowley
2nd Lt. M. A. Schech-
2nd Lt. C. F. Skill
2nd Lt. G. F. Small
2nd Lt. S. R. Trifilo
2nd Lt. H. B. Patter-
son, jr.

2nd Lt. P. H. Scar-
boro, jr.
2nd Lt. L. F. Wil-
liams, jr.
2nd Lt. M. H. Wood-
side
2nd Lt. R. C. Milks
2nd Lt. W. C. Kilduff
2nd Lt. C. N. Kline
2nd Lt. R. L. Saxton
2nd Lt. L. C. Sherry
2nd Lt. G. B. Berry
2nd Lt. H. E. Finley
2nd Lt. K. R. Lay
2nd Lt. W. A. Remn-
anider
2nd Lt. I. E. Rogers
2nd Lt. S. C. Wolf
2nd Lt. W. H. Brew-
ster
1st Lt. K. Madill
2nd Lt. M. C. Kissel
2nd Lt. W. F. Miles
2nd Lt. E. R. Welmer
2nd Lt. J. T. Wislocki
2nd Lt. M. F. Wolf
2nd Lt. T. W. Patrick, jr.
2nd Lt. C. L. White
2nd Lt. J. J. Gates
2nd Lt. J. F. Hay
2nd Lt. T. W. Laws
2nd Lt. J. H. Duff
2nd Lt. L. E. Dupree
1st Lt. J. B. Fry
2nd Lt. L. O. Goyne
2nd Lt. J. G. Griffith
2nd Lt. T. F. Guinn

Warrant Officers

WO H. Adams
WO W. J. McMichael
WO J. H. Dieckman
CWO E. H. F. Lund-
blad
CWO L. H. Rowland
WO W. M. Summers
CWO C. G. Benthien
WO J. MacArthur
WO W. Whirship
WO W. M. Andrews
WO M. M. Kline
WO R. H. Reese
WO C. W. Flagle
WO G. B. Gilbert
WO R. Irby
WO W. W. Walton
WO L. O. Jenkins
WO J. H. Bundy
CWO W. H. Heller
WO R. S. Scott
CWO F. C. Ambrose
WO R. Morgan
WO S. M. Lausen
CWO R. Moore
CWO C. W. Sperry
WO A. A. Bocksel
CWO H. H. Denning
CWO G. E. Dorman
WO R. F. Garofalo
WO J. Knopping
WO N. J. Mason
WO M. E. Lee
WO H. R. Klips
CWO R. P. Linde-
muth
WO W. G. Troynosky
WO S. Bernard
WO J. A. Price
WO J. M. Dunlavy
WO W. E. Eicken-
horst
WO C. M. Vetter
WO H. L. Wilkinson, jr.
WO J. W. Hulburt
WO L. R. Liljgreen
WO J. McBeath
WO H. M. Purcell

Enlisted Personnel

Sgt. M. Earnest
Sgt. W. St. C. Met-
calf
Cpl. Jack Morgan
Sgt. E. M. Pitts
Sgt. H. O. Shannon
Sgt. L. N. Simmons
Sgt. J. R. Simpson
Sgt. J. H. Vaughan
Sgt. F. H. Walker
Sgt. T. C. Bowman
M. Sgt. W. J. Bunch
Sgt. L. A. Cisneros
Sgt. W. A. Hall
Cpl. Jess Powell
Sgt. T. W. Ratcliffe
Sgt. A. H. Stanger
Sgt. T. E. Andrews
Sgt. E. T. Britt
Cpl. B. A. Courson
Sgt. M. Dumas
T. Sgt. J. C. Finch
Sgt. W. O. French
Sgt. W. M. Hall
Sgt. W. L. Jones
Sgt. N. L. Lonon
Sgt. G. F. McClelland
Cpl. H. A. Martin
Sgt. H. C. Simmons
Sgt. R. E. Stouffer
Sgt. G. S. Wylie
Sgt. C. F. Abbott
M. Sgt. L. H. Albee
Sgt. M. Allen
Cpl. W. Ballou
Cpl. W. B. Begley
Cpl. E. C. Betts
M. Sgt. F. W. Bick-
more
Sgt. J. P. Brittain
Sgt. G. D. Brokaw
Sgt. E. A. Chaney
Sgt. A. L. Crette
Cpl. F. E. Dean
Sgt. J. E. Delanty
Sgt. W. H. Diermann
M. Sgt. H. M. Drake
Cpl. C. A. Durbin, jr.
Sgt. C. E. Emley
M. Sgt. R. O. Ervin
Cpl. B. L. Flores
Sgt. S. B. Francis
Sgt. R. H. Gibson
Sgt. J. R. Gillespie
Sgt. A. P. Gillis
Sgt. C. Glascock
Cpl. P. C. Glentzer
Sgt. W. F. Grayson
Cpl. J. D. Grinet, jr.
Sgt. T. E. Grover
Sgt. E. A. Haberman
M. Sgt. C. T. Hatter
M. Sgt. P. T. High-
tower
M. Sgt. O. E. Hoover
Sgt. G. T. Jensen
Sgt. H. E. Lee
Sgt. W. G. Lewis
Sgt. T. M. Litch
Cpl. S. R. Lynch
Cpl. E. I. McPherson
Cpl. Alex Martin
Cpl. G. H. Meyers
Cpl. K. B. Miller
Sgt. E. S. Morello
Cpl. R. J. Peoples
Sgt. J. H. Reagan
Cpl. V. C. Reed
Sgt. K. Ronse
Sgt. J. W. Seale
Sgt. C. R. Sears
Sgt. H. Simpkin
M. Sgt. F. W. Smith
T. Sgt. A. W. Sullivan
Cpl. E. E. Tavilan
Cpl. T. W. Thompson
Cpl. D. W. Ventch
Sgt. H. J. Vick
Sgt. A. L. Vico
Cpl. R. J. Vogler, jr.
Sgt. T. E. Watts
Sgt. G. Wayman
T. Sgt. L. M. Weaver
Cpl. D. C. Webb
Sgt. C. E. Western
Sgt. J. C. Wheeler
Sgt. W. W. White
Cpl. J. P. Zinani
Cpl. Q. P. DeVore
Sgt. J. W. Emanuel
Sgt. F. V. Gagliardi
Sgt. D. A. Gereke

(Continued on Next Page)

Sea Service Casualties

Casualties in the Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard, announced from 8 to 10 Feb. brought the total since the war to 6,568 dead, 4,101 wounded and 12,303 missing.

Pvt. 1c Floyd S. Shock, previously reported dead, was this week reported safe. The following, previously reported missing, are now reported safe:

Sic David Ross Morey, USN
S2c Basil Dominic Izzi, USNR
S2c James Cecil McWhorter, USN
SgM2c Stephen Burney Barnett, USN
Pvt. Kenneth W. Thornton, USMC
Sgt. Howard D. Comin, USMC, is now reported dead. He previously was reported wounded.

The following, previously reported missing, are now reported dead:

OS2c R. Andrews MM2c R. A. Praater
PM2c L. M. Lane SK3c R. W. Mattison
MA2c F. E. Norman

The following previously reported as prisoners of war are now reported as dead:

Sgt. B. H. Manning Pvt. 1c J. F. Commers
Those announced from 3 to 10 Feb. fol-
low:

DEAD

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

U. S. Naval Reserve

Lt. (jg) G. W. O'Mary Lt. (jg) R. H. God-
dard
Ens. D. E. Hunt Ens. P. G. Kingsbury
Lt. E. M. Post, jr. Lt. (jg) C. A. Mi-
ranne, III

U. S. Marine Corps Reserve

1st Lt. R. M. La Prade 2nd Lt. J. S. Rodgers
1st Lt. L. D. Le Sage 2nd Lt. R. L. Offen-
bacher
1st Lt. J. L. Pratt
2nd Lt. A. B. Howe

WOUNDED

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

U. S. Marine Corps

Capt. Leroy P. Hunt, jr.
U. S. Marine Corps Reserve
2nd Lt. W. F. Sanford 2nd Lt. J. M. Wester-
Capt. C. P. Lewis, jr. man
2nd Lt. Edw. Maher

MISSING

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

U. S. Navy

Lt. Comdr. W. Bron-
son
Lt. T. E. Edwards, jr.
Ens. G. F. Morton
Ens. P. M. King
Ens. W. F. Sweet

U. S. Naval Reserve

Lt. (jg) J. R. Borum Ens. E. C. Brewer
U. S. Marine Corps Reserve
1st Lt. W. A. Eck 2nd Lt. L. K. Wilcox
1st Lt. W. W. Christ- 2nd Lt. W. C. Lam-
ian bert

1st Lt. G. A. Loban

DEAD

ENLISTED PERSONNEL

U. S. Navy

Sic C. H. Parsons W1c C. F. Wood
AMM3c W. W. Lee MM2c G. Moran, jr.
PhM1c B. W. Glebler Yealc W. E. Kreth
PhM3c J. A. Harley Sic L. R. Colvin
PhM2c E. W. Burns CWT J. D. Pratt

U. S. Naval Reserve

PhM3c E. L. Hopkin ARM3c W. M. Ander-
son
SM3c R. L. Moir
HA1c R. P. Jobb
EM3c D. A. Blue

U. S. Marine Corps

Pvt. 1c M. L. Wood Pvt. E. A. Bridgman
Pvt. 1c M. H. Reid Pvt. G. C. Odett
Cpl. R. J. Watson Pvt. 1c J. L. Blair
Cpl. F. D. Spicer Pvt. G. R. Calloway
Pvt. 1c W. L. Rokiski Pvt. 1c R. A. Koop
Pvt. B. M. Stringfield Cpl. O. J. Bourdier, jr.
Cpl. J. K. Fleming Pvt. H. N. McAlpin
Pvt. H. A. Piacus, jr. Pvt. Marvin Mode
Pvt. 1c R. A. Reeher Sgt. J. P. Brumbaugh
Pvt. 1c W. R. Jewell, jr. Sgt. K. D. Simpson
Pvt. A. T. Parker T. Sgt. E. R. Hannum
Pvt. W. West Pvt. 1c V. Smith
Pvt. 1c T. P. Carter Pvt. R. E. Schantz
Cpl. R. J. Kenny Cpl. A. A. Reed
Pvt. 1c R. E. Kranz, jr. Pvt. R. B. Brannan
Pvt. S. R. Macklin Pvt. Wm. Gordon
Sgt. R. F. Wilson Pvt. LuV. H. Trim-
born
Sgt. E. C. Magnan Pvt. 1c J. K. Michot
Cpl. L. F. Verchek Pvt. R. J. Austin
Pvt. J. R. Medeiros, jr. Sgt. W. P. Landry
P. Sgt. C. T. O'Brien Pvt. 1c C. J. Barrett
Pvt. H. K. Garrett T. Sgt. V. W. Bailey
Pvt. H. R. Johnston

U. S. Marine Corps Reserve

Pvt. 1c L. E. Wendorf Pvt. E. A. Heikkinen
Pvt. E. C. Querrey Pvt. L. Pascoe
Pvt. 1c E. R. Foster Pvt. J. R. Pennazoli
Pvt. H. G. DeBow Pvt. 1c E. W. Wade
Pvt. P. A. Falk Cpl. R. B. White
Pvt. 1c E. J. Horwath Pvt. J. J. Clark
Pvt. J. A. Ricketts, jr. Pvt. 1c L. W. Hunt
Pvt. R. L. Whiteside Pvt. J. J. Diamond
Pvt. R. G. Anderson Pvt. L. J. Washville

NAVY DEPARTMENT

Secretary of the Navy
Frank Knox

Under Secretary of the Navy
James V. Ferriss

Assistant Secretary of the Navy
Ralph A. Bard

Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Air)
Arlan L. Gaines

Chief of Naval Operations and CNOUS
Admiral H. H. King

Chief of Staff, CNOUS
Vice Admiral Richard S. Edwards

Vice Chief of Naval Operations
Vice Admiral F. J. Horna

Commandant, U. S. Marine Corps
Lt. Gen. T. Holcomb

Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard
Vice Adm. Russell R. Waesche

Cpl. W. O. Ramay Pvt. R. J. Lukas
Pvt. B. J. Van Orden Pvt. B. T. Roton
P. Sgt. H. F. Drain Pvt. J. E. Peterson
MG O. N. Lund Pvt. 1c R. A. Moore
Pvt. E. Palmer Pvt. F. J. Mansfield
Pvt. 1c F. C. Cook Pvt. 1c K. R. Drews
Pvt. J. W. Burt, jr. Cpl. F. H. Cammer, jr.
Cpl. R. C. Lewis, jr. Cpl. K. D. Casity
Pvt. G. J. Flynn Cpl. W. J. Jones
Cpl. K. B. Yates Pvt. D. W. Philson
Pvt. D. F. Frechon Pvt. C. H. Ferguson
GM2c F. Fox

WOUNDED

ENLISTED PERSONNEL

U. S. Navy

HA1c R. E. Painter FM2c D. V. Thomas
SC3c J. E. L. Bernier S2c H. Sanseverino
BM2c R. C. Wintrow CMM M. Petrecca
SC1c S. Weltzel HA1c A. T. Martin
PhM1c R. N. Ellithorpe PHM2c C. W. Dunn
Yeo2c V. A. Cropper S1c R. J. Swafford
PHM2c G. C. Jennings, jr. S1c F. J. Nowak
SC1c G. A. Barr TMC1c A. S. Reeves
WT2c O. Baker S2c H. Daugherty
Bsm2c J. A. Treesh CBM J. L. Kasper

U. S. Naval Reserve

HA1c J. E. Paggi Bsm2c T. Boxberger
S2c A. E. Swinscoe PhM3c C. T. Kendall
HA1c J. R. Spence AOM2c N. A. Orford
PhM3c W. B. Hamilton PHM2c W. Aiken

U. S. Marine Corps

Pvt. J. R. Heath Pvt. 1c F. J. Marshall
Pvt. 1c R. E. Voorhees Sgt. B. T. Rives
Pvt. J. H. Whitaker Pvt. W. C. Andrews
Pvt. I. C. Fortness Asst. Cook B. Kiefer
Pvt. C. Reyes Pvt. Sgt. W. A. Yoder
Pvt. W. A. Sparks Pvt. G. V. Carpenter
Pvt. 1c R. E. Jamison Pvt. 1c J. J. Jennings
Pvt. J. R. Stevens Pvt. Sgt. O. Coverton
Pvt. 1c J. G. Chapman Pvt. L. R. Hemler, jr.
(Continued on Next Page)

HOT FOODS A-PLenty for SERVICE MEN

AerVoid all-metal, vacuum insulated food, soup and coffee carriers for Army and Navy long-distance hot food servicing. Easy handling. SANITATION. Dependable efficiency. Built-in ability to withstand rough usage. Long service at LOW COST. Write for Bulletin No. 220.



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Attorneys at Law

708-715 Tower Building

Washington, D. C.

INSURANCE AT COST

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Automobile Accidents

UNITED SERVICES

AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION

Fort Sam Houston, Texas

Sea Service Casualties (Continued from Preceding Page)

Pvt. 1c R. E. Turgeon
Pvt. C. M. Crown
Pvt. 1c W. Wells
Sgt. M. R. McBride
Pvt. W. J. Lakomczyk
Sgt. G. M. Johnson, jr.
Sgt. J. Q. Burchwell
Pvt. J. A. McQuiston
Pvt. 1c P. C. Burnett
Pvt. W. E. Woods
Pvt. 1c R. W. Lukens
Pvt. 1c J. P. Young
Pvt. 1c H. B. Bailey, jr.
Pvt. R. V. Maxwell
Pvt. 1c L. E. Cope
Pvt. 1c J. B. Harris
Pvt. 1c W. R. Veach
Pvt. R. A. McDonnell
Cpl. V. L. Thorp

Pvt. 1c W. J. Reed
Pvt. 1c H. E. Gaske
Pvt. 1c W. D. Crawley, jr.
Pvt. 1c G. M. Mahon
Pvt. N. M. Beringer
Cpl. H. W. Johnson
Pvt. F. F. Miller
Sgt. M. Tomlinson
Cpl. P. Bandama
Sgt. H. F. Avery
Cpl. C. Touchet
Pvt. R. B. Redding
Pvt. 1c S. D. Sigafos
Pvt. 1c D. L. Hagan
Tech. Sgt. R. Gonzales
Pvt. 1c E. M. Kenyon
Pvt. R. H. Linville
Pvt. Sgt. R. W. Dickens

Pvt. Sgt. G. L. Pink
Pvt. R. R. Long
Pvt. E. R. Widman

U. S. Marine Corps Reserve
Pvt. W. T. Wojcik
Pvt. R. J. Sokolowicz
Pvt. 1c S. M. Curry
Pvt. P. P. Duda
Pvt. J. N. McLaren
Pvt. V. Sutton
Pvt. 1c N. W. Romano
Pvt. H. D. T. Slack
Cpl. K. L. Klein
Sgt. R. G. Boyd
Pvt. 1c R. J. Bonner
Pvt. 1c J. P. King
Pvt. 1c G. M. Young
Pvt. 1c T. J. Manias

U. S. Navy
Pvt. 1c J. Krenzel
Sgt. R. N. Lampe
Pvt. 1c J. P. Williams

MISSING ENLISTED PERSONNEL
U. S. Navy
SS1c J. W. Stolte
SM1c W. P. Stratton, jr.

RM3c R. W. Kleser
SM2c R. B. Thomas
M. B. W. Williams
M. J. B. Payne
SM2c R. E. Farquharson
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Prisoners of War

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Sgt. L. F. Mills	Cpl. A. J. Panno	Sgt. J. W. Bohner	Sgt. G. Farmer	Cpl. J. J. Johnson	Sgt. Alfred Poe	S. Sgt. M. Werner	S. Sgt. T. W. Fortune
Cpl. G. Milton	Sgt. J. J. Parente	Cpl. G. A. Brasuel	Sgt. W. H. Fipps	Cpl. M. L. Johnson	S. Sgt. J. P. Prukop	M. Sgt. W. W. Wheel-	M. Sgt. W. B. Hall
Sgt. H. J. Moss	Cpl. M. J. Perfett	S. Sgt. C. M. Brum-	Sgt. W. F. Fontaine	Cpl. N. L. Johnson	Cpl. Reuben E. Ray	chel	Sgt. R. H. Huckstep
Sgt. B. Olmstead	S. Sgt. E. G. Pfeiffer	baugh	Cpl. H. C. Ford	S. Sgt. O. W. Johnson	Cpl. L. B. Read	Sgt. J. D. Wilson	S. Sgt. J. E. O'Neal
Cpl. W. L. Parks	Cpl. Michael Putas	Cpl. G. W. Burton	Sgt. J. M. Puentes	M. Sgt. C. Joyner	Sgt. C. A. Rhoades	S. Sgt. R. C. Wise	Sgt. W. E. Riddick
Cpl. H. L. Ridley	Sgt. E. M. Richwine	T. Sgt. R. E. Butler	Sgt. H. F. Gilliland	Sgt. R. E. Kay	Sgt. O. D. Roland	M. Sgt. E. S. Young	M. Sgt. P. E. Runey
Sgt. K. D. Stanford	Sgt. J. L. Scholl	Sgt. H. B. Castillo	Cpl. R. W. Gonzales	Sgt. W. L. Lee	Sgt. A. Schattel	Sgt. J. A. Davis	S. Sgt. R. M. Trent
Cpl. P. F. Zurline	Sgt. J. Slezak, jr.	Sgt. V. L. Catchings	Sgt. H. W. Gregory	Sgt. A. McGraw	Sgt. G. F. Simmons	S. Sgt. K. S. Davis	S. Sgt. W. M. Young
Cpl. W. V. Combett	Sgt. G. Sotak	Cpl. R. W. Chandler	Sgt. E. W. Guye	Sgt. E. B. McLaugh-	Sgt. R. B. Smith	Sgt. C. W. Elton, jr.	Cpl. H. E. Bradley
Sgt. E. A. Jensen	Pvt. K. J. Stull	Cpl. W. L. Childress	Cpl. J. A. Hale	lin	Sgt. C. W. Spence	S. Sgt. C. A. Hansen	Cpl. B. F. Hunt
Cpl. M. T. Jones	Sgt. W. Thomas	Cpl. E. J. Christopher	Cpl. W. L. Hankins	Cpl. G. P. McMillan	Sgt. R. K. Toler	Cpl. W. D. Pilling	M. Sgt. W. D. Kilgore
Sgt. E. T. Watson	Sgt. G. Vanish	S. Sgt. E. V. Coleman	Sgt. H. E. Harrell	Sgt. R. V. Malner	S. Sgt. R. V. Tuck	Cpl. H. W. Poole	S. Sgt. E. J. Larson
Cpl. H. W. Ayres	Cpl. R. L. Wolfers-	Cpl. B. F. Cooksey	Cpl. C. A. Hartley	Cpl. L. B. Martin	Sgt. H. G. Tyson	S. Sgt. R. G. Watt	Sgt. E. C. McCubbin
Sgt. H. F. Bass	berger	Sgt. C. R. Crossland	Cpl. W. T. Henderson	Sgt. P. W. Miller	S. Sgt. R. W. Under-	Sgt. W. B. Alvis	Sgt. B. D. McIntyre
Cpl. Paul Blaho	T. Sgt. H. H. Bonds	Cpl. F. R. Cullum	S. Sgt. R. D. Hoblit	S. Sgt. W. B. Millikin	wood	Cpl. C. E. Caldwell	Sgt. W. Neer
Sgt. F. Bogden	Sgt. J. R. Henderson	Sgt. R. Dukatnik	S. Sgt. H. H. Holder-	Sgt. R. D. Mitchell	Pvt. C. W. Waldrep	Cpl. T. S. Chisenhall	Cpl. W. T. Page
Cpl. H. A. Bradford	Sgt. J. A. Justice	Sgt. L. E. Duke	ness	Sgt. J. T. Murphy	S. Sgt. A. M. Walker	Sgt. C. E. Crance	M. Sgt. I. Peterson
Sgt. R. E. Burch-	S. Sgt. R. C. Kellett	Sgt. G. T. Ellis	S. Sgt. L. James	Sgt. E. O. Phelps	S. Sgt. G. O. Warner		
field	S. Sgt. F. W. Kline				S. Sgt. C. W. Webb		
S. C. Corley	Sgt. A. B. Rogers						
S. Sgt. Joseph Crea	S. Sgt. C. J. Williams						
Sgt. F. J. Destefan	Sgt. J. W. Wilson						
Cpl. V. W. Durachko	Sgt. R. C. Smith						
Cpl. J. T. Dzulbczyn-	S. Sgt. R. L. Sperr						
ski	S. Sgt. E. R. Dabney,						
T. Sgt. C. E. Edsall	jr.						
Sgt. E. Fenslaw	Cpl. E. C. Dunn						
Cpl. S. L. Ferrara	Cpl. C. Daubenspeck						
Sgt. A. Fignar	Sgt. W. F. Fletcher,						
Sgt. L. M. Frederick	jr.						
Sgt. F. F. Freeborn	S. Sgt. F. Godsey						
Sgt. J. M. Glessner	Sgt. Western Price						
Cpl. J. T. Kleeman	S. Sgt. F. C. Scar-						
Cpl. S. J. Krollkoski	brough						
Sgt. John Krynak	S. Sgt. J. H. Steed						
Sgt. L. W. Leckey	T. Sgt. J. E. Sutter-						
Sgt. J. T. Lynch	field						
Sgt. L. F. Mc-	S. Sgt. R. H. Ward						
Kenna	Sgt. L. Aguilar, jr.						
Cpl. W. Macarovitch	Sgt. H. B. Ashby						
Cpl. J. P. Markovich	S. Sgt. J. O. Bass						
Sgt. T. Mason, jr.	S. Sgt. W. H. Bendele						
Sgt. B. W. Meyrick	Cpl. W. I. Berrier						
Sgt. J. W. Miller	S. Sgt. A. J. Berry						
Sgt. A. J. Onacki	Sgt. Cecil C. Bird						



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(Please turn to Page 681)

SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Foreign Affairs—American isolationism, already a thing of the past, is to be completely submerged under policies the Administration has determined to press. By his agreement with the President of Brazil, President Roosevelt committed the United States to joint action designed to prevent the bulge of Africa from ever serving as a base for attack upon the Western Hemisphere. Speaking this week before the House Foreign Affairs Committee, Secretary Knox urged that to keep Japan disarmed after her conquest, "we must have sufficient bases to prevent future aggression in that quarter of the Globe." Thus our high officials have indicated that they contemplate broadening our control of strategic areas across the oceans in order to prevent future rupture of peace by an aggressor State.

Since Mr. Roosevelt saw the President of Brazil after the Casablanca Conference, it is assumed their discussion was predicated upon an understanding of the former with Prime Minister Churchill. But also concerned are France, Spain and Portugal, which have possessions in North Africa. Probably they would enter objection to the United States permanently locating in the Dark Continent, from which it could easily operate by air as well as ship against Europe; and they might argue that in view of such expansion, the Monroe Doctrine no longer would be tenable, and they would refuse to respect it. By reason of our creation of Liberia early in the 18th Century, we could with greater justification expand our development of a base at Monrovia, but this in the past we have avoided because of unwillingness to spread beyond our Hemisphere. Moreover, Monrovia is a considerable distance from the Bulge of Africa. It follows that the future negotiations covering the latter area will be of intense interest and even concern to the European States having special interests therein.

Secretary Knox did not reveal the islands in the Pacific and the Far East upon which air and naval bases should be established, and this has given rise to reports that they might include the Gilbert, Marshall, Caroline and other groups that Japan holds under a mandate from the League of Nations, and some of which she seized since her perfidious attack at Pearl Harbor. Before and during the period of the war, the Armed Services have been active in building and protecting bases and capturing them not only in our own insular possessions, but in those of our Allies. We have made Hawaii a bastion, strengthened Midway, developed the Aleutians, and fortified strategic islands in the southern Pacific. We have taken Guadalcanal from the Japanese, and cooperating with the Australians have kicked them out of Papua. From the bases thus gained, we are operating against harbors and landing fields which that enemy is using. But Japan is remote from the southwest Pacific, and to control her, bases must be acquired within range of her home territory. Probably among other plans, the Secretary proposes that Wake Island be made into a strong subsidiary base, and Guam into a fortified base after they shall be retaken. The Navy urgently advised before the war that Guam be made impregnable for the use of the Fleet, but unwilling to take a step that might precipitate war, Congress refused the necessary appropriation. If this authority should be granted in the future, the United States would have bases in Hawaii, Midway, Wake, Guam and Manila; and its power thereby would be immeasurably increased. But even this chain would not be sufficient to restrain Japan. We would need the Japanese mandated islands in the mid-Pacific and also one or two in the China Sea so as to prevent any repetition of their march southward toward the British and Dutch possessions, and Australia. Moreover, all Japanese bases would have to be demilitarized.

Just as in the case with respect to the African Bulge, European Powers would be keenly interested in the measures we may take to control the Pacific. It will be recalled that at the Versailles Conference, the British Government encouraged the grant of the German Islands in the Pacific to the Mandate of Japan. It did not believe, of course, that that Nation would violate the terms of the mandate and fortify the islands. However, some in the London Government deemed it contrary to British interests to permit the United States to expand its territorial holdings in the western ocean, and the Wilson Administration, anxious to show our unselfishness, displayed no interest in the suggestion. The Roosevelt Administration is more realistic. It knows that force alone will restrain an aggressor nation, and, therefore, it wishes to have bases that will enable our Services to maintain peace. To satisfy British sentiment it may be the islands selected to serve as bases will be jointly controlled by the United States and Britain. Such form of control exists over the Johnston, Canton and Enderbury Islands, and is working satisfactorily in the prosecution of the war. It might well be that Russia would be interested in our activities in Africa and the Pacific. Should the United States and Great Britain fail to invade Europe promptly, and the Germans be vanquished by the Red Armies, Premier Stalin would have an emphatic voice in connection with any expansion of American or British power. Certainly he will require compensation for the terrible losses his country has endured, and while he may confine his demands to adjoining territory, the fact must not be lost sight of that his wishes will have to be considered in respect of every phase of the Global settlement. Appreciating the importance of the measures in the Administration mind, the House Naval Committee will make an investigation to determine what sites for bases in the Pacific shall be developed or sought by negotiation.

Secretary Knox revealed in his testimony that the Navy has transferred to foreign Governments, principally Britain, 285 vessels and ships and 251 small boats and craft valued at \$127,000,000. The larger ships are engaged in anti-submarine patrol in the Atlantic and European waters, which accounts partially for the lack of vessels available for the Eastern Defense Command of Vice Admiral Adolphus Andrews. However, as a result of the excellent organization which Admiral Andrews has created, and the efficiency with which it is operating, sinkings off our Atlantic Coast are practically nil, and coast wise commerce has been moving with gratifying freedom. Mr. Knox further stressed that Lend-Lease is not one-sided. Our ships have received large assistance in foreign ports, and the naval as well as military personnel have been provided with a substantial portion of supplies and provisions. This means that ship tonnage has been saved for combat uses, for example, the transportation of the African Expeditionary Force. Admiral Land, Chairman of the Maritime Commission, told the Committee that by far the largest portion of sailings reached their destination.

It is apparent there will be no dollar and cent post-war settlement of international debts arising out of the Lend-Lease program. Secretary Stimson testified that the United Nations would have a "devilish hard time" making such a settlement and that grave international misunderstanding might develop if it were attempted. In other words, just as we have brushed aside the thought of collecting the debts of

World War I, so the Administration intends to write off those which will be due us as a result of the current struggle. However, Lend-Lease is being examined to determine whether the debt which will be due us can be used to obtain the bases essential to our greater security and for peace.

There is a strong sentiment in Congress to require the Administration to increase the Lend-Lease aid to China. How this is to be accomplished is a question. At present we must depend upon air transport for deliveries to Chungking. Therefore, the pressure is on the part of that Government for operations which will reopen the Burma route. Our position is that since the operations must be based upon India, the British are the ones to decide when that campaign shall start.

Signal Corps—From shady corner poolrooms, from run-down drug stores, from gambling dens, have come new volunteers for the Signal Corps of the U. S. Army. Pin ball machines, "one arm" bandits, and other gambling devices, that once graced the interiors of soft drink emporiums, stationery stores, and gin mills, have been salvaged by Signal Corps experts at the Enlisted School of the Eastern Signal Corps Training Center at Fort Monmouth, N. J., and are now "paying off" in hundreds of intricate and valuable electrical components.

Under Capt. Donald B. Livingston, instructors assigned to the "Elements of Radio" section of the Radio Division of the School, have dismantled this equipment, netted in a high powered drive by local authorities, and have salvaged vital units no longer commercially available.

Lt. Col. Alfred E. Larabee has been assigned chief of staff at Central Signal Corps Training Center, Camp Crowder, Missouri, it has been announced by Maj. Gen. Walter E. Prosser, Commanding General. The newly appointed chief of staff was transferred there from the University of California at Berkeley, where he was in charge of the Signal Corps unit of ROTC. Col. Larabee has been assigned to the vacancy created by Lt. Col. A. E. Allen, who was assigned to the new Signal Corps School at Davis, Calif.

Opening of the Chicago Field Office of the Price Adjustment Section, Purchase Branch, Office of the Chief Signal Officer, has been announced. Maj. George E. Phelps, SC, is officer in charge.

The Fort Monmouth, N. J., Post Exchange has turned over a total of \$98,939.80 to various organizations and company funds. The sum represents the profits of the PX for the year 1942. Among the principal beneficiaries were the Library, the Chaplain Fund, the Signal Corps Band, and the SCRTC Band. Every company in each of the five regiments stationed at Fort Monmouth also received its proportionate amount based upon enlisted strength. This amounted to about \$1,500 per company.

According to Maj. J. J. Solomon, Post Exchange Officer, the rapid expansion of business during 1942 attests to the effectiveness with which the Exchange is fulfilling its functions. The sales volume of the Exchange, with branches at Camp Wood, Camp Edison, and Asbury Park, was six times as great in December of last year as it was in January of last year.

In addition to Major Solomon, serving at the Post Exchange are Capt. Herbert Bertel, in charge of personnel and retail operations; 1st Lt. H. H. Liebman, in charge of finance and accounting, and Mr. Robert E. Stewart, Civilian Exchange Manager.

A new Signal Corps Procurement District, the Monmouth Procurement District, has been established at Asbury Park, N. J. This district under the newly established Signal Corps Ground Signal Service will perform those procurement functions formerly performed by the Signal Corps General Development Laboratory at Fort Monmouth, N. J., and the Signal Corps Laboratory at Belmar, N. J., respectively.

Thus the Signal Corps now has three Procurement Districts: Wright Field Procurement District, at Dayton, Ohio, for the purchase of airborne equipment, the Monmouth Procurement District in Asbury Park, N. J., for the procurement principally of ground aircraft warning equipment, and the Philadelphia Procurement District for the procurement of all other Signal Corps items.

Chemical Warfare Service—Col. Edward Montgomery, CWS, newly appointed Air Chemical Officer, recently visited Headquarters of the Air Service Command, Patterson Field, Ohio, where he attended a conference of Chemical Warfare Officers. This conference was convened by Lt. Col. R. B. Strader, CWS, Chemical Officer of the Air Service Command for the purpose of discussing Chemical Warfare problems of this Command. Colonel Montgomery was accompanied on this trip by Maj. A. M. Prentiss, Jr., CWS, also of Headquarters, Army Air Forces.

Naval Aeronautics—Two more Auxiliary Base Fields, Corry and Ellyson, were commissioned Auxiliary Air Stations at the Naval Air Training Center, Pensacola, Fla., in mid-January under the command of Rear Adm. George D. Murray, Commandant. Only one, Saufley Field, remains to be commissioned to complete the transition begun last November with the commissioning of Bronson Field, followed in December by the addition of Barin Field, which was brought directly into the NATC as an Auxiliary Air Station.

Corry Field, which was established in 1934, is the oldest of the outlying fields at "The Annapolis of the Air." Ellyson Field was added in October, 1941, the third of the auxiliaries.

Other major changes occurred. Squadron 8-A at the main station was split up the first of January and Squadron 8-B formed at Bronson Field, both giving patrol plane training. At the end of the month, Squadron 1-D at Saufley was disbanded and those who had not finished their instruction there were transferred to Corry Field and attached to Squadron 1-A, the last unit at the NATC giving primary training.

Squadron 1-D achieved an outstanding record for its 15 months of operation. During that period, not one fatal accident occurred, nor any injury serious enough to incapacitate a student or pilot for further duty. Since the declaration of the National Emergency, 1-D graduated more students than any other primary squadron.

On 1 February, the Primary Instructors' School at Saufley was discontinued and an Intermediate Instructors' School organized as a separate unit located at Corry Field.

Quartermaster Corps—Dr. Frederick Conrad Blanck, for many years Chief of the Food Research Division of the Bureau of Agricultural Chemistry and Engineering in the Agriculture Department, has been appointed Director of Subsistence Research for the Army Quartermaster Corps, the War Department announced.

Dr. Blanck for the past three years has been chief research chemist for the H. J. Heinz Company of Pittsburgh.

Col. Henry B. Barry, QMC, Commanding Officer of the Jersey City Quartermaster Depot has announced the addition to the permanent officer personnel of 2nd Lt.

Arnold F. Cullman, John J. Iacofano, Irving Schwartz and Lesser Zussman, all of the Quartermaster Corps.

Army Ground Forces—HEADQUARTERS, AGF—Camps in Kentucky and Wisconsin were visited by Lt. Gen. Lesley J. McNair, commanding general of the Army Ground Forces, and a party of officers from Headquarters during the past week. The party also stopped at XI Corps Headquarters in Chicago, Ill., enroute.

The camps visited were Camp Breckinridge and Camp Campbell, in Kentucky and Camp McCoy in Wisconsin.

Officers who accompanied General McNair on the trip included Brig. Gen. John M. Lentz, chief of the G-3 Section; Col. James G. Christiansen, Deputy Chief of Staff; Col. Giles R. Carpenter, Lt. Col. Keith H. Ewbank, James S. Keller and Ferdinand T. Unger and Maj. Allan L. Feldman, Holman D. Hoover and Albert H. Jackman.

Announcement of the promotion of five officers assigned to Headquarters was made this week by General McNair.

Lt. Col. Herbert B. Powell, Lt. Col. John H. Stadler, Jr., and Lt. Col. John F. Williams were promoted to the rank of Colonel. Capt. Robert Sharp was promoted to the rank of Major while 1st Lt. Edward A. Peters was promoted to Captain.

ARMORED FORCE—"Although hard fighting is ahead of Allied troops, the Axis hold on Africa is doomed," said Lt. Gen. Jacob L. Devers when interviewed last week at Armored Force Headquarters in Ft. Knox, Ky. "I am confident that American, British and French forces can and will drive the Germans and Italians out of Africa, or if they make a stand, annihilate them a short time after the Allies start their concerted effort."

Having flown more than the distance around the world, on undisclosed missions in England, Gen. Devers, Chief of Armored Force, has returned to the Armored Force Headquarters at Ft. Knox.

"American troops in Africa are in excellent health and in fine spirits. Naturally I was particularly interested in the Armored Force troops under Generals Patton and Ward. To my eyes they were the finest soldiers I saw in Africa. Their training is revealing itself in unmatched fighting ability. All America can take pride in these soldiers and in our Air Corps."

General Devers had interviews with General Marshall and Lt. Gen. Eisenhower and Armored Force generals, as well as with the commanders of troops in other sectors of North Africa. He was at Medjez el Bab during one of the enemy air raids, and later was in London during the heaviest raid in many months. He watched this raid from his hotel window and said the anti-aircraft fire was unimaginable, the heaviest barrage of all times, through which, it seemed, no plane could pass. On that occasion ten enemy planes were brought down and a possible eight more were seriously damaged.

General Devers left Ft. Knox on 14 Dec. on an undisclosed mission and flew to Africa by Air Transport Command plane with a party of five, composed of Maj. Gen. Edward H. Brooks, commanding general of the 11th Armored Division; Brig. Gen. Williston B. Palmer, Armored Force Artillery Officer; Brig. Gen. G. M. Barnes, Ordnance Department; Col. W. T. Sexton, Assistant Secretary General Staff, War Department, and Lt. Col. Earle L. Hormell of the personal staff of the Commanding General, Armored Force.

Although it is reported that Armored Force men are not allowed to wear their insignia in England for fear of revealing distribution of various units, General Patton has insisted that it be worn in Africa. "It scares Nazis, who remember legends of U. S. offensives in the first World War," declared General Patton.

Four new ordnance units comprising a provisional ordnance battalion under the command of Maj. Leland K. Warrick have been attached to the 12th Armored Division, Maj. Gen. Carlos Brewer, Commanding General, has announced at Camp Campbell, Ky.

The companies under Major Warrick are the 333rd Ordnance Motor Transportation Company, Lt. T. M. Gilmore, commanding; the 452nd Ordnance Evacuation Company, Lt. F. E. Twenter, commanding; the 503rd Ordnance Company, Lt. B. J. Nichols, commanding, and the 859th Ordnance Company, Lt. C. W. Cavanaugh, commanding.

Major Warrick has been Assistant Division Ordnance Officer of the 12th Armored Division since 15 Sept.

The Armored Force Replacement Training Center's Officers' Orientation School, Ft. Knox, Ky., affectionately known far and wide as "Newton's College," in honor of Brig. Gen. Henry C. Newton of Los Angeles, founder and guiding genius, closed its doors this afternoon with the graduation of 160 student officers who comprised the twentieth class. Since its inception 16 months ago, the School has qualified 2,531 officers and now has graduates in every organization within the Armored Force. Classes were made up of officers just called to active duty, transfers from other branches, and newly commissioned officers.

The rapid expansion of the Armored Force made it imperative to establish a specialized course of instruction for officers who were unfamiliar with this highly technical branch of the service. The student officers were speedily introduced to the tactics and fundamentals of the Armored Force, and were thoroughly and painstakingly indoctrinated with the armored spirit. The School's mission—to turn out qualified Armored Force officers to meet the growing demand—has been accomplished.

THIRD ARMY—Invading Red forces were fiercely attacking defense positions of the Blue task force during the past week as the 1943 field maneuvers of the Third Army, commanded by Lt. Gen. Walter Krueger, swung into action somewhere in Louisiana. The maneuvers will last until 28 March.

Maj. Gen. Henry Terrell is commanding the Blue task force and Maj. Gen. R. B. Woodruff is the Red commander. Numerically superior forces of the Reds moving southward last week to secure high ground commanding a large area plus rail and high communications rapidly contacted a Blue force moving northward. The ensuing battle grew hourly in intensity.

Maj. Gen. Daniel I. Sultan, corps commander, is directing the first phase of the maneuvers from a mobile headquarters which follows the troops into action and remains constantly near the front lines. Colonel George R. Barker, GSC, General Sultan's chief of staff, will assist him as deputy director.

Devised by Colonel Barker, the Directors Group officers are housed in huge horse portee trailers, originally cavalry equipment. Each vehicle is pulled by an artillery prime mover. Everything necessary for the operation of the Directors Group is transported in the trailers, even a mobile power plant.

The tactical situation which has been posed in the first phase of the maneuvers involves reconnaissance, movement to contact, meeting engagement, attack of hastily prepared positions and counter-offensive with delay on successive positions.

Army Exchange Service—Amendments to regulations, further limiting purchases in Army Exchanges, were announced by the War Department this week. The new provisions continue and emphasize the Army Exchange Service's policy of eliminating operations that might be construed as offering competition to regular business and private enterprise.

Civilians employed or serving at military reservations, formerly authorized to buy any article at Army Exchanges, now are restricted to the purchase of items of food, drink, and tobacco products only, for their own consumption on the post. An exception is made at posts so located as to make purchases from civilian agencies impracticable. In such cases the written authority of the post commander must be obtained. The purchase of Army Exchange goods for resale purposes, by civilians or military personnel, is an offense punishable under the Articles of War.

Bureau of Medicine and Surgery—A citation for distinguished service at the time of the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor, 7 Dec. 1941, has been awarded to United States Mobile Hospital Unit Number 2 by Adm. Chester W. Nimitz, USN, Commander in Chief, Pacific Fleet.

Commanding Officer of the Unit when the raid occurred was Capt. John Howard Chambers, MC, USN, 49, 1321 South 58th St., Philadelphia, Pa. The Executive Officer was Capt. John Marion McCants, MC, USN, 48 years old, of Fernandina, Fla.

This citation is the second awarded a Naval Hospital. Admiral Nimitz had previously issued an identical citation to the United States Naval Hospital at Pearl Harbor for service at the time of the raid.

Mobile Hospital Unit Number 2 had been shipped to Hawaii shortly before the Japs struck. Despite the difficulties caused by the fact that construction work had not been completed, the staff of the Unit promptly began to care for those wounded in the 7 December raid. Operating skillfully for a period of many hours, doctors, nurses and hospital corpsmen attached to the Hospital rendered full medical care to the casualties.

Medical knowledge which will help to keep Naval aviators in the air at maximum physical efficiency is being relayed to the U. S. Navy from the valuable store of experience of the Royal Air Force. Capt. John R. Poppen (MC), USN, who is an aviator himself and has a 20-year record of consecutive service as a Flight Surgeon, is in London to expedite the flow of RAF medical data to American experts in aviation medicine.

Service Radio Communications—In accepting the Marconi Memorial Plaque presented to the Signal Corps by the Veteran Wireless Operators' Association, Maj. Gen. Dawson Olmstead, Chief Signal Officer of the Army, said, "The Signal Corps is keenly aware of its grave responsibilities. We are determined on even greater efficiency in operating our vast military communications system, while continuing to furnish our Army—on time—with enormous quantities of the most modern Signal equipment until our goal is achieved—Victory!"

The Plaque was presented at the annual dinner of the Association, 11 Feb., held in New York. Plaques were also presented to officers representing the Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Air Force, and Maritime Services. The Plaques commemorate the war work of the radio operators in the services.

Representing the other services were: Capt. Carl F. Holden, Director of Naval Communications; Capt. E. K. Webster, Marine Corps Director of Communications; Col. A. W. Marriner, Director of Air Force Communications, and Capt. Thomas Blau, of the Maritime Services.

Earlier in the evening, Maj. Gen. Follett Bradley of the Army Air Forces received a commemorative plaque from the VWO at Mitchell Field, Long Island, for his part in the first ground-to-plane radio hookup in 1912. Maj. Gen. Joseph O. Mauborgne, retired Chief Signal Officer, who conducted the successful experiment with General Bradley when both were lieutenants, was present for the ceremony. General Mauborgne received a Marconi memorial award last year.

Army Chaplains Corps—As guests of 78th "Lightning" Division chaplains, approximately 50 members and guests of the Durham Ministerial Association spent 7 Feb. at Camp Butler, N. C., holding their business meeting in the Special Troops Chapel, eating luncheon with the soldiers in their mess halls and inspecting training facilities of the camp.

Maj. Gen. Edwin P. Parker, Jr., Commanding General of the "Lightning" Division, welcomed the clergymen. In a brief address, General Parker said: "I consider our religious work among the men of the 78th Division as much my work as it is yours. I am keenly interested in seeing that every man has ample opportunity to become acquainted and to practice the precepts of the Christian religion, and in this I speak from the heart, for I have myself been a member of the vestry of the Episcopalian Church and I have raised four sons according to the teachings of Christianity."

After lunching in the various mess halls, the ministers reconvened in the Special Troops Chapel where, after a business meeting, they heard a program prepared by Maj. Thomas Reagan, 78th Division Chaplain. The Rev. O. F. Herring, President of the Association and pastor of the Watts Street Baptist Church, Durham, presided at the business meeting.

Chaplain Day of the 309th Infantry read a paper from Brig. Gen. Wm. R. Arnold, Chief of Chaplains, which explained the functions, duties and obligations of an Army Chaplain, both on post and in the field. Chaplain Day also made an appeal for Chaplains, saying that they are badly needed at this time, and explaining the requirements for entrance into the Chaplain corps.

Following Chaplain Day's talk, a musical program consisting of organ numbers by Chaplain's Assistant, Corporal Charles Teer, and a violin selection, "Meditation from Thais," by Pfc. Gene Piranian, was heard.

Army Transportation Corps—"Everything" is a continuing transportation problem in the maintenance of the invasion forces in North Africa, according to Col. Frank S. Ross, Chief of Transportation, European Theater of Operations, who cited the long distances, the lack of rolling stock, the necessity for importation of coal and machinery, all as a part of the "vicious cycle" which must be overcome in the supply of needed materiel to troops now in combat in Africa.

Colonel Ross, who has just returned to Washington from the European Theater of Operations, gave a press conference 5 February, in which he stated that he hoped to return to overseas duty "soon."

He stated that the training and transportation of amphibious troops and their equipment was a constant "headache," explaining that combat loading involved cutting units of every non-essential item, and of many items which are essential but for

which there is not space. Tactical units must be trained in debarking in small crafts, landing on beaches in the dark, and pushing inland. In transportation of large numbers of troops, Colonel Ross pointed out, ships must be loaded so that as the troops debark, the equipment which they will need in order to fight will be readily accessible.

This is an "extremely difficult proposition," the Colonel explained, since military cargo is more bulky than civilian, and since the heavy cargo needed initially would in ordinary circumstances be best placed at the bottom of the ship. The stowage problem, he stated, has been "worked out very well," although complicated by the fact that no two ships are alike, and each presents a new loading problem.

Army Air Forces—Randolph Field, Tex., one of the Army's foremost flying training schools for 10 years, will cease to train aviation cadets early in March when it will be converted into a new type of flying school for the training of flying instructors for the Army Air Forces, the War Department announced today.

Under the new program for Randolph Field, picked commissioned flying officers of the Army Air Forces will be given special instruction in the most advanced methods of flying training. Students will be selected from graduating classes of the Army Air Forces advanced flying training schools. The length of the course will vary from 1 to 2 months.

The new school will begin operation when the present class of aviation cadets at Randolph Field is graduated.

Schools similar to the one being established at Randolph Field are already in operation for instructors in bombardier training and aerial gunnery at Carlsbad, New Mexico, and Ft. Myers, Florida, respectively.

Graduates of the new school at Randolph Field, which will be known as the Army Air Forces Central Instructors' School, will be assigned as instructors in the various flying training schools of the Army Air Forces throughout the United States to replace instructors who will be made available for combat duty.

Objectives of the new program for training instructors are to standardize instruction at all Army Air Forces flying schools; to advance the quality of instruction and administration; to bring the Army's finest instructors to a centralized point where they may pass on their knowledge to new instructor personnel, and to establish a "proving ground" for new training methods.

The school will be sub-divided into 3 components: one for pilot instructors, another for ground school instructors, and one for aviation cadet commandants and tactical officers.

Under a policy announced this week every new Army Air Forces combat airplane larger than a single seater rolling from an American factory production line will be accompanied by a factory-trained enlisted mechanic until it is delivered to its operating unit or processing point for foreign service.

The mechanic will act as crew chief and general caretaker and will have specific duties intended to insure that the airplane and its equipment are in top-notch condition when it leaves his care.

The Army Air Forces Technical Training Command will assign as caretaker mechanics enlisted men of the Air Forces who have been trained in the factories producing the airplanes to which they are assigned.

Before the airplane leaves the factory the caretaker mechanic will see that its equipment is complete or that it carries a placard showing any items short and the authority for delivering the airplane without such items. He will see that proper record forms are in the airplanes and that necessary instructions and handbooks are provided.

The P-40 Warhawk, built in the United States as a fighter plane, is being used as a dive-bomber in Libya so effectively that veteran fighter pilots report it a far deadlier weapon of war than the German Stuka, designed for dive-bombing, two Army Air Forces fighter pilots reported to the War Department on their return from Egypt and Libya. One of the officers, 1st Lt. Edward Thomas Miluck, AC, is credited officially with bringing down a Stuka and with damaging several other enemy aircraft. The other, 1st Lt. Charles Wally Tribken, AC, is credited officially with shooting down a Messerschmitt and damaging several Italian planes. The two officers, who each have more than 200 combat hours to their credit, have returned from the battle area for re-assignment. They went overseas as pilots of the Royal Air Force, transferring recently to the United States Army Air Corps.

WAAC—The first WAAC officer to be named Director of a Women's Army Auxiliary Corps Training Center is First Officer Elizabeth C. Strayhorn. First Officer Strayhorn was appointed Director of the First WAAC Training Center at Ft. Des Moines, Ia., last week.

First Officer Strayhorn was assigned to headquarters in a key position of the Corps immediately on her graduation as an officer with the first class of the Corps. She was named as assistant to the Assistant Commandant, Col. Albert C. Morgan, and continued in that capacity as aide to Lt. Col. Horace B. Frederick, who took over the post of Assistant Commandant when Col. Morgan was transferred to Macon, Ga. Prior to her enrollment in the WAAC, First Officer Strayhorn was an Assistant Field Director of the American Red Cross stationed at Ft. Benning, Ga., and at Ft. Eustis, Va.

Marine Corps—U. S. Marines in Trinidad helped safeguard President Roosevelt and his party during the stopover there enroute to and returning from the recent historic conference in Casablanca.

Enroute, the Commander in Chief landed and spent the night at the Macqueripe Hotel, now a lodging for Naval Officers. Maj. H. U. Mustain, USMC, Commanding Officer of Marine Barracks, was responsible for the President's safety, reinforcing the Secret Service escort.

From the moment the party arrived, Marines were never more than a few feet from the party. Only a few were visible—those who drove official cars—but others blended with the dense foliage that bordered the road, their weapons on full automatic. All night Leathernecks formed a ring of steel around the hotel; crews manned machine guns on the beach, and patrols guarded every approach. The Trinidad population was not informed of the President's presence enroute, but on the return trip they were prepared and gave the Chief Executive a roaring welcome. While Marines manned the "inner guard" around the hotel, several hundred members of the seamen guard patrolled outer road defenses.

The President was accompanied to Trinidad by his Chief of Staff, Admiral William D. Leahy, who was forced by an attack of influenza to remain there. While waiting the President's return, Admiral Leahy inspected installations on the island. Two Marines who served as his orderlies were Platoon Sergeant George A. Schroeder,

USMC, and Platoon Sergeant Lawrence H. Morris, USMC.

Long planned by Marine Base authorities, two new buildings have been completed at San Diego at a cost of approximately \$900,000 and are now ready for occupancy. Offices in the present overcrowded administration building, once used as the "brig," are being moved to the new administration building at the west end of the parade grounds. The new "Marine Corps Base Theatre," a massive re-inforced concrete building at the east end of the parade grounds, is undergoing finishing touches and was scheduled to be opened this week.

The Theatre will be under the supervision of Maj. Harry Y. Maynard, Base Recreation Officer; Pvt. John W. Harrison, former radio announcer, will be manager and Gny. Sgt. Elmer L. Vannice, will be in charge of motion pictures.

The first complete, full-functioning hospital Marine detachment in the United States has been established at the U. S. Naval Hospital, San Diego. Its dual purpose is to guard the institution and to aid Fleet Marine Force casualties there. The detachment was officially formed by order of the commanding general, Department of the Pacific, last November. Under a new directive, effective as of 22 Jan. 1943, the detachment expands this administration to include all Fleet Marine Force patients at the Naval Hospital, more than tripling the roster of Leathernecks on their books.

Under the command of Capt. Ernest L. Russell, USMC-Ref., the detachment is the only such Marine organization at any Navy hospital in the country today. In addition to guard duties throughout the hospital, the administrative section sees to it that Marine patients are clothed, paid and maintained; that their pay is promptly issued; their record books properly notated, and that all official correspondence regarding their status is handled quickly.

Guard duties at the Naval Hospital are headed, under the supervision of Captain Russell, by Master Gunnery Sergeant Lewis Miller, USMC, commander of the guard. Administrative chores are directly under Sergeant Major Anthony J. Galazlewski, USMC. Sergeant Charles R. Dow takes care of records and reports. Cpl. Meyer Rossum has payroll and miscellaneous. Pvt. 1c Dale A. Nicola is messenger and clerk, while Pvt. Leroy J. Richoux of Gretna, La., assists on correspondence and filing.

Nine Lieutenant Colonels of the Marine Corps have been promoted to the grade of Colonel. They are: George Franklin Adams, George T. Hall, Robert C. Thaxton, George C. Hamner, Fred G. Patchen, Charles A. Wynn, Alfred A. Watters, John D. Macklin, and Jacob Lienhard.

Personnel officials of the Marine Corps are now at work on a new lineal list of officers which will show dates of rank and grades as of 1 Jan. 1943. The first such list showed data accurate to 1 July 1942, but was not indexed, as the new list and succeeding semi-annual lists will be. The list shows the relative rank in grade and date of both temporary and permanent rank for all officers in the Marine Corps, whether Regulars, retired officers on active duty, Reserve officers or temporary officers.

Navy Chaplains' Corps—The Navy Department has recommended that S. 300, which calls for the creation of a Corps of Chaplains in the Navy and grants the rank of Rear Admiral (lower half) to the senior chaplain, be not passed. The submission of this bill, and of H. R. 1023, an identic bill, has been at the instance of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America.

Is it not being overlooked that the recommendation of the Navy Department belittles not only the official position of the senior chaplain but also the dignity of the actual and potential work of all navy chaplains? The spiritual work in both Navy and Army are at high tide from the standpoints of appreciation by the laity of the country and influence on personnel. This does not warrant the implication of the Navy Department in saying that "the rank, pay, and allowances" (of the senior chaplain) "are adequate considering his responsibilities." It does warrant a reversal of the recommendation before harm may be done to the influence of Navy Chaplains. Otherwise it will reflect on the Department and on the Congress that saw fit twenty odd years ago to establish a Chaplains' Corps in the Army, and it will reflect on the President who has seen fit to honor the office of the Chief of Chaplains of the Army with the rank of Brigadier General.

It is not a matter of the comparative sizes of the two corps. It is a question of the worth of the work of the Navy Chaplains and of the dignity of the office of the Senior Chaplain. These are the decisive factors to be considered. In the last analysis failure to pass the bill will be saying to the personnel of the Navy "the spiritual side of your life is secondary." And yet from the attitude of the President to that of the most inconspicuous religious worker in the country there has never been a time when spiritual matters have been given the preeminence they have today in looking after the welfare of the armed forces.

We urge the Senate and House Naval Committees to report the bill favorably and move and work for its passage.

Military Appropriations—Elections have not altered the membership of the military subcommittee of the House Appropriations Committee which on 15 Feb. will begin consideration of the appropriation bill for the War Department's civil functions. Although two members of the original nine-man subcommittee failed of reelection at the request of Representative J. Buell Snyder, Pa., subcommittee chairman, the vacancies were not filled, so the group will function as a seven-man committee with four Democrats and three Republicans. The Democrats, in addition to Mr. Snyder, are Representatives Starnes, of Ala.; Kerr, of N. C.; and Mahon, of Texas. The Republicans are Representative Powers, of N. J.; Engel, of Mich., and Case, of S. D.

Because there are no new members to "break in," the subcommittee is expected to handle exhaustively yet without waste of time both the civil functions bill and the military appropriation bill which is expected to be taken up the latter part of next month.

Chairman Snyder told the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL that the Army will have no more supplemental appropriation bills for the fiscal year 1943.

Noncitizens in AUS

Because of the difficulty of effecting naturalization of noncitizens in the Army overseas, the War Department has stated that naturalization should be completed for all aliens desiring citizenship before they leave home stations for foreign duty. Failure to complete naturalization will not, of course, bar assignment of a non-citizen to overseas duty.

Aliens arriving at replacement training centers will be interviewed promptly to find if citizenship is desired. If they desire citizenship assistance will be rendered in completion of forms. Aliens training at replacement training centers will be naturalized before leaving such centers, if practicable, but they will not be held at the centers for this purpose after they complete training.

Prisoners of War

(Continued from Page 677)

Sgt. S. Price
Cpl. E. O. Van Brock-
Cpl. Ona D. Eye
Sgt. Cecil Hamrick
Sgt. R. Lambert
Sgt. N. E. McPher-
Sgt. J. L. Nestor
Sgt. D. R. H. Bushaw
Sgt. E. H. Domroehs
Cpl. E. J. Franklin
Sgt. W. C. Getchius
Sgt. C. L. Hickok
Sgt. R. J. House
Cpl. L. F. Korpel

S. Sgt. W. M. Mc-
Auliffe
Sgt. F. V. Miller
M. Sgt. R. E. Miller
Sgt. J. H. O'Connell
S. Sgt. H. E. Peterson
S. Sgt. A. Rice
Sgt. O. L. Rinehart
Cpl. W. J. Salzmann
S. Sgt. K. L. Schen-
ning
Cpl. L. A. Silverstein
Sgt. S. J. Walsh
Sgt. A. L. Leach
Cpl. A. J. Langelier
Cpl. F. M. Brewer

Commission On Political Prisoners

The War Department is in receipt of a copy of a general order issued by Lt. Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower at Allied Force Headquarters in North Africa on 15 January, announcing the formation of a joint Commission on Political Prisoners and Refugees in French North and West Africa. The Commission consists of the American Consul General at Algiers, a representative of the Office of Civil Affairs from Allied Headquarters, a representative of The Judge Advocate General, a representative of the Military Intelligence Division of Allied Headquarters and a French representative.

Attached to the Commission in a consultative capacity are representatives of the Relief Administrator, the Psychological Warfare Section, the Medical Section, the Engineer Section, the Strategic Services Section and the American Red Cross.

The Commission is visiting a number of places in French North and West Africa containing, or suspected of containing persons who have been interned for political reasons.

Confirm Army Nominations

The nominations of West Point graduates for appointment in the Regular Army which were printed on page 641 of

the 6 Feb. issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, as well as the other nominations for promotion and transfer in the Regular Army printed on that page, were confirmed by the Senate this week.



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Awards and Decorations

Distinguished Service Medal

To Brig. Gen. Alfred J. Lyon (posthumous) for exceptionally meritorious service as Special Assistant to the Chief of Air Corps and Technical Executive, Materiel Division, Office Chief of Air Corps.

Distinguished Flying Cross

To eleven enlisted men for extraordinary achievement in bombing planes in the Battle of Midway, 4 June 1942: John Ralph Cole, AVRM 1c, USN; Troy C. Barkley, AVRM 2c, USN; Harold C. Lundy, Jr., AVRM 1c, USN; Raymond Joseph Darce, AVRM 3c, USNR; Joseph Emile Mandeville, AVRM 3c, USN; Charles Lee Moore, AVRM, 2c, USN; William Albert Phillips, AVRM 3c, USNR; William Burr Steinman, AVMM 1c, USN; Clifton E. Bassett, AVOM 2c, USN; Jay D. Manning, AVMM 3c, USN and Douglas M. Cassitt,

AVRM 3c, USNR.

To Maj. Gen. Follett Bradley for performance of duties as leader of a mission to Russia and China during the period 26 July to 21 Nov. 1942.

To Lt. Col. Harry T. Eldson, AC (also Air Medal) for performing an aerial photographic mission over enemy territory in N. Africa at tree top level.

To Lt. (jg) Robert E. Dimmitt for extinguishing critical blaze in plane caused by enemy fire although wounded.

To Lt. (jg) Gordon A. Miller for supervising the interchange of crew positions necessitated by casualties, although wounded by enemy fire.

To Ens. Robert J. Ney for participating in night torpedo attack on Japanese forces, 3-4 June 1942.

Navy Cross

To the following officers for extraordinary

heroism during action which defeated a superior enemy force: Comdr. Orville F. Gregor, USN; Lt. Comdr. Damon M. Cummings, USN; Lt. Comdr. Douglas H. Fox, USN; and Lt. Comdr. Louis M. LeHardy, USN.

To Lt. Comdr. John M. Birmingham, USN (posthumous) for extraordinary heroism as commanding officer of the USS Peary.

To Comdr. Hunter Wood, Jr., for maintaining destroyer Smith in position as a screening vessel for an aircraft carrier.

To Lt. (jg) Robert B. Clark for tracking a Japanese task force north of the Solomons, 26 Aug. 1942.

To Comdr. Eugene T. Seward for commanding a destroyer in the second battle of Savo Island, 11 Oct. 1942.

To Comdr. Frederick B. Warder for sinking and damaging much enemy shipping and bringing home his submarine without damage and his crew without loss or injury.

To Lt. Comdr. Vernon L. Lowrance for conducting a successful war patrol in enemy waters.

To Lt. Comdr. Robert A. Theobald, Jr., for leading a party into the forward part of the damaged and burning destroyer Smith to help extinguish the fire.

To Lt. George T. McDaniel, Jr., Lt. Frank H. Rile, Jr., and Lt. (jg) Phillip H. Teeter for leading a party into forward part of the damaged and burning destroyer Smith to help extinguish the fire.

To Frank Riduka, CQM, for taking control in steering engine room and keeping his ship in position until able to shift steering to secondary connection.

To Oscar English, BMic; Lewis Cortell, MMic, and Walter E. Flebben, RM2c, for entering burning compartment of ship during battle, removed and jettisoned powder.

To Ralph Pettengill, WTic, for directing the escape of fireroom personnel from flooding fireroom.

To Lt. Comdr. Austin C. Behan for fighting fires on ship damaged off Guadalcanal while ammunition was exploding all around him.

To Lt. Julian D. Venter for fighting fires on ship damaged off Guadalcanal while ammunition was exploding all around him.

To Lt. Comdr. Roy S. Benson for commanding a submarine on successful patrol in waters close to Japanese homeland.

To Lt. Aloysius J. Havlik, MC, for caring for wounded under attack in battle of Santa Cruz.

To Lt. (jg) Milton A. Zimmerman for assuming station at active guns on destroyer Smith in battle of Santa Cruz.

To Lt. (jg) Herbert S. Damon for maintaining fire of his battery in battle of Santa Cruz.

To Lt. (jg) Paul H. Heider for supervising emergency repairs to a flooded compartment of ship.

To Ens. Horace C. Johnson for assistance in removing wounded personnel in the fifth battle of Savo Island, 30 Nov.-1 Dec. 1942.

To Ens. William F. Lebaron for coordinating fire of his ship, resulting in sinking of one enemy light cruiser and damage to other ships, in third battle of Savo Island 12 and 13 Nov. 1942.

To Ens. Joseph F. Westphall for maintaining discipline over his gun crew after one gun had received direct hit, killing five men.

To Ens. Erling W. Fredell for leading out fire hoses under exploding ammunition and for rescuing wounded man.

To Boatswain Paul E. Henderson for extinguishing fires in night action of 30 Nov. and 1 Dec. 1942.

To Murray W. Reynolds, CEM, for directing his men in restoring electric power on damaged ship in night action of 12 and 13 Nov. 1942 although seriously wounded.

To Frank P. Reed, CWT, for volunteering to lead a hose to a dangerous part of fire raging aboard his ship.

To Tomie C. Shields, CMM; Everett L. Nix, CBM; Howard W. Kennel, CCM; Herman F. Blunt, CSfr.; Chief Commissary Stew. and Jake P. Marshall; Maurice A. Martin, EM1c; Frank Rinchofer, RM2c; Harold P. Angel, MM2c; James L. Rakusin, RM3c; Louis D. Bonin, Sfr.2c, for assisting in extinguishing a gasoline fire on the destroyer Smith in battle of Santa Cruz.

Silver Star

To Col. Clarence M. Tomlinson, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, New Guinea, from 6 to 20 Dec. 1942.

To Lt. Col. Chester M. Beaver, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Cape Sudest, New Guinea, 16 Nov., 1942.

To Maj. William D. Hawkins, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, New Guinea, 28 Dec. 1942.

To Maj. Oliver O. Dixon, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, New Guinea, 10 Dec. 1942.

To Capt. Leonard E. Garrett, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 28 Dec. 1942.

To 1st Lt. Lester Taylor Mooney, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 26 Nov. 1942.

To 2nd Lt. Robert A. Dix, Artillery, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 24 Dec.

1942.

To 2nd Lt. Rae M. Smith, Inf., for gallantry in action near Mundarupi Village, New Guinea, 8 Dec. 1942.

To 1st Sgt. George Pravda, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Mission, New Guinea, 30 Nov. 1942.

To T. Sgt. Edgar C. Marsh, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, New Guinea, prior to and on 3 Dec. 1942.

To S. Sgt. Elmer R. Buchanan, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 24 Dec. 1942.

To S. Sgt. Robert E. Flechter, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 16 Dec. 1942.

To S. Sgt. Ivan J. Yearman, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 21 Nov. 1942.

To Sgt. Murdock E. MacPherson, Engr., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 23 Dec. 1942.

To T. 4, Irving M. Lawrence, Engr., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 23 Dec. 1942.

To T. 4 Homer D. McGettigan, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Sineimi Plantation, Buna Track, New Guinea, 18 Nov. 1942.

To Cpl. Lawrence A. Rowe, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 23 Nov. 1942.

To Cpl. Wilbur G. Tirrell, Engr., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 8 Dec. 1942.

To Cpl. William J. Jacobs, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 8 Dec. 1942.

To Cpl. Richard J. Pich, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 16 Dec. 1942.

To Cpl. Frank H. Reese, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Sineimi Plantation, Buna Track, New Guinea, 18 Nov. 1942.

To Cpl. Robert J. Tappen, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 19 Nov. 1942.

To T. 5 Glenn P. Bingham, Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 18 Dec. 1942.

To T. 5 John Juber, Jr., Inf., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 21 Nov. 1942.

To T. 5 Wallace I. Van Cor, Engr., USA, for gallantry in action near Buna Village, 23 Dec. (Continued on Next Page)

SCHOOL DIRECTORY

The Schools listed below are effectively equipped to care for the educational and recreational needs of the children and members of the services and this Directory is recognized as an authentic solving the problem of child education. For details as to the Schools listed in this Directory address them directly, or communicate with the Army and Navy Journal Department of Education, 1711 Conn. Ave., Washington, D. C.

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Awards and Decorations (Continued from Preceding Page)

for gallantry
in action near
Buna Village,
New Guinea,
prior to and on
5 Dec. 1942.
To Pfc. Clevis T. Darnell, Inf., USA, for
gallantry in action prior to and on 3 Dec.
1942, near Buna Village, New Guinea.
To Pfc. William L. Gauthier, Inf., USA, for
gallantry in action near Buna Village, 21 Nov.
1942.
To Pfc. Victor L. Olson, Inf., USA, for gal-
lantry in action near Buna Village, 5 Dec.
1942.
To Pfc. James J. Elliot, Inf., USA, for gal-
lantry in action near Buna Village, 5 Dec.
1942.
To Pfc. James J. Boorman, Inf., USA, for
gallantry in action near Buna Village, 5 Dec.
1942.
To Pvt. William M. Kurgan, Inf., USA, for
gallantry in action near Buna Village, 15 Dec.
1942.
To Pvt. Nathan Freeman, Inf., USA, for
gallantry in action near Buna Village, prior
to and on 29 Nov. 1942.
To Pvt. Dale F. Wimer, Inf., USA, for gal-
lantry in action near Buna Village, 20 Nov.
1942.
To Fire Controlman Robert C. Nunes for
gallant action in the face of grave danger to
extricate shipmates from the burning Pen-
cobsco.
To the following for performance in the
battles of the Pacific: Lt. Comdr. Roy S. Ben-
son, USN; Lt. Julian D. Venter, USNR; Lt.
(jg) Herbert S. Damon, USNR; Lt. (jg) Paul
H. Heider, USNR; Murray W. Reynolds, CEM,
USN; Frank P. Reed, CWT, USN; Everett L.
Six, CBM, USN; Herman F. Brunt, CS ftr.,
USN; Radioman James L. Rakusin, USNR;
Lt. Comdr. Austin C. Behan, and Lt. (jg)
Milton A. Zimmerman.

Air Medal

To Lt. (jg) J. Clark Barrett for aerial ac-
tion against Japanese naval forces.
To Lt. Col. Harry T. Eldson, AC, for par-
ticipating in five photographic missions
against the enemy in North Africa.
To Capt. Leo G. Clarke, Jr., USA, for
meritorious service while participating in
aerial flights.
To Maj. John W. Weltman, AC (with Oak
Leaf Cluster), for the destruction of one
enemy aircraft, 4 Dec. 1942, in North Africa.
To Capt. Joel A. Owens, AC (with Oak Leaf
Cluster), for the destruction of one enemy
aircraft, 30 Nov. 1942, in North Africa.
To Capt. Theodore H. Runyon, AC (with
Oak Leaf Cluster), for destruction of two
enemy aircraft, 3 Dec. 1942, in North Africa.
To Cpl. Farrell W. Middell, AC (with Oak
Leaf Cluster), for destruction of one enemy
aircraft, 18 Nov. 1942, in North Africa.
To the following officers and enlisted men
for actions in North Africa: Maj. David M.
Jones, AC; Capt. Donald L. Gilbert, AC; Capt.
Joseph B. Holzapple, AC; 1st Lt. Howard M.
Crew, AC; 1st Lt. William F. Erwin, AC; 1st
Lt. Edward H. Gibbs, AC; 1st Lt. Robert D.
Havens, AC; 1st Lt. Jacob Hochman, AC; 1st
Lt. Richard E. Miller, AC; 1st Lt. Nathan
Newman, AC; 1st Lt. Robert J. Paulsen, AC;
1st Lt. Ashley C. Woolridge, AC; 2nd Lt.
Guy C. Brantley, AC; 2nd Lt. Le Grand W.
Burt, AC; 2nd Lt. George E. Ewald, AC; 2nd
Lt. Robert S. Jenkins, AC; 2nd Lt. Howard
A. Kelly, AC; 2nd Lt. Vernon H. Linder, AC;

2nd Lt. Dan D. Margworth, AC; 2nd Lt. Rich-
ard W. Meldon, AC; 2nd Lt. William E.
Mikolasy, AC; 2nd Lt. Wendell Myers, AC;
2nd Lt. Barnett C. Wilson, AC; Sgt. Chester
M. Allen, AC; Sgt. Arlee F. Aten, AC; Sgt.
Frank A. Coretto, AC; Sgt. James H. Cox,
AC; Sgt. Clifford H. Cruse, AC; Sgt. Ken-
neth A. Daugherty, AC; Sgt. Melvin H. De-
Voss, AC; Sgt. Lloyd A. Ellefson, AC; Sgt.
Virgil D. Faust, AC; Sgt. Richard K. Ferrill,
AC; Sgt. Clavoe U. Fry, AC; Sgt. Raymond
L. Herwig, AC; Sgt. Chester A. Hillman, AC;
Sgt. Lawrence L. Holgate, AC; Sgt. Carl E.
Jennings, AC; Sgt. Hugh A. Jones, Jr., AC;
Sgt. Bernard Karasin, AC; Sgt. William R.
Kerins, AC; Sgt. Peter A. Kucharski, AC;
Sgt. Robert C. Long, AC; Sgt. Frank X. Lutie,
AC; Sgt. Gildewell L. Pollard, AC; Sgt. Ed-
ward L. Savoy, AC; Sgt. Raymond N. Schmit,
AC; and Sgt. William H. Williams, AC.
To Millard L. Davis, Av. CMM, for shooting
down one plane and scoring hits on others,
26 Aug. 1942.

Legion of Merit

To Col. Johannes K. Meijer, Royal Nether-
lands Army; Maj. Stefan M. Dobrowolski,
Polish Army; Maj. Herbert J. Thompson,
Royal Corps of Signals, British Army; Capt.
Ralph B. Praeger, Cav., USA (missing); 1st
Lt. Stephen O. Edmunds, USA; M. Sgt. Hugo
Geck, USA (missing); S. Sgt. Cleos T. Pate,
USA; T. Sgt. Clarence W. Wren, USA; Sgt.
William Kilcourse, USA; Sgt. (now 2nd Lt.),
Howard W. McGowan, USA; T. 5 John F.
Brindel, USA; and T. 4 Clarence Edmonds,
USA.

Soldier's Medal

To Maj. Herbert G. Sittler, for personal
heroism displayed in attempting to rescue
Pvt. Peter Hulbregtse, from drowning in Lit-
tle River, N. C., 15 Jan.

Navy and Marine Corps Medal

To Willie R. Barnett, CPhM, for exposing
himself on bridge of submarine while under
enemy gun fire to render first aid to wounded.

Commendations

To the following enlisted men for devotion
to duty and courage displayed when a sub-
marine torpedoed and sank a U. S. merchant
vessel on which they were serving as a gun
crew: James Edward Dawson, Cox., USNR;
Charles F. Zeltman, Cox., USNR; William E.
USNR; Alfred Ray Hayes, Jr., Sic, USNR;
William A. Krupp, Sic, USNR; Herbert W.
Lawson, Sic, USNR; Harold Eugene Lund-
blom, Sic, USNR; Charles Hastings Slatten,
Sic, USNR; Manuel Richard Sullivan, Jr.,
Sic, USNR; Theodore M. Treglown, Sic,
USNR; Maurice H. Vanderwyst, Sic, USNR;
Leo Vincent Zeros, Sic, USNR; James P.
Connors, S2c, USN; George Hanus, S2c,
USNR; Dallas W. Lillier, S2c, USNR; Dale A.
Swanson, S2c, USNR; Marvin V. Swanson,
S2c, USNR; Albert Rene Vernecke, S2c,
USNR; Edward Francis Zebrowski, S2c,
USNR; Thomas P. Fennessy, AS, USNR and
Harold William Traxler, AS, USN.

To Maj. Marion A. Fawcett, USMC, for per-
forming duties in an extremely meritorious
manner under fire on Guadalcanal.

To Lt. Comdr. Rudolph Paul Bielka, USN
(posthumous), for his service as damage con-
trol officer of USS Utah when Japanese at-
tacked Pearl Harbor.

To Lt. Comdr. Denys W. Knoll, USN, for
supplying weather information for opera-
tional forces which made their landings on
North African coast, 8 Nov. 1942.

To Henry Austin Kleinmeier, Cox., USNR

(posthumous), for courage, skill and devo-
tion to duty during attack.

To Paul Neil Webb, Sic, USN, for meritor-
ious conduct as leader in gun crew during a
six-hour dive bombing attack by enemy
planes.

To the following shipfitters, 1c, USN, for
directing fire-fighting efforts on the USS
Yorktown during the Battle of Midway, 4 June
1942: Vance W. Brasile, Norris K. Hook, Clyde
Davis Upchurch, and Paul Edward Vander.

OPA Hits Vallejo Rents

"Rent gouging" in the Vallejo, Calif.,
area was labelled a "direct affront to our
naval heroes" this week by Paul A. Port-
er, OPA Deputy Administrator in charge
of rents.

News dispatches from the West Coast
community, says an OPA announcement,
have reported several instances in which
U. S. Navy officers recently returned from
victorious sea battles against the Japa-
nese were engaged in home-front battles
with a handful of "profiteering landlords"
who at one time conducted a "landlords'
strike" against the OPA rent regulations.

Among the navy men who reported
cases of rent gouging were Submarine
Commander W. G. Chapple, Capt. Albert
France and Comdr. Bruce McCandless of
the USS San Francisco, Comdr. Charles
Wilkins and Comdr. Frank Latta. These
officers and their enlisted men reported
exorbitant rents ranging from \$65 for two
rooms, each nine feet square, in an auto
court, to \$420 a month for one room and
meals for an officer, his wife and child.

An ensign recently returned from Sub-
marine duty reported paying \$52 a month
for a make-shift one room shack. He, his
wife and child share a back-yard toilet
with two other navy families. OPA has
ordered the \$52 rent cut to \$13 a month.

Evan Haynes, Regional Rent Executive
for the area including Vallejo, in a tele-
type message to Deputy Administrator
Porter reported that he had augmented
the staff of the local office to assure that
the rent regulations were not evaded.

Mr. Haynes stated that one of the ring
leaders of the rent violators has been con-
victed in a criminal action and fined \$400.
Sixty-nine landlords have been forced to
refund to 154 tenants illegally collected

rents totaling more than \$5,000. Set-back
orders already issued will result, he also
stated, in a minimum of \$10,000 reduc-
tion in Vallejo's monthly rent bill. Rent
increases have been halted except in the
few cases where the regulations provide
for increases. Injunction proceedings, in-
volving several hotels and about 60 other
rental units, have been started.

Mr. Haynes' report concluded with the
observation that "while there is a virulent
minority still opposing rent control in
Vallejo, the steps already taken have cor-
rected the abuses reported by the naval
personnel."

Unit Mail Clerks

War Department Circular No. 30 re-
sends a portion of Circular No. 331, 1942,
to provide that unit mail clerks shall be
technicians, fifth grade (corporals in AAF
units). This grade replaces a grade six or
seven authorized by tables of organiza-
tion.

Exact Weight Scales

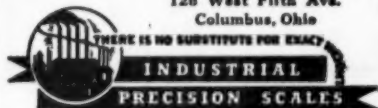
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then, we have completely equipped our
buildings, new and old, with the special
tools required to make the war materials
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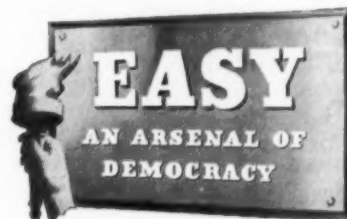
of new employees, re-trained hundreds of
old hands, in the new and exacting duties
of their wartime jobs. And we are work-
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tion moving to you.

In addition, we've put our dollars to
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ORDNANCE
TODAY!



WASHERS
TOMORROW!

MAJ. Gen. Alexander A. Vandegrift, USMC, who recently returned to Washington from the Pacific war-zone, and Mrs. Vandegrift were guests in compliment to whom Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Louis McC. Little entertained at a dinner the other evening.

Gen. and Mrs. Little were again hosts at an informal dinner, asking their friends to meet last night, Admiral Liu, a member of the Chinese Mission recently in session in Washington.

They have had as house guests at their home in Georgetown, the General's nephew, Comdr. Julian Boit, USN, and Mrs. Boit from Norfolk, Va.

Mrs. Forrestal, wife of the Under Secretary of the Navy, was hostess at an informal buffet luncheon Wednesday, her guests being wives of ranking officers of the Navy, especially those who meet with Mrs. Ernest King, at the Admiral's quarters at the Naval Observatory who are members of the Navy League. Among them was Mrs. Knox, wife of the Secretary of the Navy. The women who met at Mrs. Forrestal's home are those who have taken an active interest in the campaign, "Make Your Room a Home," designed to benefit civilian workers in the Navy.

Col. William E. Riley, USMC, and Mrs. Riley were other members of the Marine contingent who have welcomed with their hospitality General Vandegrift, who with Mrs. Vandegrift, was the honor guest at a cocktail party last week.

Col. and Mrs. Frank Roberts entertained at a supper party Mrs. Clare Luce,

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SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

Representative from Conn. Others in the party were Mr. Luce, M. and Mme. Chu Shih-Ming, Dr. and Mrs. Stanley Hornbeck and Col. and Mrs. B. Crist.

Miss Evelyn Byrd Fagan, only daughter of Maj. Louis Estell Fagan, USMC-Ret., and Mrs. Fagan, now stationed at Marine Barracks, Naval Supply Depot, Bayonne, N. J., has recently arrived by plane from Honolulu, T. H., where she has spent the last two years.

Miss Fagan landed at San Francisco, where she was met by her mother, who will return east with her by train over the southern route, visiting friends in California, Louisiana, Florida and Georgia. While a resident at Honolulu, she experienced the Japanese attack of 7 December 1941. From the vicinity of Diamond Head she drove a naval aviator in her automobile to near his landing field at Pearl Harbor, and there joined a group of fifty severely wounded and scalded sailors nearby, rendering first aid to them. Later she volunteered her services at a local Army hospital, being highly praised for her courage and skill.

Miss Fagan, by avocation an artist, joined the Civil Service soon after as draughtsman in the Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army. Her only brother, Hugh Mercer Fagan, is serving in a destroyer with the Atlantic Fleet. She is a graduate of the Pape School, Savannah, and Spring-side School, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, where she was presented to society at the House of Colonial Dames in the autumn of 1937. Her mother is the former Evelyn Byrd Harrison, of Brandon, James River, Virginia, a granddaughter of Captain George Evelyn Harrison and Brigadier General Henry Harrison Walker (USMA 1856), both of the Confederate States Army, and a great-granddaughter of Maj. Gen. Hugh Weedon Mercer of the same service, whose grandfather, Brig. Gen. Hugh Mercer was slain at the battle of Princeton in the American Revolution.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Ernest D. Scott are at the Gulf Stream Hotel, Lake Worth, Fla., for an indefinite stay.

An at-home, which Mrs. Eugene Villaret gave in honor of two brides, turned out also to be a welcome-home party for her husband, Colonel Villaret, who has been serving in the Pacific area, and before that training troops in the South, and whose twenty-day furlough came as a surprise to his wife. Colonel Villaret is a former Military Attache at the U. S. Embassy in Yugoslavia and both he and Mrs. Villaret have kept up their ties of friendship with those they knew in that country. The party Sunday was to complement Mme. Vladimir Rybar, bride of the Counselor of the Yugoslav Embassy, and Mme. Krizman, who was Mlle. Patria Mencia, an attache of the Cuban Embassy before her marriage to M. Serge Krizman, with the Royal Yugoslav Information Centre in New York. Mrs. Villaret is chairman of the committee of the Yugoslav Prisoners of War, of which Mrs. Robert P. Patterson, wife of the Under Secretary of War is also a member. The previous week Mrs. Villaret was hostess at an informal gathering in compliment to Gen. Emil Bethouart, head of the French Military Mission of North Africa, who has been in Washington for several weeks.

Miss Mary Stuart Montague Price, daughter of Capt. Allen Ingram Price, USN, and Mrs. Price, a graduate last week from the University of Maryland, will spend the winter in Florida with her mother, Captain Price being with the fleet. She was the luncheon guest of Miss Marcia O'Brien, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. O'Brien, at the Army-Navy Club. The gathering was a farewell compliment to the Navy girl, who is popular with her conferees, many of whom were present, among them the Misses Achsah Dorsey, Mary Lord Andrews, Delphine Colquitt, Jane Lingo, Mary Betts, Cristina Michels, Alice Ingersoll and Jane Kirby other Ser-

(Please turn to Page 686)



MRS. MOGENS ESKELUND

who before her marriage, 30 January, to Lt. Eskelund, was Miss Martha Bartlett Stokes

Weddings and Engagements

WHEN Miss Isabel Ashton Devereux, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ashton Devereux of Philadelphia becomes the bride Thursday of Ens. Stephen B. Elkins, 3rd, USNR, the wedding will unite two of Washington's oldest and best known families. The bride-to-be is a niece of the late Col. Mason Gulick, USMC, and of Mrs. Gulick, with whom she has lately been making her home, and Ensign Elkins is a grandson and namesake of the late Senator Stephen B. Elkins of West Virginia. His mother is Mrs. Kenna Elkins with whom he makes his home in New Hampshire avenue. The marriage will take place in St. Matthew's Roman Catholic Cathedral.

The marriage of Joann Gates Karns, daughter of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Franklin Karns, Jr., to Lt. (jg) Walter Browne Woodson, Jr., son of the Judge Advocate General of the Navy, Adm. Walter Browne Woodson, and Mrs. Woodson, took place on Wednesday afternoon, 27 Jan., in the Leslie Lindsey Chapel of the Emmanuel Church in Boston, Mass., with the Rev. Dr. Phillips E. Osgood officiating.

The bride, given in marriage by her father, wore the traditional white satin gown made on classical lines and embroidered in seed pearls. Her full length veil made for her by the nuns in China was held in place by orange blossoms. She carried a prayer book with markers of white violets.

Her matron of honor was Mrs. Lucius Maltby, Jr., of Wallingford, Conn.

The best man was Lt. (jg) W. O. Riley, a classmate. The ushers were Lts. (jg) W. S. Frantz, W. O. Reckenbaugh, Barker, and Ens. Robert Hawthorne. A reception was held at the bride's home, 1514 Beacon St., following the ceremony. The bride graduated from Shanghai American School, and George Washington University. Lieutenant Woodson was graduated with the 1942 class at the Naval Academy.

After a brief honeymoon, Mrs. Woodson will reside with her parents while Lieutenant Woodson is on sea duty.

Mrs. Walter Woodson was present at the wedding, but the Admiral was prevented from attending by illness.

From Ft. Huachuca, Ariz., comes word that Col. Edwin N. Hardy, Post Commander, and Mrs. Hardy have announced the engagement of their daughter, Mary Howard, to Maj. Charles Nelson Wagner, son of Mr. and Mrs. G. Nelson Wagner of Chicago. The marriage may not take

place until after the war.

Miss Hardy attended Stephens College at Columbia, Mo., George Washington University, the School of Costume Design and the De Fritas Secretarial School in Washington, D. C. In addition to her school work she took an active part in Red Cross work before coming to Ft. Huachuca last June.

Major Wagner, who is in the 308th Field Artillery, stationed at Ft. Huachuca, entered the Army as a second lieutenant in 1941. He is a graduate of the University of Illinois and also of the Northwestern University Law School.

Miss Mary D'Alvan Jay, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Henry Davis Jay, USA, and 2nd Lt. Wm. L. Starnes, Jr., son of Col. and Mrs. Wm. L. Starnes, USA, were united in marriage Wednesday, 20 Jan., at 4 o'clock at the Ft. Myer Chapel. Chaplain Magnan performed the ceremony.

The bride who was given in marriage by her father, wore a wedding gown of white chantilly lace with full train. Her finger-tip veil was held in place by a coronet of orange blossoms, and she carried white roses and sweet peas.

Her matron of honor was her sister, Mrs. George S. Eckhardt. Lieutenant Starnes, a graduate of the West Point class of '43, had as his best man, Lt. George B. Lundburg, a classmate.

The bride was graduated from Stephens College at Columbia, Mo. A reception followed the ceremony at the home of Lt. Col. and Mrs. George S. Eckhardt.

Invitations are out for the marriage of Miss Elizabeth Logan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry T. Logan of Brooklawn Park, Bridgeport, Conn., to Lt. John Lexow Kirsten, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Kirsten of Fairfield, Conn., which is to take place 20 Feb. in St. George's Episcopal Church at Bridgeport.

The rector, the Rev. Delmar S. Markle, will perform the ceremony which will be followed by a reception at the home of the bride.

Miss Polly Kirsten, sister of the bride
(Please turn to Page 686)

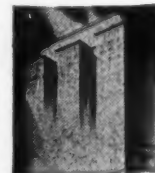


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ANNAPOLIS, MD.

8 Feb. 1943

Lady Catherine Sansom, wife of Sir George Sansom of the British Embassy in Washington, was guest of honor at a luncheon last Monday, before addressing the members of the Naval Academy's Women's Club. The other guests at the luncheon were: Mesdames J. B. Pollard, A. W. Chandler, Paul J. Kiefer, H. H. Jalbert, Carl Kyselka, William N. Thomas, Roswell Blair, John C. Robertson, W. J. Larson, C. Reid Johnson, R. B. Berickson, Bertha Bare, Theo. W. Johnson, T. G. Peyton, Charles Allen and Raymond Swartz.

Following her talk, Lady Sansom was special guest at tea. Mrs. John R. Beardall, wife of Rear Admiral Beardall, Supt. of the Naval Academy, presided at the tea table and was assisted by Mrs. Roswell Blair, Mrs. Charles Austin and Mrs. Paul W. Steinhagen.

Dr. William Lyon Phelps, who spent the week-end as the guest of Rear Admiral and Mrs. John R. Beardall, was the guest of honor at a dinner given by them on Saturday night at the Superintendent's quarters. Afterward Dr. Phelps lectured to the midshipmen of the 1st class and officer personnel of the Naval Academy.

Capt. E. J. Moran, USN, who commanded the USS Boise, was the guest last week of Comdr. and Mrs. J. R. Clark at their quarters on Upshur Road, Naval Academy.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. E. S. V. Laub entertained at a cocktail party on Saturday afternoon at the Officers' Mess.

Mrs. C. B. Lindquist, wife of Lt. Lindquist, was hostess at a luncheon last week given in honor of Mrs. J. F. Milos, wife of Lt. Milos and Mrs. Robert Wagner, wife of Lt. Wagner.

Lt. William F. Flood, Jr., who has been spending ten days' leave with his parents has returned to Ft. Bragg, N. C.

Lt. and Mrs. C. P. Brady entertained at tea last Friday afternoon in the Red Room of the Officers' Mess.

Maj. Jack Banks, USA, left yesterday for his post after spending a couple of weeks' leave visiting his mother, Mrs. Daniel Banks.

Mrs. Harry W. Hill, wife of Rear Admiral Hill, who has been the guest of her aunt, Miss Barlett Stockett, left last week for New York City, where she will join her daughter, Mrs. Fitzhugh Lee.

The Misses Priscilla and Kathleen Haff, daughters of Comdr. Haff, have returned from Washington where they visited their grandparents, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Charles Beard.

NORFOLK, VA.

11 February 1943

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Felix Gygas, Capt. and Mrs. B. V. McCandish and Capt. and Mrs. W. H. Hartt, Jr., received the guests Tuesday afternoon at the party given by the officers of the Officers' Mess in the clubhouse in the Navy Yard. The party was given in honor of the visiting officers and their wives and was largely attended.

A dinner honoring the graduating chaplain class at the Naval Base was given Monday night in the Officers' Club. Arrangements for the dinner were made by Chaplains Bernard C. Hanna, John C. Coffey, Roy D. Thompson and George Loring Evans. The guests in addition to the forty-two members of the class included Chaplains C. A. Neyman, S. W. Salisbury, E. H. Harp, O. P. Maddox and J. F. Robinson of the chaplain school faculty.

A group of Episcopal chaplains entertained Tuesday night at a dinner given at the Officers' Club, Naval Base. Among those present were Chaplains Harold L. Andress, L. L. Brown, Arthur Hargate, Donald Platte, F. R. Wilson, O. G. Helvey, W. J. Kingswell, H. S. Brown, R. C. Alexander, J. Diehl, Don Maybary, E. A. deBordenave, Robert Plumb, Donald Condon, W. R. Becker, J. J. Sharkey, George Evans, Richard Harbour and Dr. A. Williams.

Lt. and Mrs. Richard Barthelme were hosts on Saturday night at a birthday dinner given in the Officers' Club, Naval Base, in honor of their daughter, Miss Mary Barthelme. The guests in addition to the guest of honor were Lt. and Mrs. Pendleton Lewis, Mrs. Henry Dudley, Misses Mary Mills, Lucy McClure, Dorothy Sbarrow, and Lt. Comdr. Allan Davis, Lt. Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., Lt. Edward R. Joshua, Lt. (jg) Robert Fuller and Ens. William Matchett.

Comdr. Walter E. Scott (SC), USN, stationed at the Naval Base, who has just been promoted, was honor guest on Friday at an impromptu party given by the personnel of his office, in honor of his promotion. Comdr. Scott was presented with his gold visored hat, shoulder marks and his rank insignias.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. MacPherson Williams entertained on 5 Feb. at a cocktail party given at their home in the Larchmont Apartments. The guests included Comdr. and Mrs. Truman Hedding, Comdr. and Mrs. Don Griffin, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. John Raby, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Paul Emrick, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Edwin Young, Lt. and Mrs. Hugh Winters, Lt. and Mrs. Donald M. White, Lt. and Mrs. Richard McGowan, Lt. and Mrs. Kenneth Coffey.

(Continued on Next Page)

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Posts and Stations

(Continued from Preceding Page)

fy, Mrs. William E. Ellis, Miss Margaret Byrd, Comdr. Fitzhugh Lee and Lt. Robert Donaldson.

FT. SAM HOUSTON, TEX.

8 Feb. 1943

At the Salon Tea and musicale, held in the Aurora Hotel on Wednesday, Mrs. Twaddle, wife of Maj. Gen. Harry Twaddle, Division Commander, was honored with Mrs. Gus Maerman, wife of San Antonio's Mayor, by the San Antonio Music Club.

The highest award of the Mexican Government has been given to Lt. Gen. Walter Krueger, who went to Washington for the presentation in the Mexican Embassy, where Ambassador Francisco Castillo Najera made the award, the Order of the Aztec Eagle.

A very lovely supper and Bridal shower, was given by Miss Virginia Ann Pride and Mrs. McKee Caton, in the colonels quarters in the Artillery Post, complimenting Miss Antoinette Bruck. Tall white tapers were placed down the center length of the table, upon a lace cloth, and flowers of white. Among the guests, were: The Misses Becky Newcomer, May Lorraine Sherrard, Betty Brown, and Audrey Mann and Mesdames H. deB. Bruck, George C. Beach, and David Sherrard.

Miss Nancy Brand, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Thomas S. Brand, was the hostess for a luncheon at the San Antonio Country Club, on Saturday. Her guest of honor was Miss Mary Joyce Stark. There were ten covers, and the white spring blossoms, gave the bridal touch.

Mrs. Robert Gideon and Miss Betty Brown were co-hostesses on Thursday evening at "La Fonda" for a delightful Mexican supper, honoring Miss Tony Bruck. The cunning fruits and figurines, and the waitresses in native costume all create a festive air, which makes this, one of San Antonio's most popular places. The guests present were: Misses Helen Graham, May Lorraine Sherrard, Ethel Field, Audrey Mann, Becky Newcomer, Lillian Evans, Cynthia Perry and Mesdames Eph. Graham, Jr., Kay Johnson, David Sherrard, Vasily Kovalevsky.

A very happy reunion of Army wives, who were also San Antonio girls, is taking place here, with the return of Mrs. W. M. Grimes, wife of Maj. Gen. Grimes, Col. and Mrs. Walter Moore, Inf., having already arrived, and Col. and Mrs. John W. Craig, who live in Manila, P. I. for a number of years.

At the large meeting of the Fenwick Club Luncheon, held in the St. Anthony Hotel on Wednesday, 3 Feb., the speaker was Maj. Gen. Willis Dale Crittenger of the Third Arm-

ored Division, Camp Polk, La., who told his listeners of the important part the tank is playing in this World War II, after being introduced as a new weapon in the last war. As a compliment to General Crittenger, the colors of the Armored Force, were used in the flowers on the table, Red stock, blue-bowls and yellow jonquills and acacia. The 92 guests and members were seated at a huge U-shaped table laid with a yellow cloth, and lighted red, blue and yellow candles, spaced down the center.

Mrs. R. O. Nichols entertained in honor of her house-guest, Mrs. I. R. Hinkle of Los Angeles, Calif., with a charming luncheon and bridge on Wednesday, in their quarters.

Society

(Continued from Page 684)

vice daughters, Mrs. and Miss Price left town Tuesday en route first to Baltimore for a visit. Mrs. Price has rented her home on Rolling Road, Chevy Chase to Lt. and Mrs. Philip Davis for the winter and spring.

Capt. Randolph Carter Berkeley, Jr., USMC, and his bride have arrived in Washington for station. They were married in Honolulu Thanksgiving Day, Lt. Col. Carson Roberts, USMC, giving away the bride, who was Miss Ruth Elizabeth Gates. En route to Washington they stopped off at Port Royal, S. C., to visit Captain Berkeley's parents, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Randolph Carter Berkeley.

Other newly arrived Service people are Capt. L. P. Padgett, USN, and Mrs. Padgett and daughter, Jerry, the wife and daughter having lived in Norfolk, while the pater familias was at sea. They are now located in Arlington, Va.

Also established in Arlington are Comdr. and Mrs. William G. Lalor and four children. In near-by Alexandria are located Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Warner Rodiman who have recently come from Boston.

Lt. (jg) James E. Palmer, jr., USCG, who spent a recent week-end with his parents in Ronaake, Va., has now gone on to Chicago for station. He is there on duty as a mediator for the Department of Labor. Before leaving he received many farewell courtesies, among those entertaining him being Lt. George M. Gallagher, USCG, and Mrs. Gallagher, Lt. and Mrs. Robert E. Gordon and Lt. and Mrs. James S. Schryver, all of the Coast Guard.

At an election of officers held 26 January by the Douglas Round Table, Mrs. Clinton D. Vincent was elected president, replacing Mrs. A. P. Clark, Jr. Other officers are: Vice President, Mrs. C. F. Necrason; Secretary-Treasurer, Mrs. James W. Twaddell, jr.

The group comprised of wives of Air Corps officers on foreign duty, met for luncheon at 12.15 p. m., Wednesday, 10 February in the Peraux Room of the St. Anthony Hotel. Mesdames George R. Anderson and W. O. Craft were hostesses.

Mrs. John Taylor Ward, wife of Lt. Col. Ward in the Philippines, has moved to 918 North First Street, Temple, Tex., to be near John Taylor Ward, jr., who has just arrived at Camp Hood, Tex.

The following West Point graduates stayed at the Hotel Piccadilly in New York City enroute to their homes:

Lt. W. F. Pitts; Lt. Y. A. Pitts, Jr.; Lt. Arthur P. Wade; Lt. William B. Smith, Jr.; Lt. T. M. Brown; Lt. W. R. Tallaferra; Lt. E. M. Flanagan; Lt. E. F. White; Lt. R. D. Stone; Lt. M. A. May; Lt. McGowan; Lt. James B. Cobb; Lt. J. B. Hollis, jr.; Lt. A. E. Prince; Lt. H. J. Ebrey, jr.; Lt. H. D. Elliott; Lt. B. J. Mallory; Lt. W. M. Thompson; Lt. Hal Crain; Lt. James D. Wright; Lt. J. W. Barnes; Lt. Herbert G. Kolb; Lt. E. L. Hehn; Lt. R. E. Lacy; Lt. Greenberg; Lt. F. S. Porter; Lt. R. R. Fishell; Lt. Charles Holt; Lt. J. R. Richardson; Lt. Hofman; Lt. E. K. Meade, jr.; Lt. K. A. Gean; Lt. John S. Wood, jr.; Lt. W. B. Austin; Lt. G. O. Benauer; Lt. J. J. Norris; Lt. William D. Brady; Lt. Roger L. Fisher; Lt. F. H. Martin; Lt. William H. Tucker; Lt. Paul W. Gaillard; Lt. William H. Tomlinson; Lt. F. P. Shaw; Lt. Buck Stahle; Lt. James S. Changaris; Lt. H. Barnes; Lt. James E. Brook; Lt. Donald F. Powell; Lt. J. M. Huddleston; Lt. Robert Fiss; Lt. J. L. Doyle; Lt. J. F. Dulany; Lt. R. P. Harris; Lt. C. H. Burr; Lt. William Tal-

bott; Lt. H. B. Saylor; Lt. Ben. W. Mills.

The following graduates stayed at the Piccadilly after being married in the Cadet Chapel:

Lt. and Mrs. William A. Stone; Lt. and Mrs. R. J. Rader; Lt. and Mrs. V. J. Fenili; Lt. and Mrs. R. O. Bertram; Lt. and Mrs. Hugh Jordan; Lt. and Mrs. W. H. Cook, jr.; Lt. and Mrs. J. P. Field, jr.; Lt. and Mrs. Joseph Gorman; Lt. and Mrs. Edward A. Doran; also Lt. and Mrs. F. E. Suchie, niece of Brigadier General A. R. Bolling.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Page 684)

groom elect, is to be maid of honor, and bridesmaids will be the Misses Jane Blish, Polly Grout, Janet Staples and Nancy Ferris. Mr. John Logan, brother of Miss Logan, will act as best man. The bride-to-be graduated from the Lincoln School at Providence, R. I. Her fiancé is an alumnus of Fairfield Country Day School, and attended the University of Virginia.

Miss Ruth Fanseen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Foster H. Fanseen of Baltimore, was married to Lt. Percy Williams Schall, jr., USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. Schall at Wallbrook Methodist Church, 23 Jan., Dr. J. Phelps Hand and Dr. Francis Bayley performing the ceremony.

The bride was attended by her sister, Helen, as maid of honor, and Mrs. Thomas Wm. Gordon, another sister, was matron of honor with other attendants.

The best man was Mr. Robert B. McFadden and among the ushers was Lt. Richard Hook. A reception followed at the bride's home and the newlyweds will make their home in Lebanon, Pa.

Willis D. Savage of New York City announces the engagement of his sister, Helen Muriel, to Lt. Arthur B. Grace, jr., USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur B. Grace of Montclair, N. J.

Miss Savage was graduated from the Morristown High School, Morristown, N. J. Lieutenant Grace attended the Newark College of Engineering, Newark, N. J. and was graduated from the United States Military Academy in January, 1943. He is stationed at Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Christian Edwin Thorson of Denver, announce the marriage of their daughter, Hazel Hope, to Ensign Stanley Kenneth Hutchin, USN. The ceremony was performed in the presence of a small group of friends at 6:30 p. m. on Wednesday, 20 Jan. 1943 in the Treasure Island Chapel of the King George Hotel, San Francisco, by Chaplain I. Woodall, USN.

The bride in a becoming suit of aquamarine and wearing a corsage of white orchids was attended by her sister, Miss Ramona Thorson, and was given in marriage by Col. Joseph L. Topham, USA-Ret. Lt. (jg) J. A. O'Neill, USN, acted as best man.

The bride is a graduate of Manual Training High School and Colorado Women's College in Denver. Ensign Hutchin, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Theo Parker of Durango, Colo., is a graduate of Durango High School and the United States Naval Academy, June 19, 1942 (Class of 1943).

They are residing temporarily at 386 Geary Street, San Francisco. Ensign Hutchin is on sea duty attached to a ship from which he has been granted only a very brief leave.

Today at five o'clock in the afternoon, the marriage of Miss Sarah Adeline Clark, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lynn S. Clark of Dallas, Tex., and Capt. Clyde R. Inman, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Inman of Boise, Idaho, will be solemnized at the Normandy Chapel, Long Beach, Calif. Chaplain Robert Davidson will perform the double ring ceremony before an altar banked with white flowers and lighted with white tapers.

The bride will be given in marriage by Col. Ralph E. Spake. Attending the bride will be Miss Ileta Clements, maid of honor, and Miss Martie Bowman and Miss Betty Mushen, bridesmaids.

Captain Inman will be attended by Maj. Hode R. Gibson as best man, and the ushers will be S. Sgt. Garner Clark, brother of the bride, and Lt. Mitchell J. Frankovich.

Captain Inman is the Executive Officer, 6th Ferrying Group, Long Beach Army Air Field, Long Beach, Calif., and

is a graduate of the University of Idaho. He is a member of Beta Theta Pi fraternity and Scabbard and Blade.

An informal reception will follow immediately after the ceremony. Mrs. Ralph E. Spake will preside at the Bride's Book, and Mrs. Vincent J. Donahue and Mrs. Maurice Judge will serve at the punch bowls. Mrs. Andrew B. Cannon will serve at the bride's cake.

After a short wedding trip the couple will make their home in Long Beach, Calif.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Horace Oscar Cushman announce the marriage of their daughter, Elizabeth O'Neill, to Lt. John Sergeant Oppenheimer, USA, on Friday, 15 Jan. 1943 at Saint Mary's on the Hill, Augusta, Ga.

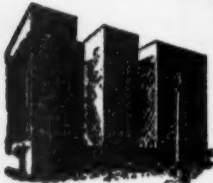
Mrs. Maxwell Hyde of New York has announced the engagement of her daughter, Natalie, to Ensign George Carter Sherman, jr., USMS, son of Mrs. Sherman of Greenwich, and the late Mr. Sherman. The wedding is to take place soon. The bride-elect, daughter of the late Mr. Hyde, well-known architect, attended the Toller School in New York, the Fermata School in Alken, S. C., and Mlle. B. Boissier's School in Paris. She was presented to society at a dinner-dance at the Ritz, several seasons ago. Ensign Sherman attended Berkshire School and Yale before enlisting in the Maritime Service. His father, a polo player, was the founder of the National Indoor Polo Association of which his son is secretary, as well as being vice chairman of the Horse Show Ball committee. He is a member of the Yale Club of New York.

The engagement of Miss Barbara Rainsford to Lt. Edward H. Inman, USNR, has been announced by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Rak Ralph Rainsford, formerly of New York, now of Tucson, Ariz. Miss Rainsford is a granddaughter of the late Rev. Dr. William S. Rainsford, for years rector of St. George's Episcopal Church, Stuyvesant Square, New York. She is also a niece of Rear Adm. David LeBreton, USN. Lieutenant Inman, now with the Pacific Fleet, is a son of Mrs. Edward Hamilton Inman and the late Mr. Inman of Atlanta.

Lt. Gen. Delos C. Emmons, Military Governor of Hawaii, was unable to be

(Continued on Next Page)

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OBITUARIES

Mrs. Elizabeth Williams Booth, wife of Maj. Gen. Ewing E. Booth, USA-Ret., died at her home, 765 South Windsor Boulevard, Los Angeles, Calif., Tuesday, 23 Jan. 1943. Her husband was at her bedside at the time of her death. She is survived by General Booth, 765 South Windsor Boulevard, Los Angeles; by her daughter, Mrs. P. L. Thomas, who at the time of death was in Washington, D. C., but arrived in Los Angeles Saturday, 30 Jan., and will remain with her father for the present; by her grandson 1st Lt. Booth Thomas, Armored Force, Camp Funston, Kans.; by three sisters, Mrs. Frank D. McDonald, St. Louis, Mo.; Mrs. Lawrence and Miss Margaret Williams, Columbus, Ohio.

Brief private funeral services were held at Pierce Brothers mortuary, Los Angeles, Monday, 1 Feb., for the personal friends of the family. Interment in Arlington National cemetery in May of this year.

Gen. and Mrs. Booth celebrated their 40th wedding anniversary on 29 Dec. 1942. During her many years as the wife of an Army officer she had been stationed at places all the way from Europe to Asia and had traveled through most of the important countries and cities North of the Equator.

Mrs. Booth was a quiet, modest woman with a charming personality and was loved and respected by all who knew her.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Preceding Page)

present at the wedding of his daughter, Deloise Ann, and Lt. Clayton Lee Burwell, USNR, but at the reception following the religious ceremony, the bride cut her wedding cake with the West Point saber of her absent father. Also another distinctive feature was a selection of the nuptial music, "Together" composed by the bride. The ceremony took place at St. Margaret's Church, with the rector, the Rev. Armand Eyler officiating, 6 Jan.

Col. F. Trubee Davison, former Assistant Secretary of War, escorted the bride to the white flower bedecked altar, where her mother, Mrs. Emmons gave her hand in marriage.

Miss Jane Blewett of Newport News led a procession of bridesmaids. The best man was Lt. William P. Arnold, USNR.

The ushers were Lts. T. R. Rawlings, Jesse Nicholson, Joseph Chamberlain and Victor England, all of the Navy.

Lieutenant Burwell is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Carter Burwell of Charlotte, N. C., and they were present for the wedding. Mrs. Burwell assisting Mrs. Emmons in welcoming the guests at the reception. He attended the University of the South and was a Rhodes Scholar at Oxford, later receiving a degree in law from the University of North Carolina, and enlisted in the Navy in '41 and is now stationed at Old Point Comfort. His bride attended Punahou Academy in Honolulu and graduated from Smith College in '41.

Col. Earl North, CE, USA, and Mrs. North have announced the engagement of their daughter, Elizabeth Whiting, to Capt. Howard Warren Clark, CE, USA, son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Howard Clark. The wedding will take place in March at West Point, where Colonel North is stationed.

In the new Trinity Chapel in Alexandria, Va., Miss Barbara Ballard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Ballard of Kensington, Md., and Ens. Jesse Abner Taylor, USNR, were married 18 Dec., the Rev. John H. Blackmore, Jr., officiating. The bride wore a suit of "heavenly blue" wool with veiled hat to match and a corsage of white orchids.

Mrs. Mason Fox was her matron of honor. The best man was Lt. Huntington Ellison, USNR, who was a shipmate of the bridegroom in the Pacific war zone, both being rescued after being some time in the ocean following the bombing of their ship.

Ensign Naylor's new ship has recently been commissioned in Boston, where he and his bride went after their wedding.

(Continued on Next Page)

Births - Marriages - Deaths

(No charge for service notices in this column. Please notify promptly.)

Born

AMBURN—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 3 Feb. 1943, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. James O. Amburn, Inf., a son.

ARTMAN—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Knox, Ky., 9 Jan. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. George Artman, Inf., USA, a son, George Artman, Jr.

BALLANTYNE—Born at Leigh Memorial Hospital, 24 Jan. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Robert Ballantyne, Jr., a daughter, Christiana Elizabeth Ballantyne.

BLEDISOE—Born at Georgetown University Hospital, Washington, D. C., 6 Feb. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. A. M. Blediso, USN, a daughter, Susan. Captain Blediso is on duty at the Bureau of Naval Personnel, Navy Department, as Director of Enlisted Personnel.

BRUNING—Born at Duke Hospital, Durham, N. C., 21 Jan. 1943, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. F. W. Bruning, USN, a son, Robert Crandall Bruning.

BRUNING—Born at Annapolis, Md., 3 Feb. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. R. M. Bruning, USN, a son, Robert Mackenzie Bruning.

CASEY—Born at Brooke General Hospital, San Antonio, Tex., 28 Jan. 1943, to W. O. and Mrs. Earl O. Casey, AC, USA, a daughter, Mary Carleen Casey.

CLARK—Born at Leigh Memorial Hospital, Norfolk, Va., to Maj. and Mrs. James M. Clark, USMC, a daughter, Suzanne Clark.

CROCKER—Born at Lucy Helen Memorial Hospital, Fitchburg, Mass., 28 Jan. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Theodore Eustace Crocker, a son, Christopher Eustace Crocker.

CUMMINS—Born at Fort Worden, Wash., to Lt. and Mrs. William K. Cummins, CAC, a daughter, granddaughter of Col. and Mrs. Charles Dyer, and Col. and Mrs. Richard E. Cummins, Ret'd.

DE ATKINE—Born at Colvin-Ritch Hospital, Jesup, Ga., 8 Jan. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Armand N. De Atkine, USA, a son, Joseph Norman DeAtkine.

DOWNEY—Born at Norfolk General Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 26 Jan. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. William Thomas Downey, USA, a daughter.

GIBLIN—Born at Dale Mabry Field, Tallahassee, Fla., 27 Jan. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Richard B. Giblin, a son, Patrick Hearfield Giblin.

HARDY—Born at Grace Hospital, Hutchinson, Kans., 7 Feb. 1943, to Col. and Mrs. Clarence Woodson Hardy, USA, a son, William Thomas Hardy.

HENDERSON—Born at Norfolk General Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 27 Jan. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. James A. Henderson, a daughter, Ann Louise Henderson.

HORTON—Born at Emory Hospital, Atlanta, Ga., 29 Jan. 1943, to Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus William Horton, Decatur, Ga., a son; grandson of Col. and Mrs. Clarence F. Horton, AC, USA, of Stinson Field, San Antonio, Tex., and Mrs. A. P. Auclair, 1746 Cornell Rd., Atlanta.

HUNT—Born in Mercy Hospital, Rockville Center, New York, 27 Jan. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Charles Spalding Hunt, Jr., a son, Charles Spalding Hunt, 3d.

KING—Born at Base Hospital, Selfridge Field, Mich., 2 Feb. 1943, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. John Harry King, Jr., USA, a son, John Harry King III.

KLENKE—Born at Family Hospital, Naval Air Station, San Diego, Calif., 4 Feb. 1943, to Maj. and Mrs. William H. Klenke, Jr., USMC, a daughter, Carol Klenke.

LIVINGSTON—Born at Pulaski, Tenn., 3 Feb. 1943, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Leon J. Livingston, a son, Richard McFerrin Livingston, grandson of Col. William R. Pope, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Pope.

MACDONALD—Born to Lt. and Mrs. Robert W. Macdonald, of Baltimore, a daughter, Katherine Louise Macdonald.

MILLER—Born in Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, Va., 9 Jan. 1943, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. J. Raymond Miller, a daughter, Virginia Ruth Miller.

MURPHY—Born at Portland, Me., 24 Jan. 1943, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Eugene J. Murphy, a daughter, Linda Patricia Murphy.

O'HANLON—Born in the French Hospital, New York City, 22 Dec. 1942, to Lt. and Mrs. John R. O'Hanlon, USN, a daughter, Ellen Joan O'Hanlon.

PARR—Born at St. Joseph's Hospital, Albuquerque, N. Mex., 28 Jan. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Clifton L. Parr, a daughter, Penney Lee; granddaughter of Col. and Mrs. W. R. Stickman.

PHALEN—Born in the Norfolk Naval Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 24 Jan. 1943, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Leslie R. Phalen, a son, Lester Robertson Phalen, Jr.

POWELL—Born at Leigh Memorial Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 29 Jan. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. William O. Powell, a daughter, Susan Elizabeth Powell.

RENFRO—Born at Station Hospital, Camp Gordon, Ga., 27 Jan. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Ray H. Renfro, a son, Ray H. Renfro, Jr.

SHARP—Born at Lawrence Memorial Hospital, New London, Conn., 28 Jan. 1943, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. George A. Sharp, USN, a daughter, Carolyn Jean Sharp; granddaughter of Comdr. and Mrs. C. F. Grisham, of Washington, D. C.

SMYLE—Born at Norfolk Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, Va., 20 Jan. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Ralph Stanley Smyle, USN, a daughter, Patricia Ellen Smyle.

STABLEIN—Born at Cassida Hospital, Indio, Calif., 16 Dec. 1942, to Capt. and Mrs. Milford Franklin Stablein, a son, George Frederic Stablein.

STEVENS—Born at Gainesville, Tex., 19 Jan. 1943, to Maj. and Mrs. Pat M. Stevens, III, a daughter, Nancy Priest Stevens, granddaughter of Col. and Mrs. Pat M. Stevens, and Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Marshall.

STULTZ—Born at Naval Hospital, Mare Island, Calif., 30 Jan. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Ronald F. Stultz, USN, a son, Ronald F. Stultz, Jr.; grandson of Lt. Comdr. T. A. Culhane, USN-Ret., and Mrs. Culhane, and Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Stultz of West Union, Ohio.

TAYLOR—Born in Baltimore, Md., 21 Jan. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. William Wickham Taylor, a daughter.

TENNEY—Born at the Norfolk Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, Va., 26 Jan. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Don Lytle Tenney, USMC, a son, Don Alan Tenney.

TRIMBLE—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, D. C., 7 Feb. 1943, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Robert L. Trimble, a son.

Married

ADAMS-CARPENTER—Married in Community Baptist Church, Scarsdale, N. Y., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Liana Louise Carpenter, to Ens. Frederick Merrill Adams, USNR.

ANDERSON-HAVILAND—Married at Foster Field, Texas, 22 Jan. 1943, Miss Mabel R. Haviland, of Philadelphia, Pa., to Pvt. John W. Anderson, USAAF.

BAHLMAN-FREEMAN—Married at Our Lady of Victory Chapel, Naval Base, Norfolk, Va., Miss Cecilia Harriette Freeman, to Lt. (jg) John Henry Bahlman, USNR, AC.

BELSER-ALBRIGHT—Married in Trinity Episcopal Church, Columbia, S. C., 31 Jan. 1943, Miss Elizabeth Anne Albright, daughter of Col. and Mrs. John J. Albright, to Lt. Duncan Clinch Heyward Belser, AAF, son of Col. Irvine F. Belser.

BENNER-MONROE—Married in the rectory of St. Mary's Church, Fredericksburg, Va., 23 Jan. 1943, Miss Mary Louise Monroe, to Capt. John Arthur Benner, CAC, USA.

BLACK-BORUM—Married at Norfolk, Va., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Marjorie Borum, to Lt. Morton Noah Black, Jr., USNR.

BONNEAU-WINDING—Married in the Naval Operating Base Chapel, Norfolk, Va., 21 Jan. 1943, Miss Jane Winding, to Ens. William J. Bonneau, USNR.

BORLAND-BRYANT—Married in Seattle, Wash., 28 Dec. 1942, Miss Anne Jay Bryant, to Ens. William Borland, USNR.

BOYNTON-UNDERHILL—Married in the chapel of Christ Church, Greenwich, Conn., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Ellen Downward Underhill, of Stanwich Lane and Wolfboro, N. H., to Capt. Edward Palen Boynton, SC, AUS.

BUNDY-ACHESON—Married in St. John's Church, Georgetown, D. C., 30 Jan. 1943, Miss Mary Eleanor Acheson, to Lt. William Putnam Bundy.

BURKE-BURKMAN—Married at St. Genevieve's Church, Elizabeth, N. J., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Virginia Ann Burkman, to 2nd Lt. William F. Burke, Jr., USA.

BURWELL-EMMONS—Married in St. Margaret's Church, Washington, D. C., 6 Feb.

1943, Miss Deloise Emmons, to Lt. Clayton Lee Burwell, USNR.

CAMMANN-POST—Married in St. John's Chapel, Washington Cathedral, D. C., Miss Marcia de Forest Post, to Ens. Schuyler Van Rensselaer Cammann, USNR.

CHILDERS-DODSON—Married at Galilee Episcopal Church, Virginia Beach, Va., 27 Jan. 1943, Miss Elizabeth Woodard Dodson, to Lt. Kenon Clark Childers, Jr., USN.

CHOATE-CHAIN—Married in Post Chapel, Selman Field, Monroe, La., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Dorothy Chain, to S. Sgt. Arthur Choate, AAF.

CROUCH-FRIEDMAN—Married at Camp Blanding, Fla., 5 Feb. 1943, Miss Ida Friedman, to 2nd Lt. Edward Oliver Crouch, USA.

DENOFF-LONGLO—Married in the Naval Operating Base Chapel, Norfolk, Va., 19 Jan. 1943, Miss Bernice Longlo, to Lt. (jg) Ruben H. Denoff, USNR.

DINGWALL-KELLER—Married in Norfolk, Va., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss McLean Keller, to Ens. Thomas Morehouse Dingwall.

EASON-WELLS—Married at Ft. Benning, Ga., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Calabel Wells, to Capt. George Winfred Eason, Jr.

EICHINGER-MENZEL—Married at St. Luke's Evangelical Lutheran Church, Elizabeth, N. J., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Mildred Anne Menzel, to Lt. John H. Eichinger, USA.

ESKELUND-STOKES—Married in St. John's Episcopal Church, Barrington, R. I., 30 Jan. 1943, Miss Martha Bartlett Stokes, to Lt. Mogens Eskelund.

FAIRCHILD-PETERSON—Married in the First Baptist Church of Amherst, Mass., 6 Feb. 1943, Lt. (jg) Ellen Irene Peterson, WAVES, to Dr. Robert Durkee Fairchild, of Syracuse, N. Y.

FERRUZZI-CARLISLE—Married at Victoria, Tex., 25 Jan. 1943, Miss Edna Ethel Carlisle, to Pvt. Frank J. Ferruzzi, USAAF.

FOLEY-TONJES—Married in the Church of the Transfiguration, Tarrytown, N. Y., 7 Feb. 1943, Miss Marilyn Tonjes, to Lt. John J. Foley, Jr., USA.

FORD-SMITH—Married in Our Lady of Mount Carmel Church, Ridgewood, N. J., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Jean Smith, to Ens. Thomas P. Ford, USNR.

GLENDENING-LONG—Married in Geddes Congregational Church, Syracuse, N. Y., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Catherine Bonita Long, to Lt. John Walter Glendenning, Jr., USMC.

HARRELL-GUILD—Married in New York City, Miss Martha DeWeese Guild, to Lt. (jg) C. Lydon Harrell, Jr.

HUBBARD-ACKERLY—Married in New York City, 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Margaret Ackerly, to Lt. David Richardson Hubbard, USAAF.

HUBBELL-SNYDER—Married in Cathedral of the Incarnation, Garden City, L. I., N. Y., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Harriet Jane Snyder, to Lt. Ralph Peters Hubbell, USAAF.

HUTCHIN-THORSON—Married in San Francisco, Calif., 29 Jan. 1943, Miss Hazel Hope Thorson, to Ens. Stanley Kenneth Hutchin, USNR.

HUTCHINSON-SNIDEWIND—Married in Washington Cathedral, D. C., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Muriel Suzanne Snidewind, to Lt. Joseph Fulton Hutchinson, USNR.

JAFFERY-CADMAN—Married in Ft. Myer Chapel, Va., 7 Feb. 1943, Miss Blanche Jerline Cadman, to Lt. James Carlton Jaffery, Jr., USA.

JONES-GRAY—Married in St. Stephen's Church, San Luis Obispo, Calif., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Phyllis Gray, to Ens. Allen Hughes Jones.

JONES-MACDONALD—Married in New York City, 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Eleanor Brands MacDonald, to Ens. William Alden Jones, USNR.

(Continued on Next Page)

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Births, Marriages, Deaths

(Continued from Preceding Page)

JUDSON-GALPIN — To be married today, 13 Feb. 1943, Miss Anne Perrin Galpin, to Ens. S. Sheldon Judson, Jr., USNR.

KELLY-RANDLE — Married in Los Angeles, Calif., 10 Jan. 1943, Miss Bebe Ann Randle, to Lt. Frank A. Kelly, USAAC.

KENNEALLY-COMERFORD — Married in the Lady Chapel of St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York City, 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Rose Ann Comerford, to Lt. John J. Kenneally, USA.

LION-HOWELL — Married at the Fourth Presbyterian Church, N. Y., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Harriett Gregg Howell, to Capt. Beverly Douglas Lion, USA.

LUCEY-O'LEARY — Married in the Catholic Cathedral, St. Augustine, Fla., 4 Feb. 1943, Miss Janet Elinor O'Leary, to Ens. John DeSales Lucey, USCGE.

MCDONALD-THOMAS — Married in Our Lady of Mount Carmel Church, Santa Barbara, Calif., 24 Jan. 1943, Miss Dorothy Owen Thomas, daughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Amos Thomas, USA, to Capt. Eugene O. McDonald, Inf., USA.

MAYNARD-MEILI — Married in St. Mary's Episcopal Church, Haledon, N. J., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Hildegard Martha Meili, to Ens. Arthur Frederick Maynard, USNR.

MARTINE-MOORE — Married in the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, Indianapolis, Ind., 9 Feb. 1943, Miss Ruth Moore, to Ens. Reginald Martine, Jr., USNR, of Washington, D. C., and Upper Montclair, N. J.

MARTIN-REILLY — To be married this afternoon, 13 Feb. 1943, in the rectory of Our Lady Help of Christians Church, East Orange, N. J., Miss E. Elaine Reilly, to Ens. F. Jay Martin.

MEGNIN-SMILEY — Married in St. Patrick's Cathedral Rectory, New York City, 8 Jan. 1943, Miss Eva M. Smiley, to 2nd Lt. Volkman U. Megnin, ATC, Morrison Field, Fla.

MORAN-HANSEN — Married in the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, Oakland, Calif., 1 Feb. 1943, Miss Elizabeth Marie Hansen, to Lt. James Donald Moran, USA.

MURRAY-MORTON — Married in Washington, D. C., 3 Feb. 1943, Miss Margaret L. Morton, to Lt. James S. Murray, M.I.S., USA.

PARHAM-BARTON — Married in the chapel at Christ Church School, Norfolk, Va., 30 Jan. 1943, Miss Louise White Barton, to Ens. Sidney Felld Parham, Jr., USNR.

PHILLIPS-BALLENTINE — To be married today, 13 Feb. 1943, in Chevy Chase, Wash-

ington, D. C., Miss Ruth Evelyn Ballentine, to Lt. (jg) V. Francis Phillips, USNR.

PRATT-FOLLWELL — Married in Denver, Colo., 24 Jan. 1943, Miss Alice Elisabeth Margaret Follwell, to Comdr. Charles Russell Pratt, USN-Ret.

ROSENBERG-ISRAEL — Married in Atlanta, Ga., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Phyllis Jane Israel, to Lt. L. Joseph Rosenberg, USAAC.

ROUNSAVILLE-DIGGS — To be married today, 13 Feb. 1943, in the West End Methodist Church, Nashville, Tenn., Miss Helen Howard Diggs, to Lt. John Quinn Rounsaville, MC, USA.

SANTI-GUNTER — Married at Riverpoint, Va., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Pauline LeVera Gunter, to Ens. Carl Santi.

SCHLAEPF-VERNER — Married in the First Presbyterian Church, Columbia, S. C., 30 Jan. 1943, Miss Bellamy Verner, and Lt. Edward M. Schlaepf, Jr., USA.

SCHLEGEL-JONES — Married in Norfolk, Va., 6 Feb. 1943, Miss Zora Katherine Jones, to Lt. (jg) Rowland Frederick Schlegel.

SHOUCAIR-ZRIKE — Married in Brooklyn, N. Y., 7 Feb. 1943, Miss Evelyn Zrike, to Lt. Edward T. Shoucair, USA.

SNELL-OLSEN — Married at St. Matthew's Evangelical Lutheran Church, Lyndhurst, N. J., 7 Feb. 1943, Miss Solveig Marie Olsen, to Capt. Edwin L. Snell.

SPAULDING-HARVISON — To be married today, 13 Feb. 1943, in the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, New York, Miss Ruth A. Harvison, to Lt. Stuart A. Spaulding, USNR.

TOWNSEND-CHESHIRE — Married in the Church of the Good Shepherd, Raleigh, N. C., 16 Jan. 1943, Miss Emily Shelli Cheshire, to Ens. Walter Scott Townsend, USNR.

TURNER-SHAW — Married in Old St. Mary's, San Francisco, Calif., 14 Jan. 1943, Miss Eileen Nelson Shaw, to Capt. Walton LeRoy Turner, USMC.

WALSH-WALTERS — Married in Honolulu, T. H., 18 Dec. 1942, Miss Blanche Elinor Stewart Walters, to Lt. Homan Leavell Walsh (SC), USN. At home, 2406 Kuhio St., Honolulu, T. H.

WETZEL-HAWTHORNE — Married at Hunts Point Presbyterian Church, New York, 7 Feb. 1943, Miss Eunice Rowena Hawthorne, to Lt. (jg) Frederick Edward Wetzel, USN.

WHEELER-CONLY — Married in Cadet Chapel, West Point, N. Y., 19 Jan. 1943, Miss Janet Conly, to 2nd Lt. John Parsons Wheeler, Jr., Inf., USA, son of Col. John P. Wheeler.

WINSLOW-HANKS — Married in St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church Rectory, New London, Conn., 9 Jan. 1943, Miss Nancy Phyllis Hyde Hanks, to 1st Lt. John Chilton Winslow, USA, son of Mrs. Cameron McRae Winslow, and the late Adm. Winslow, brother of Lt. Comdr. Cameron McRae Winslow, USN, and Lt. Arthur Winslow, 2d, USNR.

Died

BINTIM — Died at Walter Reed General Hospital, on 5 Feb. 1943, Maj. Albert J. Bintim, AC. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Grace Bintim, Zellenople, Pa.

BOYD — Died in an airplane accident near New Hall, Calif., 31 Jan. 1943, Flight Officer Wilbur W. Boyd, of Anacostia, D. C.

HENDERSON — Died in an airplane crash at Tucson, Ariz., 1 Feb. 1943, Lt. Curtiss M. Henderson, of Birmingham, Ala.

HOPKINS — Died in Atlanta, Ga., after a long illness, Lt. Col. Richard C. Hopkins, Inf., USA.

HUGUET — Died at her home, No. 2 Beekman Place, New York City, 7 Feb. 1943, Mrs. Ella S. Huguet, wife of Col. Adolphe Huguet, Ret., and mother of Mrs. Virginia H. Dulaney and Mrs. Maury S. Cralle.

LYKINS — Died at Ft. Thomas, Ky., after a short illness, Capt. James C. Lykins, of Woodbury, Ky. He is survived by his widow, a daughter, Miss Rosemary Lykins; a brother, William Lykins; and five sisters, Mrs. Mary Stone, Mrs. Esma Flaughner, Mrs. Ethel Tilford, Mrs. Duke Vaughn, and Mrs. Edith Leffler.

MARSTON — Died in San Diego, Calif., 1 Feb. 1943, Lt. Comdr. Coburn S. Marston, USN-Ret.

MILLS — Died in Bloomfield, N. J., 26 Jan. 1943, Mrs. Frank P. Mills. Survived by two children, Lt. Col. Robert E. Mills, USMC-Ret., and Mrs. C. E. Arnold, E. Orange, N. J.

PERMUT — Died in Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, Va., 13 Jan. 1943, Betty S. Permut. Survived by her husband, Lt. Comdr. Robert E. Permut, USN-Ret., her mother and father, two sisters and a brother.

POLK — Died at his home in New York after a brief illness, 7 Feb. 1943, Frank Lyon Polk, Acting Secretary of State from December, 1918 to July, 1919, and head of the American delegation to the peace conference in Paris in 1919.

TAFFINDER — Died at Seattle, Wash., on 29 Jan. 1943, in her 91st year, Mrs. Mina Taffinder, mother of Rear Adm. S. A. Taffinder.

WEAVER — Died at Brooks General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 9 Jan. 1943, Lt. Col. Lamar Weaver, Inf., USA. He is survived by his widow and four children, a daughter, Mary Josephine Weaver, and three sons, Lamar Weaver, Jr., John L. Weaver, and Thomas G. Weaver.

WILSON — Died at Seattle, Wash., 2 Feb. 1943, Mrs. Richard H. Wilson (Grace Chaffin), widow of the late Col. R. H. Wilson. She is survived by two daughters, Miss Mary Helen Wilson of Seattle, and Mrs. Leslie R. Groves, Washington, D. C.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Paisley Gray of Englewood, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Caroline Hobart, to Lt. Frederick Edward Thalman, Chaplain Corps, USA, son of Mrs. Frederick A. Thalman and the late Mr. Thalman of Englewood. Lieutenant Thalman, a graduate of the Virginia Theological Seminary, has for three years been curate at St. Paul's Episcopal Church at Englewood, prior to his enlistment in the Army. Miss Gray is a graduate of the Masters School at Dobbs Ferry and of the Froebel League of New York.

A wedding scheduled for the Spring is that of Miss Barbara Shaw, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter K. Shaw of Scarsdale, N. Y., and Lt. Robert Stuart Bell, Army Air Forces, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Bell of Yonkers. Graduating from Swarthmore College, Miss Shaw received a masters degree of Arts from

Columbia University. She is a member of Yonkers Junior Assembly, and Lieutenant Bell is an alumnus of Colgate University.

—o—
Lt. (jg) Ellen Irene Peterson, USNR, instruction officer (Women's Reserve) at the Naval Reserve Midshipmen's School (WR), Northampton, Mass., was married Saturday, 6 Feb., to Dr. Robert Durk Fairchild of Syracuse, N. Y., at the First Baptist Church of Amherst, Mass. Miss Peterson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Henry Peterson of Breckenridge, Minn., is the first women officer to be married since being stationed at the school.

The Rev. Millar Agnew Thornton officiated. Miss Peterson's maid of honor was her sister, Miss Naida Peterson of Bessemer, Michigan. Another sister, Miss Jane Peterson of Washington, D. C., sang "I Love You Truly" and "O Promise Me." Mr. William W. Fairchild of Rutland, Vt., father of the bridegroom, served as best man. The bride was given in marriage by Mr. David C. Park of Syracuse, N. Y., in the absence of her father. Ushers included Lt. (jg) Robert Andrus, USNR, chaplain at the Naval Reserve Midshipmen's School (WR), and Lt. F. Hamilton Whipple, USNR, a member of the instruction staff.

The bride wore her dress uniform, and carried a white Bible with a white satin marker bearing lilies of the valley.

A wedding breakfast at the Lord Jeffrey Inn in Amherst for relatives and close friends followed.

Eligible for MC Appointments

As a result of the competitive examination held in August, 1942, the War Department has approved 47 applicants for appointment in the Regular Army Medical Corps to fill future vacancies.

Since there are still five names left on the eligible list created by the examination which preceded that of August, 1942, no appointments for the new group will be available for some time. It is expected that the list will enable all vacancies occurring during 1943 to be filled and that another examination will not be necessary until next year.

The list of eligibles follows:

A. B. Schneider, Jr.	J. A. Wier
F. J. Hughes, Jr.	G. D. McAfee
V. Moseley	W. H. Merritt
E. I. Stephens	C. B. Hooker
P. V. Kiehl	H. Mullin
C. S. Huntington	A. L. Field
O. S. Olsen	T. E. Potter
G. T. Kelleher	W. A. Haune
J. D. Lea	N. S. Irey
A. L. Burks	I. Abelow
A. H. Bungardt	A. T. Haerem
T. K. Hill	P. L. Bauer
J. A. Orblison	B. E. E. Adams
L. J. Geppert	B. T. Daniels
S. D. Burton	J. J. Belden
D. Crozier	W. G. Brown
J. R. Hoon	G. V. Potter
H. W. Jenkins	J. H. Ames
J. A. Gautsch	K. L. Brown
W. D. Tigert	L. C. Kosuth
D. W. Lyddon	P. H. Sutley
F. A. Mantz	H. M. Jesurun
H. S. Wigodsky	W. T. DeVan
D. H. C. Ferguson, Jr.	

Gen. Rose Given New Post

Brig. Gen. William C. Rose was designated this week as Chief of Executive Services, Office of the Executive Director, War Manpower Commission. It was announced by Paul V. McNutt, Commission Chairman.

General Rose had been serving as Chief of the Manning Table Division, Bureau of Labor Utilization, War Manpower Commission. General Rose as Chief of Executive Services, it was explained, will review all new projects submitted to the WMC and refer those which justify attention to the proper bureau or service of the Commission.

★ ARMY UNIFORM DIRECTORY ★

The War Department has officially designated the following as authorized dealers in uniforms for Army officers, warrant officers, and members of the Army Specialized Corps. They stock the Regulation two-piece uniform (coat and matching trousers); drab wool trousers (light shade); dark wool trousers (available after December 1, 1942); long wool overcoat; short wool overcoat; wool service cap; and wool garrison cap. Each garment carries the "Regulation Army Officers' Uniform Label."

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U. S. COAST GUARD

DR. Arnaud Cartwright Marts, executive director of the State Council of Defense of Pennsylvania since its organization in April, 1941, and former president of Bucknell University, has been appointed a captain in the Coast Guard Reserve and assigned as head of the civilian volunteers who will help guard waterfront facilities in the United States.

The experimental plan of forming a group of civilians into a Coast Guard Port Security Regiment was originated in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and met with success. As a result, a similar plan of operations will be put into effect in other cities.

Willing and responsible citizens who are ineligible for armed services, but are anxious to share in the war effort, will be used. They will devote two six-hour periods a week to Captain of the Port duty. In addition, they receive special training. While on duty, these men wear the Coast Guard uniform and are subject to military discipline. They are temporary members of the Coast Guard Reserve, but receive no pay.

Heroes Tell Stories

The story of a 23-hour swim in shark-infested waters off Guadalcanal following the sinking of his ship, the destroyer Little, was told this week by Vernon A. Suydam, CBM, USCG, who is reporting for duty at Toms River, N. J.

Suydam, who spent several weeks recuperating from his ordeal in base hospitals in the Pacific, was one of 12 Coast Guardsmen assigned to the Little, and was handling small boats during landing operations off Guadalcanal immediately preceding the attack in which his vessel was sunk.

"I was at my gun post when two Japanese cruisers and three destroyers came upon us," said Suydam. "The Little and the Gregory were on patrol around Guadalcanal that night. The Japs let loose with all they had. They blasted out our stern gear and bridge, and knocked out our controls. When the abandon ship order was given, the Little was zigzagging all over the place at full speed ahead."

Suydam, wearing his life jacket, leaped off the bow, wrenching his back as he hit the water.

"There were seven of us grouped together in the water when one of the Japanese cruisers came by," he continued. "It picked us up with its searchlight and peppered us with machine guns. Four of the men were killed and one was wounded. A Navy lieutenant and I were the only ones unharmed."

"I took one of the wounded men, also a Navy lieutenant, in tow, picking out the right direction to swim by the position of the great dipper. It was the darkest night I've ever seen."

Suydam then told how he swam for six hours with the officer in tow before discovering that he had died. Finally, 23 hours after leaping from his ship, he staggered ashore, his body a mass of blisters from third-degree sunburn.

How his ship, a Coast Guard transport, narrowly escaped possible destruction when attacked by two German torpedo planes in the Mediterranean was told by Edward Pearson, CBM, USCG, upon his return from Africa.

According to Pearson, a former welterweight boxer, his convoy was under al-

most constant fire during its operations in the Mediterranean, although his own vessel ran the gauntlet to and from Algiers twice without injury to ship or personnel.

Pearson was at his gun station on the after deck when the British aircraft carrier HMS Avenger was torpedoed and sunk.

"She followed us in the convoy," he said, "and was only a few hundred yards off our stern when she got it. I didn't mind all those shellings we went through, but seeing that explosion gave me a shaking I won't get over for a long time."

Academy Sports Schedule

Following is the schedules of winter sports for the Coast Guard Academy for the remainder of the winter season:

Basketball

- 13 Feb.—Worcester at Worcester, Mass.
- 19 Feb.—New Hampshire at Durham, N. H.
- 20 Feb.—Norwich at Northfield, Vt.
- 24 Feb.—Massachusetts State at Amherst, Mass.
- 27 Feb.—Clark at Worcester, Mass.
- 6 Mar.—Wesleyan at New London, Conn.

Boxing

- 20 Feb.—W. Maryland at New London, Conn.
- 27 Feb.—Syracuse at Syracuse, N. Y.
- 6 Mar.—Intercollegiate at Syracuse, New York.

Swimming

- 13 Feb.—Wesleyan at Middletown, Conn.
- 20 Feb.—Connecticut at Storrs, Conn.
- 27 Feb.—Brown at New London, Conn.
- 6 Mar.—Massachusetts State at Amherst, Mass.

U. S. War Communiques

(Continued from Page 667)

New Britain: Rabaul—Our heavy bombers for the fifth consecutive night attacked the area despite difficult flying conditions. The airdromes at Lakunai and Rapopo were bombed. Heavy clouds prevented observation of results. Later fifteen enemy fighters attacked an Allied heavy reconnaissance unit in the area. Two were shot down, our plane returning safely.

Wide Bay: Driving off an enemy fighter attempting interception, one of our heavy units bombed an enemy warship with unobserved results.

Gasmata: Our heavy bombers twice attacked the airdrome, all explosions falling in the target area, starting a dense fire.

Cape Gloucester: Our heavy units bombed the runway twice.

New Guinea: Salamaua—Our attack planes bombed and strafed the track to Komiatum, starting fires. Our long-range fighters swept the coast to the south, strafing targets of opportunity.

Wau: Our ground patrols killed eighty-eight enemy troops in raids. Our long-range fighters, in close cooperation with ground units, strafed the enemy area.

7 February

Northwestern Sector

Darwin: One of our fighters intercepted and shot down an enemy bomber on reconnaissance.

Northeastern Sector

Solomons: Bougainville: Our medium

bombers executed night raids on airdromes at Buina and Buka. One of our heavy units bombed an 8,000-ton cargo ship approaching Buka passage. The vessel apparently was damaged and reduced speed, with smoke issuing from the bow.

New Britain: Rabaul: Despite extremely poor weather conditions, for the eighth successive night one of our bomber units again was over the area in a harassing raid lasting three hours.

Open Bay: One of our heavy bomber units scored a direct hit on a 500-ton enemy cargo ship anchored offshore, probably destroying it.

New Guinea: Finschhafen: One of our heavy bomber units scored a direct bomb hit on a 500-ton cargo vessel which was left in flames.

Lae: Our medium bombers attacked the airdrome area, blowing up buildings and silencing an anti-aircraft position.

Mubo area: Our ground patrols were active. An enemy post at Wihaining was surprised and eighteen enemy troops occupying it killed. Our attack planes bombed and strafed the Komiatum track.

Wau: Enemy bombers with strong fighter escort made repeated attempts to attack the airdrome. In a series of air battles lasting throughout the day the enemy was completely defeated and swept from the air. Forty-one enemy planes were shot down, either completely destroyed or seriously damaged. Thirty-three of these were fighters and eight bombers. Two of the latter were brought down by our anti-aircraft fire. Our losses were negligible.

8 February

Northwestern Sector

Dutch New Guinea: One of our heavy units bombed and strafed the enemy-occupied towns of Kaukenau and Timika.

Celebes: One of our medium units strafed and damaged two enemy jugglers near Bon-ton and the Wangi Wangi Islands.

Northeastern Sector

New Britain: Riebeck Bay: One of our heavy units machine-gunned two enemy barges filled with troops, causing substantial casualties. Both barges were forced to the beach, one being set on fire.

Cape Gloucester: One of our heavy units bombed the airdrome.

New Guinea: Lae: One of our heavy units bombed the airdrome. Our long-range fighters thoroughly strafed the area, starting fires and damaging the buildings.

Wau-Mubo: Patrol activity continues with intermittent skirmishes; thirty-nine additional enemy dead have been counted.

Kunusi: Twenty-one additional enemy stragglers have been killed in the Bakumbari area.

GENERAL EISENHOWER'S HQ. NORTH AFRICA

4 February

A small local engagement occurred in the Djebel Mansour area. Our troops met with a limited success.

Air forces of both sides were active over the forward areas. Our bombers attacked the Gabes airdrome and targets near Maknassy. Six enemy aircraft were destroyed during yesterday's operations. Eight of our aircraft are missing.

7 February

Our troops consolidated their position in the vicinity of Djebel Mansour.

Air activity generally was limited by bad weather.

One of our aircraft was lost, but the pilot is safe.

8 February

On the Tunisian front ground activity was limited to patrolling. Air activity was on a small scale.

Yesterday afternoon the important enemy base of Cagliari, in Sardinia, was attacked by a force of Flying Fortresses and Marauders, escorted by P-38 fighters.

Aircraft on the ground were set on fire and bomb hits were seen on the airfield, airdrome buildings and on the seaplane station.

Our aircraft were attacked by enemy fighters, five of which were shot down without loss to ourselves.

This attack was followed last night by raids by Wellington bombers on other enemy airfields in Sardinia.

Last night one of a small number of enemy bombers was destroyed.

From all these operations, one of our aircraft is missing.



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FINANCE

Financial Digest

By an Executive Order of the President and through a broadcast made by Mr. Byrnes, Director of Economic Stabilization, the Administration exposed to the American people this week the policies it has adopted to achieve the "full-est mobilization of our manpower" in order to execute one of the "greatest military operations ever planned in history," and to prevent inflation. The Executive Order prescribes that for the duration of the war, no plant, factory or other place of employment, shall be deemed to make the most effective utilization of its manpower if the minimum work week therein is less than forty-eight hours. The order does not apply to farm workers or domestic servants. Chairman McNutt of the Manpower Commission is "freezing" civilian workers in war industries, and is threatening the draft for any man who does not work in the war effort. In his forty-eight hour week order, the President stipulated that it should not be interpreted as conflicting with or superceding any Federal, State or local law which limits working hours, or any contracts fixing time and a half for overtime. In his broadcast Mr. Byrnes stated that wages must be held to the "Little Steel" formula, under which an increase of 15 per cent is granted to compensate for the rise in the cost of living between January 1941 and May 1942. The increase in the work week to forty-eight hours means there will be a general wage increase of 30 per cent, which added to the "Little Steel" formula increase, will call for an advance in wages of 45 per cent, whereas the cost of living since January 1941 has been only 20 per cent.

Mr. Byrnes argued in his address that "paying more for the same work makes for inflation," whereas the 30 per cent wage increase will mean only more pay for more work, and therefore will not prove inflationary. However, he did agree that "the actual weekly purchasing power of the average industrial worker is still 36 per cent more than it was in September, 1939." This is to be capped by compulsory overtime paid for by a compulsory wage increase, which means that purchasing power will be enlarged while

the amount of available consumers goods is being steadily reduced because of the government's opposition to non-essential war industries. This gives rise to the fear that competition for goods will further skyrocket prices. To meet this situation higher and expanded price ceilings may be applied, and the House Ways and Means Committee is drafting the bill to increase taxes and to require compulsory savings. Reports from over the country indicate that industrial labor is accepting the forty-eight hour week with increase of pay, but John L. Lewis is silent as to the attitude of the coal miners, and intends to press his demands for increased wages for them, which go beyond the "Little Steel" formula.

Merchant Marine

A letter from Mr. Telfair Knight, director of the War Shipping Administration's division of training, made public this week by Chairman Bland of the House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee, expressed the belief that an adequate number of licensed and unlicensed personnel will be available to man the 2,300 new ships under construction by the Maritime Commission.

Mr. Knight pointed out that the new ships would require about 19,000 licensed officers and about 80,000 unlicensed personnel. While many experienced seamen are ashore in other occupations, he said, and many are returning to the sea, so many "variable factors" are involved, that prudence indicates that training be geared to turn out the total number of seamen needed.

Summarizing the training activities of the commission, Mr. Knight stated that: The U. S. Merchant Marine Cadet Corps can expect to qualify 7,000 officers in 1943 and 1944 through its 16-month courses.

The five State maritime academy will graduate 1,500 officers in the two years.

The United States Maritime Service in its Ft. Trumbull, Conn., and Alameda, Calif., Schools trains seamen with 14 months' service to be officers and trains new unlicensed men. Capacity of the two schools is 8,250 per annum, but Mr. Knight did not break this figure down to show how many officers and how many seamen would be produced.

The Maritime Service is also turning out engineer officers in three months from groups of technical college graduates and practical expert machinists.

Refresher courses are given at Trumbull and Alameda for officers whose licenses have expired, to enable them to requalify for deck and engine duty.

The four stations of the Maritime Service—at Sheepshead Bay, N. Y.; Hoffman Island, N. Y.; St. Petersburg, Fla., and Avalon, Calif.—are capable of turning out 68,000 unlicensed men, less attrition, each year.

Special classes are also in operation for radio operators and cooks and bakers.

Shipbuilding Maintains Pace

American shipyards, for the second consecutive month, added more than a million tons of shipping to the Victory Fleet, with the delivery of 106 vessels totalling approximately 1,008,400 deadweight tons in January, the Maritime Commission has announced.

The temporary decline in January from December's record high of 121 ships was attributed to previous shortages of steel and delays in completion of the higher type propulsion equipment, as well as severe weather conditions which affected production particularly in the northern yards.

Of the 106 ships delivered in January, 79 were Liberty ships, four C-type vessels, five large tankers, 14 special types, one ocean-going tug, and three harbor tugs.

At the same time the Commission announced that the average building time of Liberty ships was cut to 52.6 days in January as compared with 55 days in December. This marks the thirteenth

MERCHANT MARINE

straight month that American shipbuilders have cut the building time of these vessels from keel-laying to delivery. The three Liberty ships delivered a year ago, in January 1942, averaged 241 days.

Calendar of Legislation

BILLS INTRODUCED

S. 654. Sen. Reynolds, N. C. To establish a Chiropody Corps in the Army.
S. 641. Sen. Walsh, Mass. (Also H. R. 1779, by Rep. May, Ky.). Amending Pay Adjustment Act in repayment of rental allowance to officers. S. 641 reported by Senate Naval Comte.

S. 655. Sen. Thomas, Okla. To establish and operate a medical academy for training personnel for service as commissioned officers in the medical branches of the army and navy.

S. 666. Sen. Austin, Vt. Selective Service for total mobilization. (Same as H. R. 1742, Rep. Wadsworth, N. Y.)

S. 669. Sen. Bilbo, Miss. Pension increases for disabled personnel of regular services.

S. 676. Sen. Reynolds, N. C. Use of the American Red Cross in time of war. Transportation and subsistence of Red Cross personnel to be paid.

H. R. 1730. Rep. Kilday, Tex. Amending draft act to make deferments on state-wide basis.

H. R. 1741. Rep. Jarman, Ala. Incorporating Military Order of the Purple Heart.

H. R. 1675. Rep. Kilday, Texas. Credit and foggy for double-time in determining retired pay of enlisted men.

H. R. 1692. Rep. Maas, Minn. \$1,500,000,000 for navy shore facilities.

H. R. 1690. Rep. Isaac, Calif. Giving strip of land to San Diego, Calif., for defense highway.

H. R. 1750. Rep. Dingell, Mich. Tax liability in case of death in armed forces remitted.

H. R. 1806. Rep. Wadsworth, N. Y. (Also S. 701, Sen. Gurney, S. Dak.). Providing for

permanent peacetime draft.

ACTION ON LEGISLATION

H. R. 1446. Authorizing appropriation for floating drydocks for Navy. Reported by Sen. Naval Committee.

S. 621. Transferring Navy land to San Diego for defense highway. Reported by Sen. Naval Committee.

Limited Service Officers

When Army officers are classified at a general hospital as "limited service" that fact, together with a statement as to the general type duty that the officer can properly perform, will be entered on the report of the disposition board, the War Department has ordered.

Upon release of the officer from hospital this information will be forwarded to the commanding officer of the unit or agency to which the officer is assigned.

Officers of the Day

Pointing out that the officer of the day has command functions, the War Department states that officers of the Infantry, Cavalry, Field Artillery, Coast Artillery, Air Corps, Corps of Engineers and Signal Corps are eligible for assignment as officers of the day and to command troops of any arm or service.

An officer of any other branch will not be ordered to duty as officer of the day unless the entire guard is composed of troops of his service.

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Army's War Dogs

War dogs are serving so successfully in post patrols at forts, ports, motor bases, and as commands and quartermaster depots that they are in great demand by troops, who praise their valor and skill.

Trained through the Army's K-9 Command at posts in Virginia, Nebraska, Montana, California and Hawaii, the dogs have proved their value as sentries, messengers, first aiders, and for tactical maneuvers.

The usefulness of war dogs was proved in World War I, and again in the present war, where they have been employed successfully by the British, Germans and Japanese, and, since the summer of 1942, by the United States.

Through foundations laid by a civilian group, the Army's K-9 Command came into being on 13 March 1942. It utilizes a system for recruiting and training dogs for Army use which was established by Mrs. Milton Erlanger, Mr. Harry I. Casner and other dog enthusiasts.

To war dog and reception centers go dogs recruited through Dogs for Defense. The ninety per cent of the dogs offered by their owners for the duration have met physical requirements of size, health and age.

They are issued a collar and leash, provided with an identification tag in the form of tattoo marks on the left ear, and are taught both how to get along with other dogs and to ignore them during training periods.

After four weeks of basic and obedience training, the dogs are given advanced training in a specialized field. Such advanced training includes sentry or watch, attack, trailing, tactical (carrying messages, performing silent sentry duty, laying wire, carrying pigeons, scouting over difficult terrain, etc.) pack carrying, training as a sledge dog, first aid, airplane spotter or messenger.

Dog handlers are taught care and feeding, keeping of dog records, treatment of minor injuries, dog physiology and psychology, voice control, and other subjects. Special emphasis is placed on the fact that the dogs are "working dogs" and not pets. Instructions to handlers are that the dog should be "friendly with the service uniform, but his attachment for his actual masters should be the most strongly-developed feature of him. Guard this attachment and do not allow any but his actual masters to caress, feed or care for him."

To encourage continued recruiting of dogs and to provide for replacements, the Army Quartermaster Corps gave prizes at the Westminster Kennel Club Show in New York on 12 Feb., for dogs most suitable for war work, and will give prizes at other dog shows where at least 10 of the 28 breeds considered acceptable for Army duty are shown.

Mr. Stimson's War Report

"A budget of good news" has been brought to the Allied command during this week, according to Secretary of War Stimson who, at his press conference 11 Feb. said that "the ultimate defeat of the Axis is indicated by our continued success."

In an over-all summary of war activity, Secretary Stimson pointed out that the Russian victory over Germany "increases in magnitude every day" and stated that Germany's defeat in the Caucasus has "dealt a serious blow to Axis supremacy on the eastern front."

Secretary Stimson praised the work of the land forces in the Solomon Islands and said that Japanese casualties in the engagement have outnumbered those of American troops in the ratio of 12 to 1. He pointed to the end of land fighting on Guadalcanal as the "successful conclusion of the Solomons' engagement launched last August."

Secretary Stimson, in what may have been an indication of a pending European invasion, stated that we "must expect very hard fighting and very heavy casualties in the future—perhaps in the very near future."

Stating that forces of the United States, Britain and France in North Africa now are being consolidated, Stimson stated that heavy fighting is in prospect in Tunisia, and that Allied air attacks against

enemy shipping in the Mediterranean are continuing.

Allied Leaders Confer

"Complete accord" in offensive plans and "united determination of powers concerned" in mutual aid of all operations against the Japanese was the result of recent conferences between representatives of the allied powers, which took place both in China and in India.

U. S. officials attending the conferences, which were with Generalissimo Chiang-Kai-Shek in Chungking, and with Field Marshal Sir A. Wavell in India, included Lt. Gen. H. H. Arnold, Brig. Gen. A. C. Wedemeyer and Lt. Gen. J. W. Stilwell.

Field Marshal Sir John Dill, British Military Member of Joint Staff Mission, Washington, represented Prime Minister Churchill at the conferences, which also were attended by Generalissimo and General Ho Ying Chen, China's War Secretary. The meetings were begun immediately following the Casablanca parley.

Service Flag Design

Approval by War Secretary Stimson was given this week to designs for a service flag and a service lapel button for display by members of the families of men in the armed forces.

The designs consist of a blue or gold star in a white rectangular field within a red border. The blue star will represent an individual from the "immediate family" serving in the armed forces, and a gold star, superimposed on a larger blue star, will symbolize an individual killed or dying in the service.

While no provision presently exists for using the flag or button for WAACs, since they are not actually in the Army, Secretary Stimson stated it was his intent that service of WAACs be recognized should the women be brought into the active Army under pending legislation.

New Books

"Strength for Service to God and Country," edited by Chaplain Norman E. Nygaard. Published by the Abingdon-Cokesbury Press. Daily devotional messages for those in the services.

"We Landed at Dawn," by A. B. Austin. Published by Harcourt, Brace and Company. The story of the Dieppe raid.

"Weather," by W. G. Kendrew, M.A. Published by the Oxford University Press. An introductory meteorology.

"Miracles of Military Medicine," by Albert Q. Maisel. Published by Duell, Sloan and Pearce. "The story of our new weapons that save lives."

"Phunology," by E. O. Harbin. Published by the Cokesbury Press. A collection of plans for play, fellowship and profit; 1,000 games and entertainment plans.

Defer Merchant Seamen

Continuing deferment of men engaged in merchant marine service, whether they be officers or crew members, is authorized under an order issued by the War Manpower Commission this week. Provisions of the order would insure that the supply of such men does not exceed actual labor demands for merchant marine seamen, and that efforts be made to secure additional merchant marine labor from men experienced in such service.

WAAC Women Doctors

Requisitioning of women doctors for the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps has been ordered in the ratio of 5 to 1,000. The doctors will be procured by The Surgeon General and will be commissioned as WAAC officers when they meet physical and other requirements.

Chinese Soldiers Hold Rites

Three-day furloughs have been authorized for Chinese-Americans now serving in the Army of the United States to permit them to participate in the celebration of Chinese New Year.

When answering advertisements please mention the Army and Navy Journal.

The Searchlight

(Navy — Address: The Searchlight, U. S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.)

As we continue the new Searchlight policy of printing names on the wanted list only on alternate weeks, thus dividing and shortening our lists, readers are asked to send replies and inquiries direct to the Searchlight office, Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., to avoid delay. Some recent letters have been addressed to the publication wherein Searchlight wanted lists appear, rather than direct to our office, and means that the service weekly must forward the letters to us.

We have requests for the addresses of these wives:

Balsey, Mrs. Henry, wife Capt.
Beecher, Mrs. Gordon, wife Comdr. '25.
Broadus, Mrs. Carl, wife Capt. (MC).
Caldwell, Mrs. Kenneth, wife Comdr. '21.
Carroll, Mrs. P. L., wife Capt.
Clark, Mrs. James S., wife Lt. '35.
Coddington, Mrs. J. A., wife Lt. (CEC) '36.
Farquhar, Mrs. Allan, wife Capt.
Fraser, Mrs. Thomas E., wife Comdr. '24.
Hart, Mrs. William, wife Capt.
Hay, Mrs. A. G., wife Lt. '34.
Hicks, Mrs. Rex, wife Capt.
Kenny, Mrs. Edward C., wife Lt. Comdr. (MC).
Leutze, Mrs. Trevor, wife Adm.
Lewis, Mrs. Mays L., wife Capt.
Martin, Mrs. E. P., widow Lt. Comdr. '29.
Menefee, Mrs. M. M., wife Lt. USMC.
McCauley, Mrs. James Wickersham, Lt., USN.
Osborn, Mrs. Phillip R., wife Lt. Comdr.
Parsons, Mrs. Robert, wife Capt. (MC).
Storms, Mrs. Max, wife Comdr. '24.
Warner, Mrs. Arthur, wife Lt., Jg., '42.
Wesson, Mrs. Joseph, wife Lt. '35.
Wilson, Mrs. Julian, wife Capt.

The Locators

(Army) — Address: The Locators, P. O. Box 537, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.)

To increase the readability of our column for you, we have adopted a neat suggestion made to us by the editor. From now on we shall print a name one week, omit it the second week, and if no reply is received, republish it the third week, and so on. By the time you read this column and write us a letter, we have hardly had time to receive your letter before the next issue is in the mail, thereby needlessly repeating the name if we publish it every week.

We are most interested in hearing from volunteers for Regional Locator service in Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina.

The Locators are calling for addresses of the following:

Bell, Mrs. Virgil (Nada).
Boyd, Mrs. L. W. (Caroline).
Gerber, Mrs. T. C. (Lottie).
Goldman, Mrs. Stan.
Graham, Mrs. Otos (Jean).
Graham, Mrs. Brue (Barbara).
Griffith, Mrs. Berg (Patsy).
Halloran, Mrs. M. E. (Ethel).
Harnett, Mrs. John S.
Heirholzer, Mrs. Frank.
Hunter, Mrs. Patrick (Pat).
McBride, Mrs. Clyde R. (Mary).
Maddox, Mrs. Ray P. (Helen).
Miller, Mrs. Carl W. (Betty).
Minogue, Mrs. Raymond (June).
Ogden, Mrs. Milton (Jean Walker).
Parker, Mrs. Hugh A.
Petibone, Mrs. Elmer J. (Dorothy).
Phelan, Mrs. Joseph (Betty).
Piburn, Mrs. E. W. (Anne).
Poch, Mrs. Martin.
Polndexter, Mrs. Wm. O. (Thelma).
Roane, Mrs. T. W. (Katie).
Topping, Mrs. Frederick.
Trumbull, Mrs. Ray (Margaret).
Wesener, Mrs. Charlie.
Westlund, Mrs. Carl W. (Mary).
Wood, Mrs. W. H. (Liz).
Woodward, Mrs. William Roscoe (Celeste).
Zohriant, Mrs. George (Shirley Robinson).
De La Rosa, Mrs. Oswaldo.

Eliminate Waste, Orders Army

"The American people expect their Army to be supplied even with those items which are rationed," the War Department has ordered, but reminds that it is the duty of the Army to see that no supplies are wasted.

In Circular No. 30, the department prescribes rules for the use of coffee, tea, sugar and tinned foods; orders the turning in of excessive stocks of coffee, tea, sugar and cocoa by unit messes, and orders salvage of fats, containers, etc.

Discharge of Men Over 38

In an effort to speed the release of the older enlisted men who request discharge from the Army in order that they may be employed in essential industry and to eliminate the uncertainty as to their early discharge, the War Department this week issued detailed instructions regarding the discharge of men over thirty-eight years old.

The War Department explained that with the liberalization of the discharge program for men in this older age category and with due regard to the limited supply of manpower available for military service, it is impracticable to continue indefinitely the discharge of men as they attain their thirty-eighth birthday solely because of having reached that age. To induct a man into the military service and then return him to civil life after a comparatively short period in the Army would be uneconomical, resulting in a serious inconvenience to the individual, interference with the training program of the Army, and an unnecessary disruption of industrial employment. Present regulations governing the discharge of enlisted men of any age who are physically unable to perform the duties of a soldier will continue in force.

Discharge will be for the convenience of the government at the soldier's request, to accept employment in essential industry or agriculture, subject to the following requirements:

- Has attained his thirty-eighth birthday on or before 28 Feb. 1943.
- Enlisted or was inducted into the Army on or before 28 Feb. 1943.
- Has, prior to 1 May 1943, voluntarily submitted to his immediate commanding officer written request for discharge. In this connection, commanders are authorized to extend the time for submission of application in individual cases when the soldier did not have reasonable opportunity to file his application (for example, due to absence).
- Has presented evidence in the form of a letter or statement from a prospective employer, the United States Employment Service, Farm Agent, or other responsible person to the effect that the individual concerned will be employed in essential industry, including agriculture, if he is discharged from the Army.
- Release of the soldier will not seriously affect the efficiency of the organization to which assigned.

Men on foreign service are given an additional month to file application for discharge, and due to the communication difficulties, they will not be required to present evidence of future employment. However, for military reasons no man will be returned from overseas until a trained replacement is present and available.

Commanders in the field are directed to expedite action on application and in cases where discharge seems probable, to give the soldier an estimate as to the effective date in order that he may make plans and inform his prospective employer. In addition, the commanders are authorized to communicate directly with officials of the United States Employment Service to aid in placing these men in industry or agriculture.

The War Department made it clear that acceptance of an application for discharge was not to be considered as a promise to release an individual soldier. Acceptance of an application means that the request will receive prompt consideration.

Members of the Enlisted Reserve Corps on inactive status who have attained their thirty-eighth birthday on or before 28 Feb. 1943, may be discharged under the provisions of these instructions.

RCA Dividends

Quarterly dividends on the outstanding shares of Radio Corporation of America \$3.50 First Preferred stock and outstanding shares of "B" Preferred stock, were declared 5 Feb. and announced by Col. David Sarnoff, ORC, President of RCA, following the regular meeting of the Board of Directors.

The dividend on the First Preferred stock is 87½ per share, and the dividend on the "B" Preferred stock is \$1.25 per share. These dividends are for the period from 1 Jan. 1943 to 31 March 1943, and will be paid on 1 April 1943 to stockholders of record at the close of business 5 March 1943.

Nominate 64 Generals

(Continued from First Page)

eral Eisenhower as African operations commander in chief, the Secretary of War said, "It is a well deserved recognition of a fine piece of work this far, in which he has apparently won the confidence of all who have come in contact with him over there."

Other officers nominated for promotion were:

Brig. Gens. to be Maj. Gens.

Joseph M. Swing (lt. col., FA)
Louis A. Craig (lt. col., FA)
Edwin J. House (lt. col., AC)
Robert W. Crawford (col., CE)
Paul W. Baade (col., Inf.)
Harris M. Melasky (lt. col., Inf.)
William C. McMahon (lt. col., Inf.)

Cols. to be Brig. Gens.

Albert Pierson (lt. col., Inf.)
Wyburn D. Brown (lt. col., FA)
Verne D. Mudge (maj., Cav.)
Frank H. Partridge (lt. col., Inf.)
William J. Flood (lt. col., AC)
Robert C. Macon (lt. col., Inf.)
Clyde C. Alexander (lt. col., FA)
Frank A. Armstrong, Jr. (capt., AC)
Herbert L. Earnest (lt. col., Cav.)
Dennis E. McCunniff, Inf.
Charles L. Keenans, Jr. (lt. col., Inf.)
Bob E. Nowland (lt. col., AC)
William H. Donaldson, Jr. (lt. col., CAC)
Robert Wells Harper (maj., AC)
Jonathan Lano Holman (lt. col., OD)
Paul Edmund Burrows (lt. col., AC)
John Kirkland Rice (lt. col., Inf.)
Jens Anderson Doe (lt. col., Inf.)
John Gordon Williams (lt. col., AC)
Edwin Eugene Schwien (lt. col., Cav.)
William Donald Old (maj., AC)
Alexander Oscar Gorder (lt. col., Inf.)
Frederick L. Anderson, Jr. (capt., AC)
Marcellus L. Stockton, Jr. (lt. col., Cav.)
Wilbur Eugene Dunkelberg (lt. col., Inf.)
Clarence Ames Martin (lt. col., Inf.)
Robert William Strong (lt. col., Cav.)
Walter Ernst Lauer (lt. col., Inf.)
Clarence Howard Kells (lt. col., Inf.)
Hugh Nathan Herrick (lt. col., CAC)
Aubrey Hornsby (lt. col., AC)
Paul Bernard Wurtsmith (capt., AC)
Robert Kauch (lt. col., AC)
Norman Daniel Cota (lt. col., Inf.)
Ray Guy Harris (lt. col., AC)
Bryant Edward Moore (lt. col., Inf.)
Philip Edward Gallagher (lt. col., Inf.)
Leland Ross Hewitt (lt. col., AC)
George Luke Usher (lt. col., AC)
Frank L. Whittaker (lt. col., Cav.)
Lester Smith Ostrander (lt. col., AGD)
George Platt Tourtellot (lt. col., AC)
Troup Miller (Cav.)
Truman Hempel Landon (capt., AC)
Horace Harding (lt. col., FA)
Alvan Cleveland Kincald (lt. col., AC)
Pierre Mallett (lt. col., FA)
James Cave Crockett (lt. col., Inf.)
Lt. Col. to be Brig. Gen.
Paul Everton Peabody (Inf.)

A large number of the colonels recommended for promotion are engaged in combat. One of them, Col. Jens A. Doe, Inf., was mentioned in press dispatches last week for distinguished conduct in the New Guinea operations. Col. Clarence A. Martin, Inf., was also mentioned by General MacArthur for outstanding services in the same New Guinea operations.

Some of the other officers, now in combat areas, recommended for promotions are: Col. Paul B. Wurtsmith, AC; Col. Robert Kauch, AC; Col. Norman D. Cota, Inf.; Col. George L. Usher, AC; Col. Frank L. Whittaker, Cav.; Col. Lester S. Ostrander, AGD; Col. George P. Tourtellot, AC; Col. Truman H. Landon, AC; Col. Horace Harding, FA, and Col. Paul E. Burrows, AC.

Investigate "Official" Magazines

Members of the House and Senate this week gave considerable discussion to the large scale use of paper and shipping facilities for such official magazines as "Victory" while relatives and friends are being denied the privilege of sending packages to personnel in the Armed forces overseas except by request of the individual approved by his commanding officers.

Others emphasized that not even a home-town newspaper may be sent to service personnel by a relative and yet "tons and tons" of government sponsored publications "much of which is worthless and useless" are being sent to these soldiers and their relatives.

Senator Holman of Oregon showed the Senate a copy of the magazine "Victory" published by the government at public expense ostensibly for distribution in foreign countries. The first issue contained an article entitled "Roosevelt of America,

President, Champion of Liberty, United States Leader in the War to Win Lasting and Worldwide Peace." While the magazine is designed for its effect upon foreign nations it was pointed out that copies were distributed to the American Troops in Great Britain.

Representative Taber said that each copy of Victory weighs 13 ounces and that the first two issues, totaling 990,000 copies, were equivalent to 402 tons of shipping space which he said "might better be filled with bombs or bullets for our enemies." Avertising for this official publication he said is being solicited "at the rate of \$3,000 a page from the companies having war contracts."

Further investigation of government sponsored publications will be undertaken by the committees. In the meanwhile established publishing companies in the United States are being required to drastically curtail their consumption of paper for their newspapers and magazines.

Congress and Winchell

Secretary of the Navy Knox will be asked next week by the House Naval Affairs Committee to amplify his written reply to questions propounded in H. R. 95 by Representative Hoffman, Mich. The questions have to do with the status of Walter Winchell, radio broadcaster and lieutenant commander in the Naval Reserve, both as to his relation to the Navy and his amenableness to a naval court-martial. Chairman Vinson intends to call before the committee Secretary Knox and other naval officials "to give the committee more information than probably these answers to the inquiry of the gentleman from Michigan disclose."

The spreading of an alleged "false rumor" in a broadcast and Lt. Comdr. Winchell's reference in a broadcast to "damn fool Americans who voted for these members of Congress" are two of the reasons given for the contemplated quiz session of the committee. This session will be open—"no closed doors"—according to Chairman Vinson.

The text of Secretary Knox's letter to Mr. Vinson follows:

My Dear Mr. Chairman: House Resolution 95 "Requesting information as to status of Walter Winchell," was referred to the Navy Department by your committee with request for reply.

The questions propounded by the resolution are set forth below, with the answers thereto immediately following:

Question 1. Does section 1534 of title 10 of the United States Code, among other things, provide that—

"An officer who uses contemptuous or disrespectful words against . . . the Congress of the United States shall be dismissed from the service or suffer such other punishment as a court martial may direct?"

Answer. Yes.
Question 2. Are officers of the Navy subject to the provisions of the section quoted in question numbered 1?

Answer. No. This language appears in article 62 of the Articles of War. It is applicable only to "the armies of the United States" (10 U. S. C. 1940 ed. 1471).

Question 3. If they are not, is there any Federal statute or rule or regulation of the Navy of similar import?

Answer. No.
Question 4. Section 1567 of title 10 of the United States Code reads:

"Any officer or cadet who is convicted of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman shall be dismissed from the service."

Section 1568 of the same title provides, among other things, that—
"Though not mentioned in these articles, . . . all conduct of a nature to bring discredit upon the military service . . . of which persons subject to military law may be guilty, shall be taken cognizance of by a general or special or summary court martial, according to the nature and degree of the offense, and punished at the discretion of such court."

Are there any similar provisions of law, or any rule or rules, or regulation or regulations, of the Navy of like import?

Answer. Yes.
Articles for the government of the Navy, articles 8 and 22, authorize the charges of scandalous conduct tending to the destruction of good morals, conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline, and conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman. Section 99, Naval Courts and Board, provides that conviction of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman compromises an officer's position as such and exhibits him as morally unworthy to remain a member of the honorable profession of arms. The charges scandalous conduct tending to the destruction of good morals and conduct to the prejudice of

good order and discipline include dismissal within the limits of punishment for conviction under those charges.

Question 5. Does article 8 of chapter 21 of title 34 of the United States Code provide, among other things, that—

"Such punishment as a court martial may adjudge may be inflicted on any person in the Navy . . . who is guilty of profane swearing, falsehood . . . or any other scandalous conduct tending to the destruction of good morals?"

Answer. Yes.
Question 6. In the August 22, 1942, issue of the magazine published under the name of Liberty, is an article by Walter Winchell, which, among other things, charged (p. 54) that one Smith "now indicted sabotaged the war effort by spreading disunity."

In the September 13, 1942, issue of the same magazine, on page 32, are the following words:

"A correction: On page 54 of the August 22 issue of Liberty it was stated that Gerald L. K. Smith had been indicted. This was an error and an injustice to Mr. Smith, against whom no indictment has been returned. We apologize for the error."

Which is an admission that Lieutenant Commander Winchell, of the United States Navy, was guilty of a falsehood.

Have any proceedings been taken to inflict upon him the punishment specified in article 8 of chapter 21 of title 34 for the conduct made an offense by the first subdivision of said article?

Answer. No.
Question 7. On July 12, 1942, Walter Winchell, while an officer of the United States Navy, asked a radio audience.

"How about the voters going after those other saboteurs who landed in Congress?"

A few days later he inserted in his column published in the press the following statement:

"Another reason some Congressmen are demanding the eight saboteurs be shot is that they might talk too much."

On July 26, 1942, Walter Winchell, over the radio, made the statement that:

"Nearly everyone who printed seditious articles has been indicted except those who put the same things in the Congressional Record. . . . But, Honeychille—all of them will be confronted by the same charges after November 5."

If the making of such statements was "scandalous conduct tending to the destruction of good morals," what, if any, action has been taken by the Navy or any officer thereof to either punish the said Walter Winchell for the making of such statements, or to put an end to the making of such statements?

Answer. The above statements are not considered as "scandalous conduct tending to the destruction of good morals."

Question 8. (a) During the month of January 1943, was Walter Winchell an officer in the United States Navy? And, if he was, what was his rank?

Answer. Yes; lieutenant commander, United States Naval Reserve.

(b) If Walter Winchell was an officer in the United States Navy during January 1943, did he, on January 31, 1943, in a radio broadcast, or in his column as printed, in substance refer to American citizens who voted for certain Representatives in Congress as "damned fools who voted for them?"

Answer. Walter Winchell was an officer in the United States Naval Reserve with the rank of lieutenant commander on inactive duty on January 31, 1943, and, according to a transcript of his broadcast given at 9 p. m., eastern war time, over the Blue Network on that date, made the following statement:

"You bet I'm prejudiced against those in high office who guessed so wrong before Pearl Harbor. They're still guessing wrong. I am not in the least comforted by their confessions of ignorance. What worries me most are all those damn fools who reelected them."

Question 9. What was the official position of Walter Winchell in the United States Navy during each of the months of 1941 and 1942?

Answer. During 1941 Winchell was a lieutenant commander in the United States Naval Reserve. He was on inactive duty during 1941 with the exception of the period from August 1, 1941, to August 14, 1941, inclusive, when he was on active duty for training and was assigned to the public relations office of the third naval district.

From January 1, 1942, to March 17, 1942, Winchell was a lieutenant commander, United States Naval Reserve, on inactive duty.

On March 17, 1942, confidential orders were issued to him to active duty. This was special duty under the commandant of the third naval district. These orders are still in effect (February 5, 1943).

During the period December 1, 1942, to January 13, 1943, Winchell was assigned special duties under the command of the South Atlantic Force.

Question 10. During each of said months, what was his official designation and what, if any, rank did he hold in the United States Navy?

Answer. From January 1, 1941, to April 2,

1942, Winchell was a lieutenant commander, volunteer special service, intelligence duties, in the United States Naval Reserve.

On April 3, 1942, this officer's designation was changed to deck, volunteer, special service (public relations), United States Naval Reserve.

Question 11. To what duties in the continental United States was Walter Winchell assigned by the Navy, and what portion of his time did he spend in the service of the United States Navy during each of the months of 1941 and 1942?

Answer. Lieutenant Commander Winchell was assigned training duty in the continental limits (third naval district) from August 1, to 14, 1941.

During 1942, from March 17 to the present, with the exception of the month of December 1942, Winchell was assigned active duty within the continental limits of the United States. During the month of December 1942 he was on active duty outside the continental limits of the United States.

Lieutenant Commander Winchell spent the period from August 1, 1941, to August 14, 1941, and from March 17, 1942, to the present in the service of the United States Navy.

The Navy Department has been advised by the Bureau of the Budget that there would be no objection to the submission of this report.

Sincerely yours,

FRANK KNOX.

Rubber Production

The joint committee of the House Military and Naval Affairs committees appointed to investigate charges of Rubber Administrator Jeffers that production was being retarded by expeditors and others in the Army and Navy has reported that "While the committee appreciates the splendid accomplishment of Mr. Jeffers and is sympathetic with many of his contentions it nevertheless feels that the rubber program as an overall effort must be placed in the proper relation to the five other must programs as follows: (1) High octane gas; (2) production of escort vessels; (3) production of aircraft; (4) production of merchant marine; (5) equipment required for combat operations of the ground-army for the next six months. All should be accorded equal consideration."

The findings of the committee were as follows:

(1) As to the charges made in Mr. Jeffers' Baltimore speech that production was interfered with by expeditors and others "the committee finds from the evidence that the statements made were in the nature of generalities. . . . Mr. Jeffers declined to give specific instances of names or plants in which such delays occurred." (2) Investigation of production delays is being pursued by the joint committee. (3) "From the evidence before the committee it appears that the WPB has jurisdiction and authority to determine the conflicting claims of the various agencies and that additional legislation is not necessary." (4) "The committee finds from the evidence that the keenest competition and the most zealous interest have been manifested by the Under Secretaries of War and Navy, and the Director and officials of the Rubber Administration but it nevertheless believes that there has been demonstrated a most patriotic and commendable desire on the part of all officials involved to promote the war effort to the full extent, having as the sole objective the winning of the war."

The committee recommendations are: (1) That the heads of the services use the utmost care in keeping the "must" programs on one hand and the development of synthetic rubber on the other hand, gearing them and correlating them so that they may develop in unison without the possibility of the war effort being delayed or hampered by one at the expense of another. (2) That utmost caution should be exercised before issuing any general over-all freezing order—but that orders should be made in such a manner as to facilitate the needs of the different agencies and services concerned and so as to provide the needs of each in the order of their importance to the war effort as a whole, and with such elasticity as to permit of necessary changes under the usual rapidly changing conditions."

War Dept. Negro Adviser

Truman K. Gibson, Jr., of Chicago, Ill., has been appointed acting Civilian Aide to the Secretary of War, succeeding Judge William H. Hastie, Mr. Gibson, who had been serving as assistant to Judge Hastie, was appointed to the War Department in 1940.

He served as executive director of the American Negro Exposition in Chicago until its conclusion in September, 1940.